NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXIII. No. 23530. 字林西報 SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, AUGUST 9, 1940 Registered at the C.P.O. (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent, abroad 30 cents.) THIRTY CENTS

Italian Drive Continues On British Somaliland

Zeila, Hargeisa, Odweina Captured At Cost of Severe Casualties

Cairo, Aug. 8.

"ON August 5, an Italian column entered Zeila unopposed the same day, Hargeisa was captured by a strong force which included tanks, artillery, machine-guns and aircraft; our delaying force fell back after inflicting severe casualties, including three tanks; our casualties were slight," states a communique on the Italian invasion of British Somaliland.

"On the morning of August 6, Odweina was occupied by the enemy with infantry, guns and armoured fighting vehicles at 8 p.m. A small motorised force of the Somaliland Camel Corps harassed the enemy, themselves suffering no loss."

Dealing with operations in Palestine, the communique declares: "Enemy aircraft again raided Haifa on the morning of August 6. A number of bombs were dropped, nearly all of which fell harmlessly in the sea or on waste ground. No bombs fell on the town. Military casualties were nil. Civilian casualties were under ten. Anti-aircraft defences came quickly into action and opened heavy fire on the raiders.

"In the Western Desert, some enemy movements were reported; otherwise, all was quiet. In the Sudan and Kenya, there was nothing to report."

Regarding the war in Somaliland, it was stated in authoritative quarters in London last night that Zeila, which was offered Italy as a gift in 1935 and was refused, was undefended. The Italians, it was declared, have now to get along the coast to Berbera, a distance of 150 miles. British resistance will begin in the hill country beyond Hargeisa and Odweina, these circles added.—Reuter.

Camel Corps Withdraw

Cairo, Aug. 8.

Pursuing a carefully prepared plan, the motorized Somaliland Camel Corps, which sprang to fame during the campaign against the fanatical Mahdi, yesterday was falling back before superior Italian forces who were employing planes to open the way for tanks, similar to the tactics used in the Spanish campaign.

"On the morning of August 6, Odweina was occupied by the enemy with infantry guns and armoured fighting vehicles estimated at 2,000. A small motorized force of the Somaliland Camel Corps harassed the enemy without loss."

With bombing planes roaring overhead, a motorized Italian column advanced along the Italian made road from Jijiga, Ethiopia, toward Hargeisa, which is approximately 40 miles from the Ethiopian frontier. The road was completed in 1937 after the Italian occupation of Ethiopia. Hargeisa is on the main road to Berbera, which is the largest port in British Somaliland. It lies in mountainous country 1,338 metres above sea level.—United Press.

British to Defend Berbera

London, Aug. 8.

The British will probably make a stand in Somaliland in defence of Berbera, the principal seaport, along a range of hills—reaching 6,000 feet—south of the port, it is stated authoritatively in London today.

The hills lie from 35 to 40 miles from Berbera and form a good line to put up a resistance against the advancing Italians.

It is learned that the Italian force which took the undefended port of Zeila was the northern column, consisting of about two battalions. It now seems questionable whether this force is going to attempt to advance on Berbera by the coastal road.

This road, about 100 to 150 miles long, is extraordinarily difficult for vehicles, and is also very narrow. It can be covered from sea as well as by land forces.

The taking of Berbera from the sea would be very difficult since it is by no means a modern port, despite improvements since the days of campaigns against the Mad Mullah, while the annual three-months' monsoon blows without cessation until about September 15.

Tactics All-Important

A ship cannot come alongside, and has to be off about a quarter of a mile. The monsoon sometimes reaches a velocity of 120 miles an hour, the wind being burning hot.

It would not have been sound tactics to try superior forces on the Somaliland frontier. Throughout the area of the war in Africa, it is stated, Britain's object is not the occupation of territory but the defeat of the enemy's forces, which cannot be easily reinforced thanks to the British Navy guard in the Mediterranean. It does not really affect the issue greatly where that defeat takes place.

It is emphasized that this will be a war of attrition, and Britain's preliminary tactics takes this object into account. Neither men nor materials

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Italian Slowness Said Surprising

British Prefer Mobility To Rigid Defence in One Place, Says "The Times"

London, Aug. 8.

Strong Italian action in Africa has been expected, states "The Times." "It is indeed a little surprising, in view of the fact that Italy entered the war at her own chosen moment after long preparation, that it should not have begun earlier.

"The delay in Italian East Africa has doubtless been due on the Sudan frontier to the rainy season and on that of British Somaliland to waiting for replacement of stout-hearted, aptly-named General Legent by a nominee of the Vichy Government, whose presence would put an end to any anxiety about possible activities of French forces in Djibuti."

Referring to the threat to Egypt, the paper continues:

"It may be anticipated the British will make no attempt to oppose any Italian advance by means of rigid defence of the frontier. Our inferiority in numbers, superiority in fighting quality and the nature of the country all dictate making the fullest possible use of the desert and relying on mobility and hard hitting rather than resistance on any given line.

"The prospect of an Italian offensive in this region is not to be taken lightly. None the less the Middle East and Egyptian commands are looking forward to the trial of strength with full confidence, and any initial successes won by the enemy may be found to bring more trouble than profit."—Reuter.

Alsace-Lorraine to Be Incorporated in Reich

Control over Luxembourg Also Specified

Berlin, Aug. 8.

Indications of Herr Hitler's plans with regard to the absorption of Alsace-Lorraine and the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg into the Reich are contained in two decrees issued by him yesterday, whereby the entire administration of Alsace-Lorraine and Luxembourg will in future no longer be dependent on Army authorities, but will be conducted by civil administrative chiefs acting immediately under Herr Hitler.

Herr Joseph Buerckel, Herr Robert Wagner and Herr Gustav Simon, Gauleiter (regional leaders) of Vienna, Baden and Koblenz-Trier respectively, have been appointed Gauleiter for Lorraine, Alsace and Luxembourg respectively.

Herr Baldur von Schirach, Hitler Youth leader, becomes the Gauleiter of Vienna, in place of Herr Buerckel.—Reuter.

U.S. Strengthens Patrol Of Greenland

Vessels Sent with Supplies Enough for One Yeor

London, Aug. 8.

The United States Coast Guard has intensified its patrol of the Greenland coast to prevent attempts by Germany to establish air bases there, states the "Daily Mail's" New York correspondent.

The Coast Guard cutter Campbell, newly equipped with heavy guns and anti-aircraft pieces, already is off the Greenland coast supplied with enough food and fuel for a year. Two more cutters are on the way.

Many German "exploratory missions" have been in Greenland, according to the Danish Governor, Mr. Brun, who is now in the United States conferring with officials.—Reuter.

Approval for Evacuation Of Children

Washington, Aug. 8.

The House of Representatives has passed and sent to the Senate legislation authorising United States' ships to enter belligerent waters to evacuate child refugees. At the same time, the House has accepted amendments intended to assure that the children should not become public charges and to forbid nurses and guardians who are not American citizens from entering the United States.—Reuter.

Three Italian Objectives in Africa Seen

Aim to Control Nile At Key Points

London, Aug. 8.

Three definite objectives were seen by qualified British military experts here in the determined triple-pronged Italian offensive unleashed on Monday by a smashing drive into British Somaliland.

Italian military plans, they said, probably would develop with the ultimate view of controlling the Nile River, or at least its key points.

According to these experts, Italian forces will attempt to cut their way through Egypt along the Mediterranean coast from Libya toward Cairo and Alexandria. It was expected that the Italian forces, as they neared the Nile delta, would mushroom out.

Another concerted offensive from Eritrea and Ethiopia into the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan was expected. Khartoum, Omdurman and other vital points on the Nile, which constitutes the main British communication and transport line, probably would be heavily attacked, these experts added.

Italian forces, it was pointed out, also would stir up local engagements along the Kenya frontier, south of Ethiopia, with the hope of keeping the South African forces engaged until Egypt is conquered.—Domei.

Fate of French Somaliland

Cairo, Aug. 8.

Armistice terms regarding the fate of French Somaliland are under discussion at present, it was officially announced here yesterday. No details were given, however.

"The effect of the collapse of French Somaliland," the announcement said, "was that the French offensive from Somaliland into Ethiopia is now definitely off."

Meanwhile, military circles confirmed reports of indications of the beginning of an Italian advance into Egypt.

However, these circles said, "there is no intimation yet that any Italians have crossed the frontier, along which they have concentrated strong forces."—United Press.

Japanese Demands Said Submitted on Indo-China

China Masses Troops as Counter Move

Hongkong, Aug. 8.

The Japanese Mission in Indo-China has submitted to Vice-Admiral Jean Decoux, Governor-General of Indo-China, a memorandum covering the "co-operation" it expects, a French traveller arriving here by plane from Hanoi said today.

The text of the purported memorandum has not been revealed at Hanoi, he added, although it was reported to have been forwarded to Vichy.

Simultaneously, it was learned that China had massed troops on the Indo-China frontier in the vicinity of Caobang as a precautionary move countering a possible Japanese drive to seize the Haiphong railway forcibly for the purpose of transporting troops to the Yunnan frontier as soon as the rainy season ends.

The frontier at present is guarded by two battalions of the French Foreign Legion which presumably will resist a Chinese incursion unless Admiral Decoux will have revised his attitude outlined to this correspondent last week when he stated that he desired neutrality in the Sino-Japanese conflict.—United Press.

Port Arthur Damaged By Hurricane

New Orleans, Aug. 8.

The hurricane that swept inland from the Gulf of Mexico Tuesday and yesterday caused extensive damage at Port Arthur, Texas, but resulted in no known loss of life, a Weather Bureau report said here yesterday. The storm evidently covered a comparatively small area but was of hurricane intensity, the report said. The wind subsided yesterday afternoon and at 4.50 p.m. the barometer was up to 29.26 at Port Arthur.—United Press.

U.S. Senator Charges Dictatorships With Plans for Dividing World

Russia, Germany, Italy and Japan Accused of Intent to Partition Europe, Asia and Africa

Washington, Aug. 8.

Senator William H. King, Democrat of Utah, yesterday charged that Japan, Italy, Russia and Germany have a "working agreement" providing for the disposal of the "spoils of war" when Britain and China are defeated in the European and Asiatic conflicts.

Interviewed by the United Press, Senator King, said Japan has been assured of "hegemony over all of Asia, with the exception of India, Afghanistan and, naturally, Siberia."

The understanding between Japan and Russia, Senator King said, includes an agreement that India and Afghanistan would pass under Soviet control, while China, the Netherlands East Indies, French Indo-China and possibly Australia would be controlled by Japan.

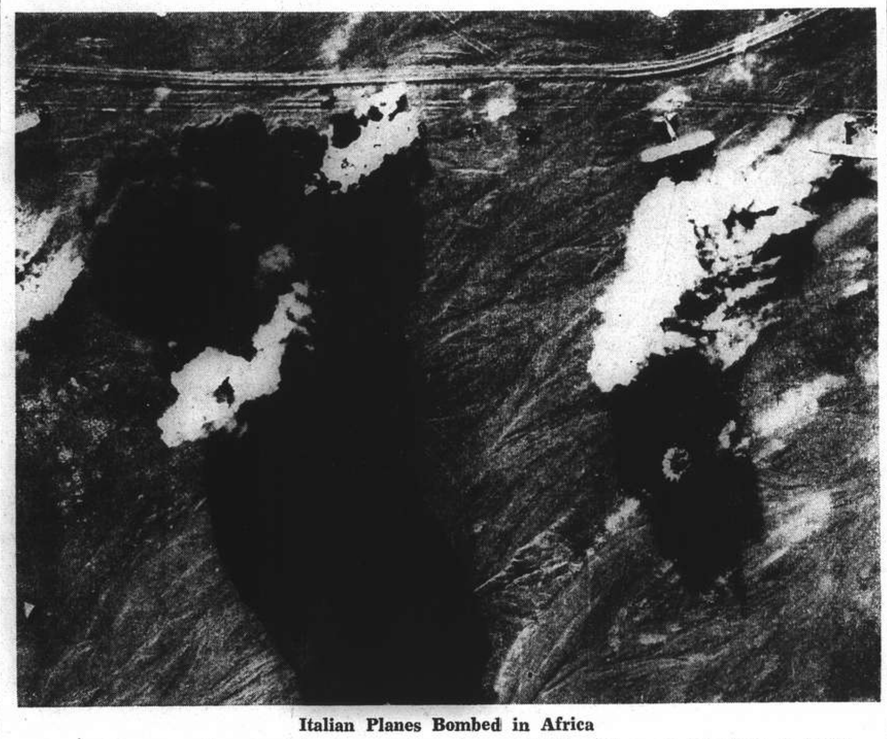
In Europe, Senator King continued, Germany would control the western continent, including Scandinavia, Central Europe and northern Spain. Italy would "inherit Turkey and North Africa," he said.

"Southern Africa will be divided between Italy and Germany....Italy will control the Mediterranean, Hitler the Atlantic and Japan the Pacific."

Senator King said that at the beginning of the current phase of world affairs the Axis partners worked ceaselessly in the direction of this totalitarian combination.

"Their harmony has been based on this agreement," he declared. "All four dictatorships were inevitably brought together by the common objective of dividing the world among them."

Senator King urged the United States to arm to repel attack against United States interests by the Rome-Berlin-Tokyo-Moscow combination.—United Press.



Italian Planes Bombed in Africa

Caproni high-wing tri-motored bombers on fire after an R.A.F. raid on an aerodrome in Italian East Africa. Many such raids have inflicted serious damage on the Italian air force.

Britain the Last Bastion Against Nazi Terror

First Lord of the Admiralty Confident Europe's Freedom Will Be Restored; Great Work by Navy

London, Aug. 8.

"BY sheer weight of the vast war machine, which they have created, the Germans have overrun large areas of Europe, and have overrun, for the time being, the great bastion of freedom on the Continent which the French people have maintained for over a century," declared the First Lord of the Admiralty, Mr. A. V. Alexander, speaking at a public luncheon in London yesterday.

"This country as an outpost of the British Commonwealth, and aided by Allied contingents, which escaped the successive strokes of the Nazi scythe, now constitutes the only organized bulwark against the type of European policy and State, which is Germany's immediate aim, and which would be a threat to and would possibly involve other nations overseas. Only behind this bulwark can forces be mobilized and organized, which will later remove the monstrous threat to liberty, which confronts the world.

"Nazis have already enslaved the populations and made a desert of several once fertile and flourishing parts of Europe. As they look out across the narrow waters of the Channel to the white cliffs of England, they must often wonder what measure of time, and effort still separate them from the full achievement of conquest, which would make the countries of the world their tributaries, and countless nations their slave markets," he stated.

Mr. Alexander then went on to tell some of his reasons for believing that the Nazi goal will never be realized.

Defences Now Stronger

"To establish domination, the Germans must defeat the British Commonwealth of Nations. Our plan and the measures, which we are actually taking, provide a counter to each and every possible method of attack. We have looked very carefully to our most, which is given us by providence. It is now immeasurably better defended, and the ramparts are far higher and broader than they were when the battle of France ended."

The Navy was making its contribution, Mr. Alexander stated, in discharging the vital task of defending the convoys, carrying large cargoes of invaluable food, raw materials, and military stores of various kinds from all over the world, including America, "to whom we are grateful for the production they are making available."

The First Lord then said: "Grossly exaggerated enemy claims, concerning his attacks on our trade, are a measure of what he fondly hopes to gain by this weapon. We are watching it and beating it by our unremitting effort and the development of new methods and tactical plans for the protection of our convoys."

Mines Swept Up

Regarding mines, "night after night mine-laying aircraft under the cover of darkness drop their deadly loads in the fairways and estuaries of our ports. Their efforts are suplemented by submarines which frequently sow their mines off our coasts. As soon as such mine-laying is detected or suspected, the channels affected are closed, shipping is diverted, and minesweepers take up their dangerous task."

Mr. Alexander paid a tribute to the resolution, seamanship, and endurance of the anti-invasion patrols which are operating constantly and in all kinds of weather.

The First Lord had a few words to say also on the Mediterranean situation.

"The problem of the Mediterranean has undeniably been increased by the loss of French co-operation and French bases," he said. "Nevertheless, we are pursuing, and with success, a policy of striking persistently at Italian territory whenever and wherever we can.

"The Royal Air Force has already nullified very considerably the preparations, which the Italians have been making at their bases in East Africa and Eastern Libya.

(Continued on page 2, col. 4 ✻)

French Forces with Britain Not To Fight France at Any Time

Memorandum on Agreement Between British Govt. And Gen. de Gaulle: General Plans Described

London, Aug. 8.

THE French force assisting Great Britain will never be required to take up arms against France, states a memorandum of the agreement between the British Government and General de Gaulle, head of the French National Committee in London.

The memorandum was issued last night, with letters exchanged between Mr. Winston Churchill, British Prime Minister, and General de Gaulle.

In his letter, Mr. Churchill expresses Great Britain's determination to secure the full restoration of French independence and greatness when victory has been gained.

The agreement, which dates from July 1, 1940, states the French force of volunteers being raised by General de Gaulle, as far as possible, will retain the character of a French force in respect of personnel—particularly as regards discipline, language, promotion and duties. As soon as practicable, the British Government is to supply the French force with equipment which may be essential to place its units on a scale equivalent to that of similar British units. Weapons, 'planes, ammunition etc. brought with them by the French force will be allocated in priority to them.

To make the utmost use of vessels from the French Fleet, careful arrangements have been made for their allocation. While the French will operate as many warships as they can man, others will be under direct British control and some under other Allied naval forces. Where possible, ships under British control will include a proportion of French officers and men in their complement. General de Gaulle and the British Admiralty will keep in close touch and decide on the allocation of ships. The use of French merchant ships and crews—for military operations—is also to be arranged between General de Gaulle and the British Department concerned.

Under the agreement, General de Gaulle is to accept general direction of the British High Command. Subject to the provision that the French force will never be required to take up arms against France, General de Gaulle, when necessary, will delegate, by agreement, the immediate command of any part of the force to British officers.

When peace comes, Great Britain undertakes to help French volunteers regain their rights and national status, and in the meantime is willing to afford special facilities to volunteers to acquire British nationality.

Sums required for constituting and maintaining the French force will be met, in the first instance, by Great Britain and "will be regarded as an advance and specially recorded."—Reuter.

New Head for Ministry Of Information

London, Aug. 8.

Sir Kenneth Lee, Director-General of the Ministry of Information, has resigned and will be succeeded by Sir Frank Pick, formerly a member of the London Passenger Transport Board.—Reuter.

French War Guilt Trial to Begin

Daladier Under Arrest; Mandel Also Held in Close Custody

London, Aug. 8.

The Supreme Court to try French statesmen regarded as responsible for the declaration and conduct of the war opens today at Riom, ten miles to the north of Clermont-Ferrand, Reuter learned last night.

There is apparently at present no official list of the accused, but M. Edouard Daladier, M. Georges Mandel, M. Cesar Campinchi and M. Yvon Delbos, who went to Casablanca after the armistice had been asked for, will be closely questioned.

M. Daladier is now at Orange under a police guard, awaiting instructions. M. Mandel is the only one of the four who has been kept under close arrest, and is likely to be the central figure of the trials. He has never concealed the fact that he is a Jew, and in December, 1938 refused to attend a State reception in honour of Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop, German Foreign Minister, who had just signed the pact of eternal peace between Germany and France.

Today's proceedings are expected to be purely formal. Later, "witnesses" will be examined and invividual indictments framed.—Reuter.

Spain Said on Verge of War with Britain

Madrid, Aug. 8.

Spain is "physically on the verge of battle" against Great Britain, the newspaper "Arriba," declared here yesterday. Spain at present is a "moral belligerent," the newspaper said. Britain is the direct violator of "our destiny and we cannot overlook how her armed forces menace the integrity of our territory," the journal concluded.—United Press.

Britons from Sweden Arrive in Scotland

London, Aug. 8.

A Swedish steamer has arrived at a Scottish port from Petsamo in Finland with 125 Britons aboard, who had been interned in Sweden after being cut off between Trondhjem and Narvik, when the British Army was evacuated.—Reuter.

British Bombers Blast German Airfields

Daring R.A.F. Raider Takes Le Bourget Airport By Surprise; Nazi Planes More Active Following Brief Lull; Strange Powder Dropped on England

London, Aug. 8.

GERMAN air raiders were more active last night and early today in attacks on Britain than for the past several days when there was a lull during which the Royal Air Force showed no laxity, blasting German-held points on the continent, including Le Bourget airfield near Paris. Bombs and leaflets containing Chancellor Adolf Hitler's "appeal to reason" made before the Reichstag last month were dropped on north-west England. Bombs also were released on north-east and south-west England and Wales. Chemists were making efforts to identify a mysterious white powder found in the streets of a north-west English town after a German plane had passed over the area during the night. Earlier examinations of the powder, however, had established that it was harmless.

Meanwhile, anti-aircraft fire was heard on the east coast and northern France throughout the day yesterday and it was presumed that the Germans were busy driving off R.A.F. raids.

The Air Ministry said that "bombs were dropped in parts of Britain last night by isolated enemy planes. There were broken windows and little damage to report except in one town in north-east England where a sanatorium and a shop suffered considerably.

"In one part of north England leaflets were dropped. Casualties were very few and none was serious."

Some women were injured as they were walking along a country road, the Air Ministry said.—United Press.

R.A.F. Surprise Paris

London, Aug. 8.

A medium British bomber raided the Paris airport at Le Bourget Tuesday afternoon, an Air Ministry communique revealed here yesterday.

"Several large twin-engined German aircraft were on the ground and a number of other medium sized planes were standing near the hangars," the communique said. "The raider took the enemy completely by surprise and dropped bombs near the aircraft and the hangars and retreated before anti-aircraft batteries could take action.

"British bombers Tuesday night also attacked an oil plant at Hamburg, a supply depot at Schwerte, a factory at Mons and airdromes in Holland and northern Germany, damaging hangars and starting many fires. One British plane is missing."—United Press.

R.A.F. Hampered by Weather

London, Aug. 8.

"On Tuesday night, R.A.F. bombers, hampered by low clouds and poor visibility, were forced to abandon many of their primary objectives," states an Air Ministry communique.—Reuter.

New R.A.F. Hero

London, Aug. 8.

Among the Royal Air Force awards announced yesterday was a bar to the Distinguished Flying Medal to Flight-Sergeant William Henry Franklin, a former Laboratory Assistant in the East End of London.

(Continued on page 2, col. 5 ✻)

Nine German Planes Shot Down

London, Aug. 8.

At least six German bombers and three German fighters are claimed to have been shot down in furious air battles in the English Channel today, when the Germans resumed their intensive raids on British shipping and British cities. Two R.A.F. pilots are missing as a result of the engagements. The Fleet Air Arm made news today when its Skua aircraft carried out a successful attack on a petrol storage depot at Dolvik, about five miles south of Bergen. There were three tanks with a total capacity of 7,200 tons. The largest of the three, according to an Admiralty Communique, was seen to blow up. The second largest was badly damaged and set on fire, and the smallest tank, a pumping station and a jetty were severely damaged. Very large fires were started, which it was considered must have spread and led to the total destruction of the whole depot. All the raiders are said to have returned safely.—Reuter.

Attempt to Hurry U.S. Guard Bill

Senator Barkley Impatient At Delays; Opposing Bloc Meet to Plan Strategy

Washington, Aug. 8.

The Majority Leader, Senator Alben W. Barkley, Democrat of Kentucky, today will ask the Senate to adopt a rule halting debates at 4 p.m. so the Senate can vote on President Roosevelt's authority to mobilize 360,000 National Guardsmen and reservists for a year's training and thus clear the way for the vote on the Burke-Wadsworth conscription bill.

Senator Barkley was disturbed by the failure of action on the National Guard bill after three days of angry discussion and personal invective, mostly between Senators Rush D. Holt and Sherman Minton of West Virginia and Indiana respectively.

Meanwhile, a dozen Senators opposing the draft plan, met in order to plan a debate and the strategy they would use.

This bloc included Senators Gerald P. Nye, Republican of North Dakota, Robert M. La Follette, Jr., Progressive of Wisconsin, Burton K. Wheeler, Democrat of Montana, and Edwin C. Johnson, Democrat of Colorado.

Few Isolationists

Senator Barkley scoffed at reports that the isolationist bloc had strength enough to defeat the draft bill. He predicted that the bloc could not muster more than 24 votes. Senator R. Burke, Democrat of Nebraska and co-author of the conscription bill, forecast that the opposition could only count on 20 votes.

One obstacle remained before a vote on the National Guard bill could be held—growing sentiment for the plan of Senators Alva B. Adams and Edwin C. Johnson, Democrats of Colorado, to confine the National Guard to mainland positions and the territories and thus prevent the President from sending guardsmen to the Philippines.

Another obstacle was removed yesterday when the amendment to exempt militiamen from a year's training was defeated, 47 to 36 votes—without provoking a general debate.

The Senate Military Affairs Committee yesterday in a majority report urged the speedy enactment of the conscription bill because "weapons without men are as futile as men without weapons. It is too late to train men after an emergency is upon us."

Minority Report

Prior to the issuance of the report, the committee approved the bill, 13 votes to 3.

The minority report, however, urged fair trials and voluntary enlistment methods.

Meanwhile, the House Military Affairs Committee voted to reopen hearings on the conscription bill and invited General John Pershing, leader of U.S. Forces in the World War, Mr. Harry Woodring, former War Secretary, and Mr. Louis Johnson, former Assistant War Secretary, to testify next Tuesday.

Mr. Robert Patterson, Assistant War Secretary announced Government plans for a chain of 60 munitions plants costing U.S.$700,000,000 to afford the United States adequate supplies for 2,000,000 armed men.

In order to speed up the Administration's armament programme the Secretary of War, Col. Henry L. Stimson, ordered the Army's six ordinance manufacturing arsenals on a three-shift, six-day week, effective August 10.—United Press.

War Department's Views

Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 8.

Harvard University's American Defence Group issued a statement yesterday describing the War Department's protective mobilization plan as containing a breakdown of man power placement under the scheme to obtain an Army of 750,000 men with 450,000 replacements.

The statement was attributed to an unnamed, but "very highly placed army officer," who, it was asserted, gave the "War Department's considered views."

"We must maintain in the overseas departments—Puerto Rico, Panama, Alaska, Hawaii and the Philippines—a minimum of 100,000 men if we are to assign adequate initial defence," the statement said. The present numbers are about 40 per cent. less than required. . .

"We need to have instantly available for the defence of points in this hemisphere not less than 212,000 men and, in addition, we must have available in the United States a reasonable number of men who can be moved promptly to any threatened position."

The statement said the mobilization plan could be accomplished by ordering the National Guard into active service and inducting 400,000 men into training by a selective system in October of this year and an additional 400,000 in April, 1941. The required number of reserve officers could be ordered into active duty for training purposes.—United Press.

How German Bombers Paralyzed All Resistance in Maginot Line Fort

Tremendous Concussion Jammed Guns and Had Great Psychological Effect on French Crew Within

Luxembourg, Aug. 8.

German officers yesterday explained to me how nine German Stuka bombers paralyzed one of the two largest forts in the Maginot Line with one attack and 18 bombs

The German officers traced the course of the Battle of France by the deep scars it left in the countryside during a press inspection of the work of German bombers in France.

The fort was called the Hochwald Works. It had a crew of 1,100 men occupying underground passages stretching from Klimbach to Pfaffenbrinn, six kilometres from the Rhine at Weissenburg.

German Air Force officers said we were the first civilians to visit Hochwald since King George dined at officers' mess there 60 metres underground last winter.

I climbed over 18 craters, some big enough to hold a small bungalow, blasted out by 12,250 kilogram and six 50 kilogram bombs, all dropped within a radius of 300 metres around one of the most important gun turrets in the fort, in the attack June 20. The accuracy of the bombers was partly explainable by the fact that all French anti-aircraft guns had been sent north to stem the break through. The only anti-aircraft defence there was a 10 centimetre cannon made in the year 1888 which was mounted on top of the fort!

Inside the turret, surprisingly enough, the only physical damage caused by the attack was to two 13.5 cannons which were jammed into the one metre thick concrete walls and were no longer useable, so that the light shone through.

The German officers said French prisoners told them the physical and psychological effects of the concussion from the huge bombs was so great that after the attack June 20, 200 men stationed near the turrets fled into the deepest underground passages and refused to return.—United Press.

Washington Closely Watching Anglo-Japanese Moves

U.S. Political Writer Discloses Reich Demand for Pro-Axis Politicians in Tokyo Cabinet

Washington, Aug. 8.

WHILE an American reply to the Japanese protest against prohibition of the export of petrol and scrap metals remains unwritten, the Department of State continues to watch with keen interest events in the Far East, especially the Anglo-Japanese imbroglio.

No surprise was caused here when the British arrests of Japanese subjects had a calming effect in Tokyo, and results of this measure have so far been taken as underlining the general belief here that Japan remains cautious of any serious international move while seeing how far her political bluff will work.

One of the best-known political writers in Washington, Mr. Jay Franklin, in the "Washington Post" yesterday made disclosures which, if true, throw interesting light on the progress of Japanese relations with the Axis.

German Envoy Active

The German Ambassador in Tokyo, General Eugen Ott, he declares twice called on Prince Konoye, the Premier, before he took office and demanded the appointment of General Oshima, former Japanese Ambassador in Berlin (who is said to favour close ties with Germany and Italy), as Foreign Minister and the elimination of all liberal elements from the Cabinet, the quid pro quo being Axis help in securing control over the Netherlands East Indies. While it remains to be seen whether there are any liberals in the Konoye Cabinet, at least the demand regarding General Oshima has been refused.

Mr. Franklin suggests that Japan is trying to please the Germans in form while preserving her freedom of action in fact. Readiness of the German Ambassador to make such demands, even before Japan is fully bound to the Axis, has shown the Japanese how little freedom and independence they might expect if Great Britain were defeated and Germany installed a new world order, the writer states.

Finally, Mr. Franklin reminds the Japanese that America is "privileged under the Four-Power Treaty of 1921" to protect the sovereignty of the Pacific possessions of Great Britain, France and Holland, "which could be done without the necessity of a declaration of war, in accordance with the current principles of international law and American national interests."—Reuter.

Burma Road Open, Japanese State

Britain Said Not Keeping Promise by Transporting Chemicals, Medicines

Tokyo, Aug. 8.

Japanese authorities have information indicating that the transportation of war materials is still being carried on over the Burma Road, despite the British agreement to close the route for three months, the spokesman for the Japanese Navy Office declared here today.

If the information proves correct, he said, "it will show that Britain is not keeping her promise faithfully."

The spokesman quoted from reports from Chungking stating that medicines and chemicals are still being carried into Yunnan from Burma, although other traffic has ceased. The spokesman said chemicals come under the category of war materials.—nited Press.

THE CINEMA

"Charlie McCarthy Detective"

Edgar Bergen	Him-self
Scotty Hamilton	Robert Cummings
Sheila	Constance Moore
Bill Banning	John Sutton
Arthur Aldrich	Louis Calhern
Inspector Dailey	Edgar Kennedy
Court Aldrich	Samuel S. Hinds
"Dutch"	Warren Hymer
Tony Garcia	Harold Huber
Mortimer Snerd	Charlie McCarthy

"The most terrific trio on the screen, stage, air, or anywhere," namely Mr. Edgar Bergen, Charlie McCarthy and Mortimer Snerd, scored another hit with Shanghai film fans yesterday when they opened at the Cathay Theatre in "Charlie McCarthy, Detective." The trio delighted the large audience that witnessed the premier showing of the film and kept the spectators laughing throughout the picture. The story also was by far their best since they reached stardom, presenting a mystery which should baffle many. For the more sentimental fans there is a pretty love theme, enacted by Miss Constance Moore and Mr. John Sutton. Miss Moore, besides playing her role to perfection, sang two very pretty songs. Additional humour was supplied by the two veteran comedians of the screen, Messrs. Edgar Kennedy and Warren Hymer. The first named was a riot as Inspector Dailey, driven almost crazy by the witty repartee of Charlie McCarthy, while the latter was superb as the dumb gangster, praying for a chance to club somebody. Another high spot of the picture was the song "Charlie McCarthy, Detective," sung by Charlie, while the scene where Mortimer Snerd, hiding in a barrel, gets drunk after a gangster has shot a hole in another wine barrel, will leave many in hysterics.

The programme, which should not fail to please filmgoers for several days to come, is completed by a very entertaining cartoon, "Happy Scouts," presenting a little black duck with a quicker temper than that of our old friend, Donald Duck.—I.M.

"Beyond Tomorrow"

George Melton	Harry Carey
Allan Chadwick	C. Aubrey Smith
Michael O'Brien	Charles Winninger
Josef	Alex Melesh
Madame Tanya	Maria Ouspenskaya
Arlene Terry	Helen Vinson
Phil Hubert	Rod LaRocque
James Houston	Richard Carlson
Jean Lawrence	Jean Parker
Officer Johnson	J. Anthony Hughes
Sergeant	Robert Homans
Secretary	Virginia McMullen
Jace Taylor	James Bush
David Chadwick	William Bakewell

Occasionally there comes from Hollywood a certain film which, rising above a mere sequence of objective cause and event, tries to elicit spiritual values from the vehicle of melodrama. "Winterset" was one; "The Petrified Forest" another; "Stage-Coach" a third. "Beyond Tomorrow" is of this *genre*; its material is of the stuff of melodrama, its background is sticky with sentiment, yet because its theme is the beauty and sadness of friendship and the tragedy of love, it succeeds in leaving a lasting impression of fine drama. This is largely due to the impeccable performances of a fine cast of trustworthy veterans and one young actor who is rapidly blazing a trail to stardom. The elements of the plot are trite in the extreme, but the embellishments serve to lift it out of the usual beaten path of film fiction. The young flatfoot from Texas falls for the sweet young innocent trading on her somewhat-out-of-date simplicity; enter the bold, bad vamp to ensnare the callow youth's affections; but—here is a departure from the normal rut—it requires a bullet and a mystical taste of the other world to restore the blundering hero to the arms of the unbelievably patient maiden. The spiritual touch of having three ghostly figures hovering nebulously round the ether is an attempt at originality which is not always convincing. However, this hitch cannot be laid at the feet of the players. Harry Carey, C. Aubrey Smith, Charles Winninger and Maria Ouspenskaya do all that is humanly possible with their parts, and the simple sincerity of Richard Carlson is at all times a pleasure to the spectator. Handled with restraint this picture might have been a very fine one. As it stands, it is a slough of sentiment, but it is a genuine if adolescent appeal to the emotions and the sentiment is the kind that is good for people to indulge in occasionally—once a year—at Christmas.

A mediocre musical precedes the main feature of the programme.—C.E.M.B.

Oil and Japanese Expansion

Orders from U.S. Indicate No Large-Scale Action by Army and Navy

San Francisco, Aug. 8.

With oil one of the prime necessities for all Japanese military and naval action, nothing in Japan's purchases from California oil fields in the six months before President Roosevelt placed an embargo on the export of aviation gasoline indicated any intention of pushing her expansionist programme according to authoritative oil experts here yesterday.

As a matter of fact, they stated, Japan's purchases from the California oilfields, from which she got the great bulk of her supply, had in reality fallen off since the first of the year.

Japan began heavy purchases of oil in California two years ago for her military and naval needs in the Far East, her objective being to build up and maintain a six months' supply, these authorities stated.

Her purchases, they added continued to be made purely on this limited basis.

Close Tab Kept

Although Japan has guarded the amount of her oil reserves, the fact that virtually all of her purchases were made from California oil fields, where accurate statistics are kept, makes it easy for the oil industry here to keep close tab on the situation.

In fact, they regarded Japan's oil purchases as an accurate barometer of just what Japan had in mind in the way of future expansion that would necessitate the use of her army and navy.

They argued that if Japan contemplated any more extensive moves in the Far East, she would have been obliged to lay in far larger stocks of oil than she has now, and also guard against the possibility of embargo by the United States.

Purchases Decrease

Not only was she not taking any such precautions, but the falling off in her purchases since the first of the year, and the drastic rationing she has recently enforced in the domestic consumption of gasoline and petroleum products, are interpreted as indicating that her oil situation is too acute to permit any new undertakings.

They admitted, however, that precisely because of this shortage of oil, she might be driven to make military gestures toward Malay or the Netherlands East Indies.

The California oil statistics show that throughout 1939, when Japan was maintaining her objective of keeping a six months' oil reserve on hand, her California purchases for every month of the year, with the exception of January, totaled more than 2,000,000 barrels, and running as high as 2,900,000 barrels in April and 2,513,000 barrels in November.

No Threat Seen

Since January 1940, when she purchased 2,415,000 barrels, there has been a steady decline in her purchases. In March and May she purchased over 1,800,000 barrels but for the other months of this year, her purchases have been slightly more than 1,400,000 barrels monthly.

Japan itself, Pacific Coast authorities stated, has never been able to produce more than 10 per cent. of her domestic needs, and with the bulk of her purchases being made in California they feel she is not contemplating any seriously increased expansionist moves.

They likewise admitted that an American embargo on oil would be the United States' best weapon for curbing any ambitions that might be regarded as inimical to American interests in the Far East.—United Press.

Captured Italian General

The Italian general who was captured recently in Libya during an enterprising raid by British mobile units.

★Italian Drive on Somaliland

(Continued from page 1)

can easily be replaced, and losses in personel and machines count for infinitely more than any advance or withdrawal.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Active in Africa

Cairo, Aug. 8.

There was considerable air activity on all fronts yesterday, and many valuable reconnaissances were undertaken, according to a Royal Air Force communique.

Shipping in Barbera harbour, on the Libyan frontier, and store buildings were attacked, and one large building was destroyed.

While carrying out a reconnaissance in the Tobruk area on August 6, the communique says, one British flying-boat was shot down. One member of the crew was killed, and the remaining three were wounded and taken prisoner.

In Italian East Africa, the submarine base at Massawa was raided by R.A.F. bombers on August 7 and 8, and reports indicate that direct hits were registered on a naval vessel and a submarine.

During another raid, three buildings were damaged. All British aircraft are stated to have returned safely.

Italian fighters approached Malta yesterday, but turned back before British fighters could engage them.—Reuter.

Mussolini to Meet Ministers

Rome, Aug. 8.

The Council of Ministers will meet here on Saturday, under the presidency of Premier Benito Mussolini, to adopt a number of new measures connected with the African offensive.

Meanwhile, the "Popolo d'Italia" declared that the Axis Powers are making final preparations for a decisive attack against England.

"Great surprises are being prepared," the newspaper asserted.

The High Command yesterday issued a list of Italian war losses since July. The High Command said 206 Italians were killed during that period. 239 were wounded and 131 are missing. The dead comprised 99 from the Navy, 89 from the Air Force, and 18 from the Army in East Africa.—United Press.

Italians Bomb Wajir

Nairobi, Aug. 8.

"On Tuesday, two enemy aircraft bombed Wajir without success," states a communique.

"They were pursued by our fighter aircraft. Hits were registered on one enemy machine. Both escaped into the clouds."—Reuter.

Naval Engagement?

Rome, Aug. 8.

Violent gunfire has been heard in the Mediterranean south of Valencia, according to a Madrid despatch to the Stefani agency. Fishermen believe that a naval engagement has occurred between Formentera, one of the Balearic islands, and the north coast of Africa near Algiers.—Reuter.

International Payments, China's Balance

Chungking, Aug. 8.

China registered an unfavourable balance in international receipts and payments to the extent of $2,496,915,679 during the first five months of this year, according to figures published in the August issue of the "Financial Review."

Total receipts between January and May amounted to $806,961,747, which were derived from three sources: $763,007,772, from exports, $31,753,211 from the exportation of bullion, and $6,197,767 from foreign currencies sent abroad.

During the same period, China paid out a sum of $3,303,388,350 with foreign imports totalling $3,195,326,825, while $108,260,601 worth of foreign currencies entered the country.

It is pointed out that the term "China" means the entire country, including the Japanese-occupied area, while China's international payments are calculated according to market, not legal, rates of Chinese currency.—Reuter.

Russian Pacific Fleet Manœuvres Reported

London, Aug. 8.

The British Broadcasting Corporation yesterday circulated a Radio Moscow report declaring that the Russian Pacific Fleet was carrying out large scale manœuvres. Observers here, however, recalled that Radio Moscow has made several similar announcements recently and the report was not regarded significant.—United Press.

British Envoy Sees Moscow Officials

Moscow, Aug. 8.

Sir Stafford Cripps, British Ambassador to Moscow, today visited M. Viacheslav Molotov, Foreign Commissar. Yesterday he called on M. Anastas Mikoyan, Foreign Trade Commissar. The nature of the talks between the British Ambassador and the Russian officials was not revealed here.—United Prses.

Food Shortage in Europe

London Maintains Famine Would Be Due to Nazi Incompetence

London, Aug. 8.

While authoritative circles in London still maintain their previous standpoint, that acute local food shortage in Europe this winter may become a distinct possibility, they assert that if such famine should occur, it inevitably will be a direct consequence of Nazi inability properly to distribute supplies of foodstuffs which they themselves have always claimed to hold in reserve and that only Nazi rapacity and inability to maintain proper communications can be blamed.

Official Nazi statements have repeatedly emphasised the huge food reserves held by Germany and Italy, and areas under their control. On June 27, the official German wireless stated that while a plan for relief of Belgium, France, and the Netherlands was doubtless "worthy of commendation," the German authorities themselves already had taken all necesary steps to ensure the feeding of these peoples.

Among many other instances of this assertion, Hitler in his recent Reichtag speech on July 19 said that Nazi supplies of food were "limitless."

Germany entered the war with a reserve supply of 7,000,000 tons of grain which her invasion of adjacent countries since, is estimated to have increased to nearly 10,000,000 tons.

Thus, should famine occur in Belgium or other occupied teritories, this will be solely due to the inability of the Nazi machine to cope with a situation of her own making.

Though few food ships from the United States to Marseilles, which left the port of departure before the collapse of France, have been allowed to pass the British Contraband Control, no Central Anglo-American conversations in regard to relief supplies have been conducted, nor are any in prospect.—Reuter.

★Britain Bastion Against Nazis

(Continued from page 1)

"Italy itself does not remain unscathed. Only last Thursday, aircraft of the Fleet Air Arm, swept down, literally, out of the blue on the aerodrome on Cagliari. We know for certain that they destroyed four times the number of aircraft, which they lost in the course of this operation, without taking into account what may have been contained in the four hangars, which were hit."

"I gladly pay the Navy's tribute to the incomparable pilots of the air force, ever ready to soar into the air to meet and attack the enemy. In particular the Navy has cause to be grateful to the crews of the handful of aircraft at Malta, who with unsurpassed resource, resolution, and bravery have kept at bay infinitely superior squadrons of bombers and fighters mustered in Sicily for the destruction of our naval base in the Central Mediterranean," he continued.

Mr. Alexander spoke warmly also of the skill and devotion of the engineer officers and personnel of the fleet, who kept the ships, big and little, at sea day after day, accomplishing countless hours of steaming in all kinds of weather with hardly ever a breakdown, and also of the unrelaxing and invaluable efforts of the training establishments to speed up the training of new personnel "needed to man the stream of new warships, which are all the time coming into service."—British Official Wireless.

Surprisingly Few Hurt In French Accident

Marseilles, Aug. 7.

Although material damage was great, the toll of human casualties was surprisingly low in the August 5 blaze at the Miramas railway station, where several munitions trains exploded. It was announced today. Casualties totalled 25, and there were no fatalities. Ambulance trains which rushed to Miramas upon receipt of first reports on the fire were not needed and returned empty.—Havas.

French Court Taking Up New Headquarters

Riom, Aug. 7.

Final preparations were completed today for the installation of the French Supreme Court of Justice here at 4 p.m. tomorrow. Six additional telephone lines, linking Riom to Clermont-Ferrand directly, have been laid, together with two direct telegraph cables, for the needs of the press. Military motorcyclists will take care of official and press mail service to Clermont-Ferrand. Police duties here will be carried out by units of the Mobile Guard.—Havas.

France Reduces Working Hours

Employment to Be Spread Out; Overtime Will Soon Be Abolished

Clermont-Ferrand, Aug. 7.

The French Government intends to lessen working hours, temporarily at least, in order to allow industry to employ as many men as possible, the Production Minister M. Rene Belin, declared today in an interview with the "Paris Soir."

Work, he stated, will be divided equally among as large a number of labourers as possible. He pointed out that the present situation is one in which, on the one hand, the demand for labour has considerably declined, while, on the other, there is a constant increase in labour available as a result of the progressive demobilization of the armed forces.

The statesman revealed that, in order to help industry, the French Government will no longer claim a 40 per cent. tax on all salaries earned in overtime hours.

Against Overtime

"We are even going to do everything possible," he said, "to do away with overtime work itself."

He added that the Government is at present engaged in drafting a decree that will permit local authorities to lessen legal working hours in their respective regions.

M. Belin concluded on an optimistic note, stating:

"I am sure that this situation will not be indefinitely prolonged.

"There is an immense task to be done in this country, and the time will come when, in all respects at once, we will see that recovery that everyone desires and awaits.

"Yes," the Production Minister stated, "there will soon be work,—there will be enough work for all of French labour.

"And is there any need to add that as soon as this happens, the working hours will be adapted to the new situation?" M. Belin concluded.—Havas.

★R.A.F. Blast Nazi Airfields

(Continued from page 1)

Flight-Sergeant Franklin has shot down ten enemy aircraft, and assisted in destroying a further two.

On one occasion he encountered seven fighters, engaged five and destroyed one.

It was revealed at the Air Ministry that the German air fleet attacking shipping in the Channel was taken on by 12 Hurricane pilots. They tackled a formation of 50 Junkers bombers, protected by fighters. The majority of German fighters were Messerschmitts, but some of Germany's new Heinkel 113's were tried out for the first time since their irregular appearance during the Battle of France.

The Hurricane pilots shot down six Junkers dive-bombing 873's and three Messerschmitt 109's as well as damaging others.

In doing so they relieved the engagement fought by the same squadron over two months ago in defence of the retreating B.E.F. Then nearly ten of them tackled 35 Junkers, shooting down six of the 87 type for certain. Possibly three others were destroyed.

A formation of British fighters on patrol today was near the scene of the action, but made no contact with the Germans.

A Reuter reporter watched the R.A.F. score a brilliant success over a British coastal town this morning against German raiders, who were routed and put to flight by Spitfires, which engaged them in a terrific dogfight in the outlayers of a cloud.

After the raiders had been dispersed, the Spitfires resumed their patrol.

The battling aircraft often swooped to within a few hundred feet of rooftops. For half an hour there were almost continuous exchanges of cannon and machinegun fire between Messerschmitts and Spitfires. The noise was sometimes shattering.

This eye-witness saw no bombs dropped. Anti-aircraft guns were silent. Gunners let the aircraft fight it out among themselves.—Reuter.

German Airmen Arrested

London, Aug. 8.

The German airman who was captured in the Bristol area, after he had been at large for about 11 days, was apprehended by Lady Buckland, the widow of Lord Buckland.

The airman emerged from a wood looking very dishevelled and could speak only a few words of English.

He indicated by dumb show how he had baled out of his plane and that he was afraid to surrender because he expected to be killed immediately.

It transpires the authorities arrested two other airmen who had baled out of the plane, and had been searching for this man for the past nine days.—Reuter.

Germans Intensify Raids

London, Aug. 8.

The German Air Force suddenly intensified its daylight raids over Britain yesterday, blasting the roofs off farm buildings in south-western England and causing other damage to farm dwellings.

Four or five bombs were dropped in southwestern England damaging property in the residential district of one town and causing several casualties.—United Press.

300 Children Escape Death

London, Aug. 8.

Three hundred children and 150 sleeping adults narrowly escaped from death and injuries last night as German air raiders renewed intensive attacks on Britain which continued early this mornnig after a lull of several days during which the Royal Air Force showed no laxity, blasting German-held points on the Continent.

Three hundred children escaped death and injuries when a German raider dropped two bombs near a sanatorium in northeast England. All the windows in the sanatorium were shattered and the doors were blown in.

One bomb fell just behind the nurses' home, where 150 adults were aslep. Houses were damaged in the explosion, but there were no casualties.

The 300 children, from poor homes in the industrial areas, remained quietly in their beds throughout the raid.—United Press.

Pope Wants Truth in News Reporting

Vatican City, Aug. 8.

The Pope yesterday appealed to newspapers to tell the truth in reporting war news. Addressing 1,000 faithful in a public audience, the Pope charged newspapers with giving incorrect information in reporting the destruction of armoured cars and bombing planes. "The tongue has killed more men that the sword," he added.—United Press.

China Sees Attack On Indo-China

Japan Said Acting with Germany, Italy; Drive On Singapore Seen

Chungking, Aug. 8.

Chinese circles are watching the Italian offensive in Somaliland and Egypt with much interest, for it is believed here that it may herald a combined offensive by the Axis Powers against the British Empire.

As soon as the Italian offensive is under way, it is stated, Germany will launch an attack against England, while Japan in the Far East will invade French Indo-China for the purpose of attacking China and Singapore.

There is a strong feeling here that an understanding regarding combined military operations against the British Empire was probably reached between Germany, Italy and Japan during the recent visit of a Japanese mission to Berlin and Rome.—Reuter.

Singapore Danger

Despite Japanese denials, Chinese sources here claim the receipt of information indicating that Japan is demanding: 1. Establishment of military, naval and air bases in French Indo-China. 2. Passage of troops through French Indo-China for operations against China, with Kunming, capital of Yunnan province, as the objective.

Chinese circles here state that if Japan once establishes complete domination over French Indo-China, she would have no difficulty in securing passage for her troops, and also in obtaining the use of Siam as a base for an overland attack on Singapore.

Striking at Singapore from both land and sea, it is believed that Japan will have a good chance of occupying the main British naval base in the Far East.

The occupation of Singapore will give Japan complete domination of the southern Pacific, bringing the Netherlands East Indies and British and French Borneo under her control and placing Japanese armed forces only 350 miles from Australia.

On the other hand, some quarters are sceptical regarding Japan's willingness to risk undertaking operations on such a large scale. They suggest that Japan would probably be satisfied for the time being with the occupation of French Indo-China for operations against Kunming, meanwhile adopting a wait-and-see policy in regard to the international situation.

In any event, Chinese circles here expect very important developments in Europe and the Far East in the near future.—Reuter.

Inspection Chief Returns

Tokyo, Aug. 8.

Major-General Issaku Nishihara, Chairman of a party of Japanese inspectors sent to Indo-China, who returned to Tokyo on July 30 from Hanoi to submit a report to the Government, left by plane for Hanoi today.—Reuter.

FUNERAL

Mr. A. J. Richardson

In presence of many of the older residents of Shanghai and of business associates, the remains of the late Mr. Andrew Jardine Richardson, who passed away suddenly in his office on Monday, were laid to rest in Bubbling Well Cemetery yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by the Rev. C. Wilfred Allan of the Union Church. Mr. A. Pollock, President of St. Andrews Society was the chief mourner, representing the family at home. The pallbearers were:—Messrs. Hugh Martin, Donald MacDonald, E. L. Hartopp, C. B. Blaikie, F. L. Morrison and H. Bridges.

As the cortege proceeded from the Chapel to the graveside Pipe Major James Forbes of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps played "Over the sea to Skye" and at the close of the committal service played "Scots Wha Hae." A wreath from the family at home and one from St. Andrews Society were lowered into the grave with the casket. Among others sending floral, tributes were:—

Mr. and Mrs. Ranald G. McDonald, Mr. Hugh Martin, Noel Murray and Co., Ltd., Mr. E. L. Hartopp, Mr. H. Bridges, Messrs. Paulsen and Bayes-Davy, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Davies, Lambert, Lilian and Barbara Joan Smith, Mr. J. Em. Mrs. Edith Stockwell, Mr. and Mrs. D. Lemiere, Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Viloudaki, L. Davey, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Morrison, Mr. S. A. Van, Office Staff, Charles Y. C. Chen, Ng Kei Ching, Sze Keesong, Y. C. Huang, etc.

The funeral arrangements were carried out under the direction of Messrs Thomas Macdonald and Co.

Assassination Plot in Mexico Alleged

Pres. Cardenas Said to Be Prospective Victim

Mexico City, Aug. 8.

Thirty five leaders of the National Unification Party, which supported General Juan Andreu Almazan during the July Presidential election, were questioned during the night in connection with an alleged plot to assassinate General Lazaro Cardenas, President, and General Manuel Avila Camacho, Presidential candidate, it was announced today.

A formal charge of planning to kill the President, whose term is due to expire on November 30, was made out against Deputy Manuel Jasso of the Almazanistas. The Chamber of Deputies also charged Deputy Emilio Acosta with provoking the Almazanistas to an armed plot, which, it was stated, stood no chance of success but which would cost many lives.

The Attorney General's action in questioning the 35 leaders of the National Unification Party did not constitute an arrest, but further action may be taken when results of the questioning are announced.

The questioned men included Sr. Eduardo Neri, President of the party, Sr. Emillio Madero, Secretary, and Sr. Efrain Brito Rosadro, party organizer.

The official result of the Presidential Election will be determined between August 15, when the so-called electorate College meets, and September 1, when the new Congress convenes.

Gen. Almazan, the third Presidential candidate who is now vacationing in Havana, has already said that if the official returns show his defeat, trickery will have been proved and he will set up his own Congress.—United Press.

U.S. Ambassador's Words Said Unofficial

Statement About Belgium Arouses Anger

Washington, Aug. 8.

The State Department has asked Mr. Joseph P. Kennedy, American Ambassador to London, to supply a complete text of the interview given to the press in London two days ago by Mr. Joseph Cudahy, American Ambassador to Brussels.

Mr. Cudahy defended King Leopold's decision to surrender, and it is reported that he forecast a condition of approaching famine in Belgium, during the winter, failing supplies from outside.

Mr. Sumner Welles, Under-Secretary of State, said that the interview had been given without prior consultation with, or authority by, the State Department.

The tone used by Mr. Welles left none of his hearers in any doubt with regard to his feelings in the matter.

In versions of Mr. Cudahy's speech published here, the Ambassador is reported to have compared German and American soldiers to a disadvantage of the latter. Americans generally are furious over this suggestion.—Reuter.

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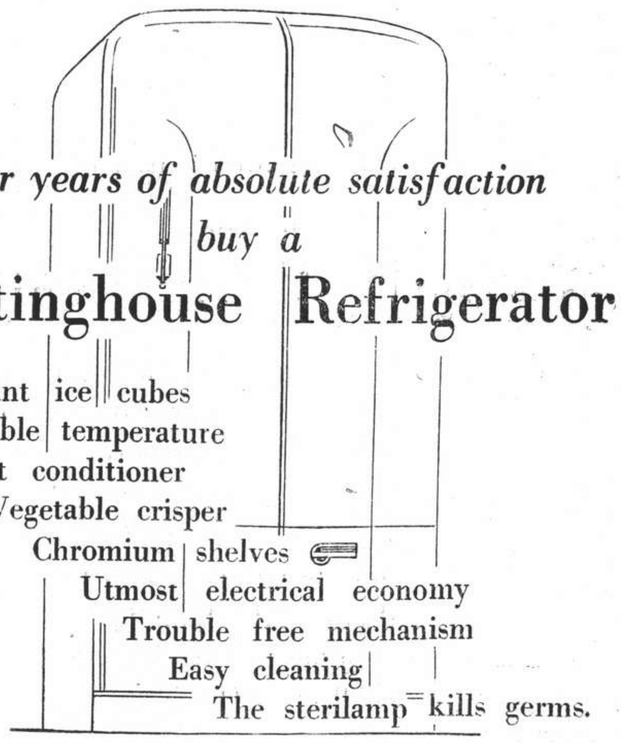

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Killing of Japanese Officer at Hungjao Recalled Today

Third Anniversary of Incident Results In Strictest Precautions by Police

INTERNATIONAL abhorrence and condemnation of the wave of terrorism which reached its crest recently will give added significance to the third anniversary of the Hungjao incident which falls today. The occasion will be marked by the concerted action of the police of the Settlement and French Concession who will exert undue vigilance to prevent any untoward incident.

As in past anniversaries of the Hungjao affair barbed-wired entanglements erected by coolies of the Public Works Department, the closure of the side streets between the Settlement and French Concession and the main thoroughfares will be in evidence.

The barricades have been erected in such a manner as to permit vehicles to pass at slow speed, one at a time, to enable police search parties to scrutinize the passengers and contents. It was learned from police headquarters yesterday that the Volunteers also will stand by. To ensure the co-operation of the maximum number of police officers it was learned, all leave of absence has been cancelled.

Although no trouble is anticipated the police have decided to take every precaution necessary similar to those of former years to ensure the peace and order of the Settlement and French Concession.

A high police official stated yesterday afternoon that the precautions were a duplication to the letter of those taken last year. At the Central and Louza stations the entire police machinery will be placed today at the complete disposal of the officers in charge. The usual searches will be carried out by search parties who will visit Chinese hotels, lodging houses and amusement centres to nip in the bud any attempt at terrorism.

Western District Vigilance

Motor car drivers will encounter some difficulty in getting to the Central district as many of the smaller side streets will be closed off. Cars will be stopped and searched to prevent any arms and ammunition being smuggled into the Settlement. The precautions along Avenue Edward VII will be particularly strict in view of the location of certain Chinese newspapers along the road.

In the western district the police will exert due vigilance and mobile search-parties will board buses and tramcars and will search passengers. Barbed wire barricades also will be seen along Great Western Road near Bubbling Well Road where vehicles and pedestrians will be subjected to a search.

The barriers which were put up at midnight will not be taken down until midnight on August 14, it was learned from police headquarters. In the absence of any grave incidents the curfew orders also will cease to operate at the same time.

Foreigners Warned

Going into details about the curfew a police official stated that foreigners are not allowed in the streets of the Settlement during curfew hours unless on urgent business. If their presence in the streets could not be satisfactorily explained, he pointed out, they would bear the consequences of their rash action in venturing out during the prohibited hours. The official added that the curfew orders were operating satisfactorily.

Police vigilance will not be relaxed after today owing to the advent of the anniversary of the Sino-Japanese hostilities on August 13, followed the next day by the anniversary of the Nanking Road bombing during the hostilities.

Speaking of the recent crime wave a police official of the crime branch stated yesterday that it is unprecedented in Shanghai so far as commission of grave crimes like terrorism are concerned. In the number of crimes 1927 was a record year he pointed out, explaining that there were more armed robberies and kidnapping then than now and that a number of police officers were shot during the critical months of 1927, when armed banditry was rife.

The anniversary today is that of the killing of a Japanese sub-lieutenant and a seaman outside the Hungjao Aerodrome, an incident which led to extensive hostilities in and around Shanghai and which ultimately ended in the withdrawal of Chinese troops from the local sector after considerable damage had been done.

Kiaochow Beach Still Open

Abandoned Hotel And Pavilion Mark Previous Local Resort

Kiaochow is still open to Shanghai residents wishing to make an outing to this formerly popular resort. Since the Sino-Japanese hostilities, however, the area has become devoid of organized arrangements for visitors, apart from a restaurant near the landing stage. Chinese soldiers—members of Wang Ching-wei's "Peace Army"—patrol the country around Kiaochow but are quite friendly towards foreigners. Theoretically it is necessary for foreigners to produce a passport, or equivalent certificate in order to pass the officials at the Kiaochow landing stage, but in practice almost any important looking document will serve.

The best method of reaching Kiaochow is by the Japanese-operated ferries which leave every hour from Jetty 14 on the Bund. These ferries were originally owned by the Chinese government, but were confiscated during the hostilities here. Fares vary from day to day, being on a yen basis, the single trip to Kiaochow being usually in the neighbourhood of $1.80. The actual yen fare is Y1.35. The terminus of the ferry service is Kiaochow, there being two previous stops.

Deserted Hotel

A number of excursions are possible from Kiaochow. The best is to travel to the beach, which is rather a long walk from the landing stage, taking about three hours. Buses run for half the distance, however, although this service is somewhat irregular. Rickshaw coolies charge exorbitant fares, and it is necessary to bargain for almost as long as it would take to walk the distance. Anyone unwise enough to take a rickshaw without bargaining would find it most unpleasant, as the coolies are quite likely to call the military into the affair.

At the beach the hotel is still standing, though it is deserted, and no refreshments are obtainable. A half built pavilion is close alongside the river, apparently intended for swimmers and other visitors, but this also has been deserted since 1937. A garden was laid out as part of the same development scheme, pleasant lanes and summerhouses being scattered around the district.

An alternative trip is to Tungkoo opposite point Island, which is popular with houseboat owners. It is possible to go from this spot to Kiaochow along the river bank, and is about two hour's walking distance.

Chinese Officer Dies In Crime Prevention

Attempted Arrest of Armed Kidnappers Alone

Death came at the St. Marie Hospital yesterday to a Chinese constable of the French police who, on Saturday last, attempted single-handed to arrest the kidnappers of Mr. Zung Sun-doh, manager of the China State Bank.

The kidnapping took place outside the Route Vallon residence of Mr. Zung who was pounced upon by two armed men when he was about to get into his private car after leaving his home.

Chinese constable No. 1057 of the French police who witnessed the crime from a distance rushed up to the scene and almost succeeded in overpowering one of the kidnappers when his confederate fired at the officer from behind. Mr. Zung escaped from the kidnappers during the confusion.

Japanese Bomb Many Chekiang Districts

Many Casualties, Much Destruction Caused

Japanese 'planes have played havoc with the populace in east Chekiang during the past few days when many civilian casualties and the destruction of many houses have been reported. These reports were received by the Ningpo Residents Association and published by the "Shun Pao" and other leading Chinese dailies here.

Since the recapture by the Chinese of Chinghai, it is revealed in these reports, Japanese 'planes have been bombing several districts near by. Although air raid alarms have been raised often in Ningpo, no bombs have been dropped, the latest report states, but the district which has suffered the most is Yungkong.

Thirteen bombs were dropped by Japanese 'planes recently into that district. More than 100 houses were destroyed and scores of civilians killed. A bomb was dropped near a restaurant in Yuyao, but the reports do not mention casualties. Two bombs fell outside the East Gate of the same district. On Wednesday, one bomb dropped in Yuyao killed two civilians, it is said.

Naval Landing Party to Stage Sham Battle

Commemorating the third anniversary of the outbreak of the Shanghai hostilities, the Japanese Special Naval Landing Party will stage a mock battle on the morning of August 13, in the sector near Kwangchung Road, in Chapei, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reported yesterday morning.

Three Kidnappings Within Two Hours

Settlement Police Kept Busy in Outbreak of Armed Abduction

An epidemic of kidnapping followed in the wake of the recent wave of other crimes yesterday and in three kidnapping cases reported to have taken place within two hours in the early morning, six Chinese, including three well-known local merchants, were spirited away.

In one case two of the victims were released. According to the police none of the abductions were actuated by political motives but by the affluence of the victims.

The An Tung Hotel at 131 Hoopeh Road was the scene of the first kidnapping. At about 6.30 a.m. two rice merchants, Wong Sing-pa and Tsu Tock-ching were abducted from room 258 of the hotel by three kidnappers in a hire car, believed to belong to the fleet of taxis of the Johnson Garage.

The kidnappers, who were armed, entered the room and, at the point of a gun, ordered their victims to proceed to the waiting garage car outside. It was learned that another private car had also been commissioned to take part in the crime by the abductors. Once the victims were safely in the vehicles, they were driven away in a westerly direction.

The victims it was ascertained have been living in the hotel for nearly a month and came from Sungching near Sungkiang.

Silk Merchant Victim

Mr. Chao Shiao, a wealthy silk merchant, his brother and his young adopted son were the victims of kidnappers in the second abduction case which engaged the attention of the police yesterday. At about 7.45 a.m. the trio were about to enter Mr. Chao's private car outside his residence at Lane 9, 470 Yu Yuen Road, when they were pounced upon by three Chinese, one armed. The car, licence No. 1446, was commandeered by the intruders, who ordered the chauffeur to drive along Yu Yuen Road, Tifeng Road, Great Western Road and Avenue Foch where the chauffeur was forced to leave the car.

The car then proceeded on its way but on nearing Yates Road it came to a halt and the kidnappers ordered Mr. Shao's brother and adopted son to alight. They then drove away in an easterly direction and the car was lost sight of.

A Chinese woman figured as one of three kidnappers who perpetrated the third kidnapping of the morning and used a Ford hire car to abduct their victim, four-year-old Loh Dar-nur, the son of wealthy Soochow resident here. The kidnapping took place in the Ying Ling Alleyway off Jing Woo Road. One of the kidnappers, who was armed, fired two shots in the air to scare onlookers who had been attracted to the scene.

The victim was bundled into the car which drove away in a westerly direction along Haiphong Road towards the Settlement boundary.

Leader in Bank Theft Makes Escape

Takes All Loot with Him in Flight

It would appear that the Kiangsu Farmers Bank of 539 Avenue Joffre which lost $24,500 on June 10 when one of the safes of the bank was burst open by thieves may never get back the money because two men who were recently convicted of the crime told the Second Special District Court that the ringleader of the gang had escaped with all the stolen money, leaving them behind.

Police evidence is that the crime was an inside job involving the watchman and cook of the bank itself both of whom have been sentenced. Pih Min-hui, the watchman, drew five years, while the cook, three years. The watchman was first arrested and through his confession the cook was later caught, but efforts made by the French police to arrest the third member of the gang, a waiter of the bank, have failed.

The bank has also filed a civil action trying to recover the stolen funds, but when the judge of the civil branch of the court heard the case the other day both convicted thieves told him that they had been earning such small salaries from the bank that they could not be expected to refund the lost money. The third member of the gang had run away with all the stolen money, they said. The judge had to postpone the hearing to facilitate further investigations.

S.M.C. Will Publish Price List of Goods

Urges Co-operation of All Dealers in Basic Goods

In order to ensure completeness of a list of brands of basic commodities which it is publishing soon, the Council's price investigation office is seeking the cooperation of importers, manufacturers and wholesalers dealing in coffee (loose), flour, macaroni, salt (table), salt (coarse), sugar (Taikoo), sugar (Holland), tea (Chinese), milk (condensed), butter, margarine, soap (toilet and washing).

The investigation office reports that the gathering of information regarding brands and wholesale prices of basic commodities is progressing satisfactorily.

Dealers, who have not yet communicated with the Council on this matter, are urged to do so and to write to the investigation office, 223 Hankow Road or telephone 12410, as soon as possible.

Detective Faces Court As Robbery Suspect

A Chinese detective attached to the French police here and another man were brought before the First Special District Court yesterday on the suspicion that they were two of the four robbers who visited a house at No. 20, Lane 1033 Gordon Road on Wednesday. Hearing was postponed for a week. The quartette visited the house where they were informed by a servant that no responsible person of the household was in at the time. They entered the house and began ransacking the place, it was alleged.

It was further alleged that the detective was at the time armed with a pistol and six rounds of ammunition while his accomplice carried a knife. Another servant was wise enough to slip away and informed the Gordon Road police of what was happening. A party of officers rushed to the place in time to arrest the two men red-handed. The other two men managed to escape.

Vladimir Havsky
Sunday's S.M. Orchestra Soloist

Special Concert For Tomorrow

French Programme Arranged For Jessfield Park; Soloist To Be Vladimir Havsky

Tomorrow night the Municipal Orchestra will give its third "Special Concert" at Jessfield Park, with a programme exclusively dedicated to French composers and with collaboration as soloist of Vladimir Havsky, who, with his extraordinary pianistic quantities and most interesting personality, has, this last year, completely conquered the heart of Shanghai's music-loving public.

Havsky, will play the G. minor Piano-Concerto, with Orchestra by Saint-Saens; a composition in which he will find full opportunity to delight his audience with his usual brilliant pianistic performance, in collaboration with the Orchestra under the baton of Maestro Paci.

With regard to the Orchestra's contribution, although the programme does not comprise any popular symphony, the public will certainly enjoy hearing again many familiar pieces, chosen and grouped so as to deliberately create contrasts in musical effects, and demonstrating the rich variety of inspiration and orchestral colour of French music.

The opening number, the picturesque rhapsody "Espana" by Chabrier, will be followed by a group of three amongst the most universally popular melodies: the "Cantabile" from Saint-Saens "Le Deluge;" the famous melody of "The Swan" by the same composer; and the most popular of all "Ave Marias," the one by Gounod, inspired from Bach's 1st Prelude of the "Well-tempered Clavichord."

In Lighter Vein

After the interval, a group has been arranged to illustrate the humour and witticism in French music and the items of the group are: the "Golliwogg's Cake-Walk" by Debussy (with that amusing "jazzy" caricature of Tristan-and-Isolde's love-philter leitmotif!!) and the Valse-Parade-and-Can-Can from the "Divertissement" by Ibert.

Finally, to conclude the unusual programme, the Conductor has chosen one of the finest examples of the modern French sparkling music, namely the "Choreographic Poem on Viennese Waltzes" by Ravel: "La Valse."

Anticipating a record attendance and wishing to comply with many insistent requests from the public, opportunity will be provided on the occasion of this particular concert to purchase tickets and book seats in advance on today and tomorrow during office hours, at the Revenue Office, Room 55, ground floor of the Council's Administration Building, Kiangse Road.

Assault Complaint Dismissed

An adjourned complaint of assault was dismissed in H. M. Police Court yesterday by Mr. C. H. Haines, H.M. Registrar, when the plaintiff failed to appear in court. The original complaint was made against Mary San, a Chinese woman, for an alleged assault on Kartop Singh.

Japanese Residents in China Increase

Shanghai Heads List with 73,150; Peiping Second

Tokyo, Aug. 8.

Despite the recent regulations restricting the travel to China of Japanese residents on the Chinese continent is increasing rapidly, statistics compiled by the East Asiatic Affairs Bureau of the Foreign Office revealed.

The number of Japanese on the Chinese continent on July 7, according to the figures released, totalled 452,250 an increase of 58,527 when compared to the number on the continent on April 7. According to the statistics, the nuhber of Japanese in the main cities in China was as follows.

Kalgan 20,508, Peiping 67,437, Tientsin 51,374, Tsingtao 32,057, Shihkiachuang 13,238, Taiyuan 13,238, Tsinan 18,028, Nanking 10,190, Shanghai 73,150, Hankow 7,823, Canton 8,508, Amoy 8,837, Swatow 1,749, Hongkong 931, Macao 13.

Foreign Pleasure Houses Banned to Japanese

Tientsin, Aug. 7.

Further warning to Japanese residents of Tientsin not to frequent pleasure resorts in the foreign concessions after midnight, has been issued by Mr. Muto, Japanese Consul-General here.

Any Japanese found disobeying this injunction will be severely punished, according to an announcement issued by the Consul-General. Falling within the scope of the order are cafes, bars and ballrooms.—Havas.

Salvation Army Refutes Charges

Allegations of Espionage By Officers in Japan Answered Here

Quoting a Salvation Army pledge that "No officer in the Salvation Army shall engage in politics of any description, although he shall be loyal to the government he serves. Should an officer betray the trust imposed on him he shall be immediately discharged," a high official in the local army yesterday vigorously denied charges of espionage by members of the organization, appearing recently in Japanese papers and the "Sin Shun Pao." Five alleged instances of Salvation Army espionage in Japan were quoted in the "Sin Shun Pao", which devoted the whole of its front page on Thursday to attacks on the army. They imply that the organization instigates espionage, which is completely refuted by the above pledge.

Allegation on Funds

Other charges made by the Chinese paper are that half the funds collected by the Army has to be sent to London, and that 85 per cent. of the chief officers are British. The former of these allegations was also denied by the responsible officer approached. He said that nothing was sent to London from China, the situation being quite the reverse, as the army in China is far from self-supporting, and has to be assisted by the English organization. Funds collected during "self-denial week" are sent home, but are always returned, together with a considerable addition.

There is a high percentage of British officers in the army, continued the officer, but only because it was originally organized in England. Officers are drawn from all nationalities, and are expected to serve in all parts of the world without demur. The society is international, he explained, and contributions are received from all nationalities, irrespective of politics. During the last drive in Shanghai, donations were received from Britons, Americans, Germans, Japanese and Chinese. Supplies of rice and milk were sent in by Japanese and Chinese in large quantities.

No Politics

Coming back to the espionage charges, the official stated that as many barriers as possible were set up by the army to prevent such activities, no commission being granted to men not taking a solemn pledge to refrain from politics of any description. Any officer detected in making a public statement of belief in any political creed would be instantly relieved of his post. The sole purpose of Salvation Army officers is to serve the people they are among to the best of their ability.

It will be recalled that the Japanese army in North China recently rounded up some members of the organization in that area, for interrogation on supposedly espionage activities, but were forced to release them owing to lack of evidence. As the officer said yesterday, "The Salvation Army has nothing to hide, and is therefore not afraid of such investigations."

Gas Company Strike Unchanged

Officials of Company Meet To Discuss Situation

A meeting was held yesterday of officials of the Shanghai Gas Company to discuss the strike. A director of the company stated yesterday afternoon that there was no change in the situation.

The official disclosed that Mr. Yu Ya-ching, the prominent Shanghai philanthrophist, who has been mediating in the deadlock had again calle on him. Asked if any settlement of the strike was in sight, the director replied that it was difficult to give a definite reply.

Japan Asks N.E.I. to Drop Tax Increase

Exports Duty Increase "Hurting Japan"

Tokyo, Aug. 7.

The Japanese Government will request the Netherlands East Indies to give especially close consideration to the bill now before the Government Council, providing for an increase in the export tax on crude oil, industrial salt gutta-percha and oil by-products, one local press states.

The Netherlands Indies initiated the bill as a measure to raise more revenue to cover part of the extraordinary wartime expense incurred by the islands now. The export tax would be raised from three to eight per cent.

Since the exports affected are the very commodities that Japan considers among her most important imports, the Gaimusho is expected, according to the press, to ask special reconsideration of the tax increase.

To enforce an immediate tax increase, the Gaimusho will most likely point out, will impose a heavy burden on Japan, and this would be contrary to the friendly relations existing between the two countries, the press declares.—Havas.

Mr. Matsuoka Received By Emperor

Tokyo, Aug. 8.

The Japanese Foreign Minister, Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, was received in audience this afternoon by the Emperor at the Imperial Villa at Hayama where His Majesty is staying for the summer. The Foreign Minister was understood to have made a detailed report of the international situation to his Sovereign.—Domei.

Big Coal Area Found In Tsinan

Tsinan, Aug. 8.

Information reaching here today revealed that a huge coal area with deposits estimated at 200,000,000 tons has been discovered at Laiwu, approximately 80 kilometres southeast of Tsinan. Reports added that the coal fields cover 23 square kilometres.—Domei.

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Five Lawn Bowls League Matches This Week-End

Fixtures Curtailed by Mobilization of Forces Here; Tomorrow's Contests Open Second Round

THE lawn bowls league programme for this week-end will be somewhat curtailed owing to the anticipated temporary mobilization of the local defence forces. Of the eight matches set out in the original schedule, only five will be played off the remainder having been postponed indefinitely. Only one fixture has been wiped out in the senior division, and that is between the Shanghai Recreation Club and the Police Recreation Club; as the Recs drew a bye last week, it will mean that the league leaders will have an idle time for a fortnight. In the second division, the Police will also be holding over their meeting with the Recs juniors; the remaining postponed engagement is the second division clash between the Junior Golf Club and the Barbarians Bowling Club.

The matches arranged for tomorrow mark the opening of the second round, and after several surprises in the first round it is expected that the engagements for the next few weeks will also not be devoid of upsets. It may be recalled that the Hongkew Golf Club dropped a bit of a bombshell on the very first day of the league by treating the S.L.B.C. "Blues" to a 4-1 defeat. Since then, the fortunes of the H.G.C. have been fluctuating to quite a large extent and it should not be too unexpected if the "Blues" turn the tables on their rivals this week-end.

With a percentage of 51.25 to their credit, the H.G.C. completed their third round matches in third place, but there is a big gap between them and the second-place S.L.B.C. "Reds". The latter team will probably attempt to produce an even more convincing performance than they did in the first in order that they may be more of a threat to the top-ranking Recs. The opponents for the "Reds" tomorrow will be the Lusitano "Greens," a team which they ousted by 4-1 in their previous meeting.

Saturday's fixtures and team follow:—

FIRST DIVISION

S.L.B.C. "Blues" *v.* Hongkew Golf Club
Yangtszepoo *v.* Lusitano "Reds"
Lusitano "Greens" *v.* S.L.B.C. "Reds"

SECOND DIVISION

Country Club *v.* S.L.B.C.
Lusitano *v.* Yangtszepoo

First Division

S.L.B.C. "BLUES":—T. S. Parry (skip), A. S. Russell, J. J. Evans, B. H. M. Broomhall; A. Macgregor (skip), E. R. Harmer, A. R. Elsenhut, D. A. MacFarlane; E. Owen (skip), R. MacFarlane, J. P. Stalker. If unable to play, please notify Mr. E. Jacobs, Telephones 42228 or 22233.

HONGKEW GOLF CLUB:—C. M. Sequeira (skip), C. M. Maher, E. C. J. Pereira, C. A. Silva; C. A. Pereira (skip), A. Portaria, F. Medina, J. Rocha; A. M. Gutierrez (skip), L. A. M. Ozorio, J. J. Souza, A. A. Assis. Reserves: E. M. Souza, A. E. Collins, G. C. Jorge.

PANGTSZEPOO BOWLING CLUB:—R. C. Aitkenhead (skip), S. S. Wilkinson, L. A. Greenhalgh, M. McVicar; W. R. Chisholm (skip), F. C. McPherson, H. McMahon, W. C. Grant; A. Cheetham (skip), A. McLean, W. G. Francis, J. Campbell. Reserve; J. North.

LUSITANO "REDS":—A. M. Souza (skip), A. F. Gomes, Dr. D. M. P. Gutterres, F. M. F. Gutierrez; J. P. de Campos (skip), J. Sepe, O. H. Edgren, A. S. Braga; H. A. Ozorio (skip), C. L. Passos, F. M. Gonsalves, A. C. Sequeira.

LUSITANO "GREENS":—H. J. Encarnacao (skip), B. F. Marques, J. F. da Silva, M. R. Pereira; S. del Rivero (skip), F. Machado, F. X. Gutierrez, J. M. Gutierrez; E. A. Souza (skip), M. P. de Campos, E. A. S. C. de Sousa, J. E. Medina.

S.L.B.C. "REDS":—C. Richards (skip), C. A. Pratt, A. A. Chalmers, L. A. Whittaker; J. Munro (skip), F. S. Ward, A. T. Barrett, E. E. Wallwork; W. J. Monk (skip), A. Harvey, G. Sinclair, L. J. Hughes. Team to be ready to leave Clubhouse at 2.30 p.m. If unable to play, please notify Mr. W. J. Mcn, Telephone 15611 or 15086.

Second Division

COUNTRY CLUB:—C. W. Porter (skip), W. G. Crokam, C. W. Gordon, F. S. Collett; Ian Beith (skip), M. Hendry, J. C. Haigh, E. F. Bateman; F. G. Harrison (skip), T. A. T. Begg, R. Lock, A. Kendal Ward. Reserves: I. E. Roberts, W. P. Lambe, J. R. Weeks.

S.L.B.C.:—F. J. Drakeford (skip), J. A. Stoddart, H. B. Lobb, S. G. Mills; J. A. Brown (skip), H. S. Bell, L. C. Healey, F. Hill; F. Hornbrook (skip), F. Young, H. S. Bartley, J. Stevenson. Anyone unable to play, please notify Mr. J. Henry, Telephones 18054 or 23421.

LUSITANO:—L. F. Lopes (skip), P. A. da Costa, H. S. Remedios, A. P. Zuzarte; M. F. R. Leitao (skip), H. A. S. de Sousa, A. A. Britto, S. A. Collaco; J. M. do Rozario (skip), P. S. Barradas, A. A. A. Rodrigues, S. F. Xavier.

YANGTSZEPOO BOWLING CLUB:—R. M. Jordan (skip), D. MacCallum, A. E. Roberts, Chas. Williams; J. O. Drysdale (skip), W. Simpson, A. M. Buchanan, J. T. Wakelin; L. Beattie (skip), C. M. Keenan, G. Muller, H. Booth. Reserve: W. M. McLennan.

With Half a Mile to Go

Lady Zia Wernher's Casanova, the winner (centre) leading Heliopolis (left) and Eran Bird (right) in the Burwell Stakes at Newmarket recently.—The Field.

Rules Changed for Diving Here

Suggestion Brought Up at Meeting of Swimming Assoc. At Foreign Y.M.C.A.

The Shanghai Amateur Swimming Association held a final meeting prior to the annual swimming galas and championship meets yesterday at noon at the Foreign Y.M.C.A., at which function the final instructions were given to the judges who are to act in the official contests. Several important points were discussed including the duties of officials and the purchasing of trophies, but undoubtedly the most interesting part of the meeting came from a resolution from Y. J. Grilk who instituted a ruling for the diving championships which will enable the junior and less experienced divers to take part in these senior events.

Y. J. Grilk, who is probably the most experienced diving exponent in town very sportingly paved the way to opening the diving lists to the younger and less experienced divers by limiting the set dives to three simple dives and reducing the optional dives to four. In past years the best divers in town have had things all their own way, as the youngsters have not entered, being afraid to take part in a competition where four difficult set dives were put on record. Grilk, who is probably going to win the competition, sportingly asked that the set dives be made easier so that the younger divers in Shanghai could enter the event without being confronted with difficult dives, and his resolution met with unanimous approval.

New Crop of Divers

As a result, a new crop of divers will take part this year and while they may not win they will have the experience for next season, and Grilk's sporting action is to be applauded. The set dives for the men's championship this year will be: forward, back dive and back jack knife. Four optional dives follow.

A similar three set dives are specified for the ladies and three optional dives are allowed. This change is undoubtedly beneficial to Shanghai swimming and should see a greater influx of younger entries in the diving championships.

Another interesting point was raised at this meeting. The finishing flags, previously set for the finish of all races which were completed in the middle of the pool, were criticized. It was contended that these brought about difficulty for judges and a better finishing line would be provided by a white rope, stretched across the pool. A special committee, whose work was to gather together association property, was convened and Archie Logan and Y. J. Grilk were empowered to go into the matter and to decide the best finishing line. The meeting terminated without further discussion.

Dodgers Trounce Giants in Whittling Reds' Lead

Top Club Victims of Trimming at Hands of Chicago Cubs; Rookies Get Home Runs

New York, Aug. 8.

A BOISTEROUS horde of Flatbush fans invaded uptown last night and had a rollicking good time at the expense of Manhattan partisans, as the Brooklyn Dodgers scored their second straight win over Colonel Bill Terry's New York Giants, 8 to 4, and quietly chopped a full game off the margin of the league leading Cincinnati Reds.

Cincinnati's lead dwindled down to five games by virtue of a 10-inning trimming they received at the hands of Gabby Hartnett's Chicago Cubs, whose extra base wallops enabled them to snatch the long end of a 5 to 3 count, although the League champions matched their hitting at 11 apiece.

Two Chicago rookies, Bill Nicholson and Jimmy Glesson, led the Bruin attack by connecting for circuit smashes each.

Frankie Frisch's frisky Pirates took undisputed control of the fifth position by slapping the St. Louis Cardinals in both needs of a double bill, 10 to 9 and 2 to 6.

Although badly outhit in the opener, the Pirates bunched their bingles and managed to clinch the game in the eighth canto, when rookie pinch-hitter Spuds came through with a single good for a pair of markers. In the nightcap, Al Butcher, Pittsburgh hurler, helped slug his team to a 12 to 6 victory by driving in four runs with a double and a single.

At Philadelphia, the Phillies polished their batting eyes in a desperate effort to crawl out of the cellar but the Boston Bees did most of the socking in the pinches and won handily, 6-3, although outhit by two safeties.

In the American league, Del Baker's Detroit Tigers held their half-game lead over the Cleveland Indians by the narrowest of margins with a 7 to 5 win over the St. Louis Browns while the Indians were blasting out a 9 to 3 victory against the Chicago White Sox. Lou Boudreau was the big gun of the Cleveland attack, driving a single and two homers during the game. The Indians blasted out 12 hits off Johnny Rigney, White Sox hurler, while the Chicago club came through with ten hits off Harry Eisenstat and Al Smith. Four errors by the White Sox also contributed to their defeat.

The Tigers won their game in the fifth inning, when George Tebbets, Detroit catcher, drove out a stinging double with the bases loaded, giving Detroit a two run lead they never lost.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	H.	R.	E.
New York	7	11	3
Boston	10	16	1

Batteries: Breuer, Hadley Sundra, Donald and Rosar; Bagby, Johnson, Wilson and Foxx.

New York	6	10	6*
Boston	3	8	2

Batteries: Russo and Rosar; Galehouse, Wilson and Foxx.

Detroit	7	14	0
St. Louis	5	12	1

Batteries: Corsica, McKain, Benton and Tebbetts; Trotter, Coffman and Swift.

Cleveland	9	12	0
Chicago	3	10	4

Batteries: Smith, Eisenstat and Hemsley; Rigney and Tresh.

Philadelphia *v.* Washington rained out.

*—Nightcap.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

St. Louis	9	18	3
Pittsburgh	10	9	3

Batteries: Warneke, Hutchinson, Shoun and Padgett; Brown, Klinger, MacFayden, Lanning and Lopez.

St. Louis	6	11	1*
Pittsburgh	12	13	2

Batteries: Lanier, Doyle, Hutchison, Russell, Shoun and Cooper Owen; Butcher, Bowman and Davis.

Chicago	5	11	1†
Cincinnati	3	11	0

Batteries: Lee, Raffensberger, Passeau and Todd; Derringer, Baker and Lombardi.

Boston	6	8	1‡
Philadelphia	3	10	1

Batteries: Posedel and Berres; Pearson, Beck, Frye, Higbe and Warren.

Brooklyn	8	14	1‡
New York	4	10	0

Batteries: Fitzsimmons, Tamulis and Mancusco; Hubbell, Schumacher and Danning.

*—Nightcap. †—Ten innings. ‡—Night games.

Drastic Cricket Change Urged

Revolutionary Suggestion Enough to Make "Diehards" Explode in Anger

London, Aug. 8.

There have been many revolutionary suggestions for the brightening of cricket, but one which will probably make the "diehards" explode with anger has been put forward by a reader of the London "Star".

The correspondent, who admitted to playing ordinary stuff with varying success in the Army and the Police, says: "If, in any complete over, no run or runs are scored, four (or six) runs shall be credited to the fielding side at the end of the over."

He points out that maiden overs, accurate bowling and keen fielding are invariably applauded, and he believes they should earn something tangible in the shape of runs. "In the Army many years ago," adds the writer, "we used to play this game in preference to 'tip and run', and it really did put a kick into it."

There are many snags to the introduction of this interesting scheme, though it would hardly be practicable in a competition such as the Country Championship. In friendly games, with little or nothing at stake except the honour of winning, it might be worth trying, but undesirable tactics could be used when points or bonuses count.

What would there be to stop a skilful bowler pegging at the off-stump for over after over, and making a useful contribution to the fielding side, giving the batsmen little chance of scoring runs?—Reuter.

Teeing Off Times At Seekingjao

SATURDAY

1.16 Vice President/President
2.32 Appelboom, Isher./Snow, De Jong

SUNDAY

8.32 Isherwood, De Jong/Appel., Martin
9.36 Piper, Cheetham/President
10.32 Vice President

Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.
Detroit	63	41	.606
Cleveland	62	41	.602
Boston	54	49	.524
Chicago	50	49	.505
New York	50	50	.500
Washinton	45	57	.441
St. Louis	45	60	.429
Philadelphia	38	61	.384

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Cincinnati	63	34	.649
Brooklyn	59	40	.596
New York	51	44	.537
Chicago	53	50	.515
Pittsburgh	49	48	.505
St. Louis	47	50	.485
Boston	35	59	.372
Philadelphia	32	63	.337

—United Press.

Gene Tunney Hailed

Gene Tunney, undefeated retired heavyweight champion boxer is surrounded by members of the pro-American bloc in the American Youth Congress as he arrived at Williams Bay, Wisconsin where he denounced the American Youth Congress as "a paper organization representing labels rather than American youth with the Young Peoples Communist League the biggest label."

Hot Arguments Over Golf Courses

Vicious Practice of Making Links Almost Unplayable

Heated discussion is going on in America on the 'doctoring' of golf courses on which championships and other big events are being played. It is summed up in respect of the U.S.A. Open championship, just concluded, by this statement from a former champion:

"This practice is one of the most vicious in golf. Year after year we have to face our greatest test on a course which is totally unlike any on which we play throughout the rest of the year. . ."

Complaint is made that in a recent championship everything was done to make a difficult course even more tricky. Inspiring all this, it appears, is the fact that during the last two or three years, with developments in ball and graded club construction, courses have been 'burned up' in figures which were golfers' dreams only a few years ago. The clubs, proud of their courses, do not like to have them made look easy.

In Britain, championship courses have always been made to play their longest by putting back the tees, and in the last championship at Carnoustie which Henry Cotton won, there were loud complaints from the American golfers about a bunker in the centre of a fairway which trapped 230 yards drives! In spite of the fact that Bobby Jones won the open at St. Andrews in 1927 with 285 for the four rounds, the figures in British championship courses have kept a fairly steady level, suggesting that even the Americans have found British courses difficult enough.

Teeing Off Times At Hungjao

SATURDAY

3.10 Merrill, Boniface, Prytherch
3.30 L. Arnold, Bond, Cheetham, Step.
3.40 Ovadia, Watts, Gardener, Caulton
3.45 Cum., Smith/Wright, Bar.
3.50 Cobb, Sherwin/Rigden, Another
4.05 Powell, Bates, Silby
4.10 King, Bichard, Kent Wood
4.15 Captain/Laffond, Partners
4.25 Marsh, Ricketts, Dwyer, Carson
4.30 Mrs. Ovadia, Howell, Partner
4.25 Kruegers/Gordon, Riggs
4.50 K. M. Cumming, Reynells, Burton
4.55 Ellis Hayim, Wilsons, Glassford

SUNDAY

7.50 Ellis Hayim, Arnhold/Gordon, Riggs
8.28 Laffond, Gardener/Reynell, Gordon
8.56 Robinson, L. Arnold/Marsh, Macl.
9.32 Captain's Time/Rigden, Another
9.44 K. M. Cumming, G. Johnston/Farnsworth, Ricketts, Murray Kidd

Starting-times not listed above are reserved for personal bookings at the Clubhouse *on the day*. Members who do not require the starting-times allotted to them must inform the Secretary as soon as possible—or on the day, the Gear Boy—so that these times may be left free for other players.

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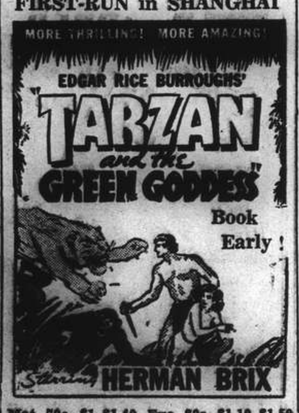
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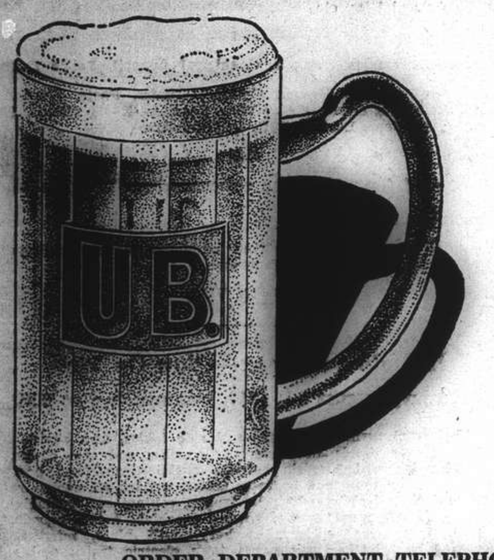

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Some few drink to live, more live to drink, but the greatest number just have a feeling that water tastes better with something in it, especially in the summer. Appreciated are the malted barley and hops which turn water into a fine and nourishing summer beverage called beer.

Another summer food-beverage is milk—which has this in common with beer, that it must be drunk cold in hot weather. But it should be drunk slowly too, and who ever heard of sipping beer? These differences are interesting. Some people imagine they are allergic to milk—in this case try adding citrate or bicarbonate of soda to the glass. One doesn't always want to be nourished, however, and those who are quite capable of wielding a knife and fork in a good cause, will view liquid refreshment as simply an extra summer pleasure. Among these are lots and lots of children. How exquisite in their eyes are the array of nobly-coloured juices owing origin to fruits the very names of which are (almost) as good as shady trees.

There is that coca-cola too, which, if it stands by its name, has in it marvellous Peruvian powers of increasing human endurance—to be recommended therefore to the notice of those who strive for mastery in swimming bath, on tennis court and other battlefields.

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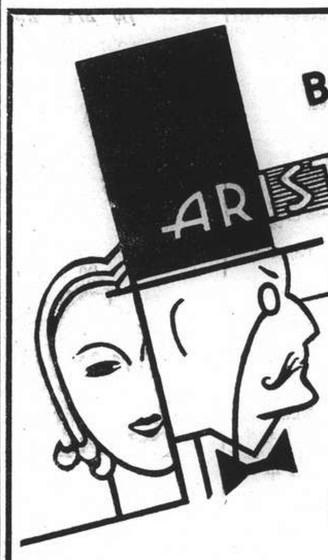

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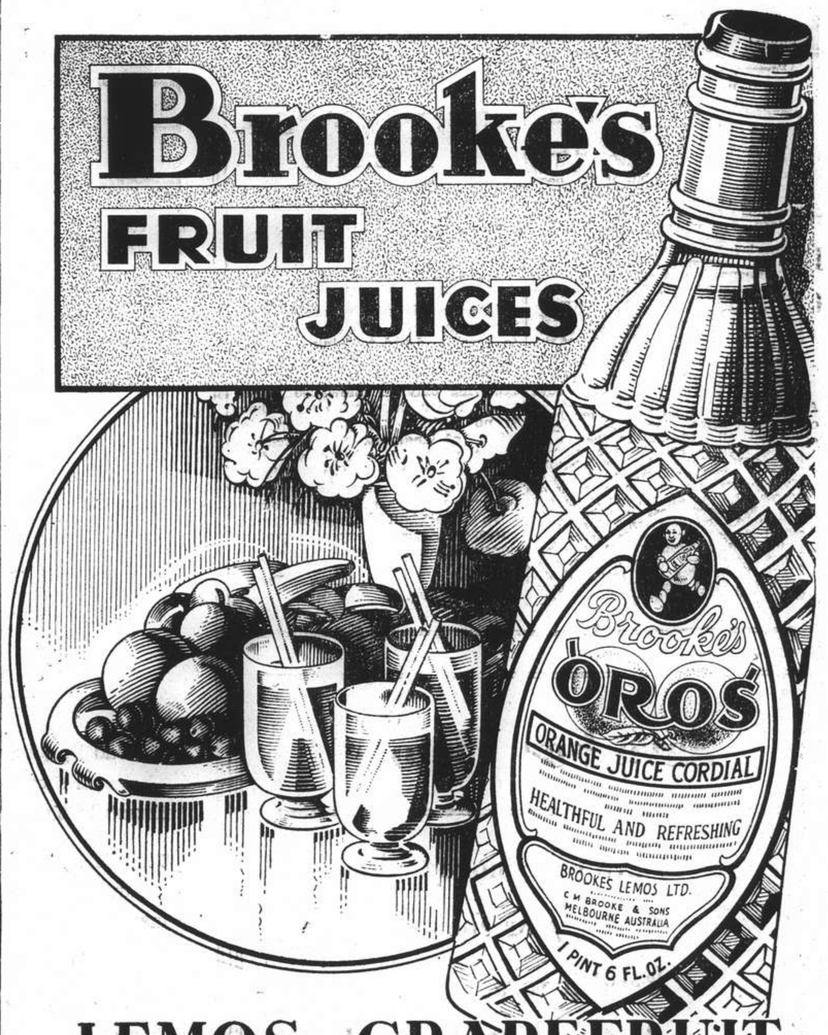

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Letters for this column should be addressed to the EDITOR, NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, 17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI, and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor."

French Collapse:
The Duty of Free Frenchmen

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—It is with deep interest I have read the recent correspondence in your esteemed journal by my compatriots regarding the present position of our beloved France.

There is little doubt that the great majority of Frenchmen living abroad know that their duty is to stand by Britain in her present heroic struggle alone against the aggressors. Frenchmen by fighting alongside Britain are not only helping Britain, our ally, but helping to free France, for a victorious Britain will see the invaders out of our country.

I compliment you on your leaderette of August 6, in which you rightly state:—

> There can be nothing but the severest criticism of a man who has reduced France to her present predicament, nothing but the highest praise for those Frenchmen,—the majority it is believed,—who still remain faithful to all that the Anglo-French Alliance has stood for these last thirty-five years.

I also appreciate indeed your kind thoughts when you further state:—

> And the criticism of Marshal Petain must be all the severer because of the fact that no one yet knows,—and it is the British determination that it shall never be known,—what was to be the ultimate price France would have to pay for this present armistice. Hitler has not disclosed his peace terms to France. He will never have the opportunity...

It is with thanks that we note the "North-China Daily News" has carefully refrained from any criticism of the French people as a whole.

I know England, I have lived there, I know what Englishmen are made of....the R.A.F. and the Navy are daily demonstrating it, Britain will win.

It is truly comforting for us French to read such sympathy for our country not only in your journal but in the English papers to hand.

Men such as your outstanding and courageous Churchill have the confidence of the vast majority of Frenchmen, and the most inspiring Message to Britain by Lord Gort must have have been read by all Frenchmen with a sense of profound admiration.

It is the duty of all free Frenchmen to join force with Britain and with our gallant General De Gaulle in England, and if the French in France could do so it would be by millions that the call would be answered.

God bless and long live Great Britain.

UN PARISIEN.

Shanghai Aug. 8.

British Confidence:
More of B.B.C. Broadcast

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—On Wednesday you published the views of three British working men on the war as given in "The Listener"; I send you today what seems to me an even more remarkable statement by an English farmer, also published in "The Listener". It brings before one's eyes in almost startling clearness the quiet, the beauty and the glory of the English country-side now so seriously endangered.

After reading this it is almost depressing to realize that all some of us can do is to subscribe to the War Funds. It seems a poor way to help England.

W.C.C.

Shanghai, Aug. 8.

Farmer.

For well over 200 years my family has lived in the same village. My grandfather and father were tenant farmers and small tradesmen. I grew up on a farm on the chalk hills of south England. Not a very good farm, not too well farmed perhaps, certainly not very profitable; but it has been ours beyond dispute as long as we paid our rent and kept the King's peace. The hills I farm were ploughed before history. The village must have been the same size at the time of the Domesday Book. All my life I have had that background and a tradition of permanence and freedom.....

In the beginning, I just went on with my job in the reserved occupation of agriculture, and left the rest to the Army, Navy and Air Force. Now I have talked to the men of the B.E.F. back from Flanders: fellows with whom I have played hockey and cricket in peace time; decent, kindly chaps who like a glass of beer; boys who played a good clean sporting game and held no malice for hard knocks. Some are dead, some maimed, all had that in their eyes which shamed me. I have worked hard—harder than I thought possible. I have given up certain pleasures. My superiors say that the number of people who can do my job is limited and that I serve best by doing what I am told. But how can I sleep on a soft bed, eat good meals, enjoy hot water and cleanliness and decency, when these boys, who have hardly begun their lives, are facing death for us? I don't mean I want to save them, but I want to go with them. We men of 35-40 are stronger than they are, and we have lived the best of our lives. It's hard to imagine that there might even be a German army in England. In your own village, on your farm, in your own garden. This spring was the very loveliest of all springs, but it seems as if the very trees would bow and wither in a beaten land. How could we walk in our fields as servants of this tyranny? In my village you can look up and see where two farm tracks have cut a mile-long cross of St. Andrews in the chalk of the hillside. I don't go to Church much. I don't quite know what I believe—except this: that our little stone church at the foot of that cross must be filled with free men saying the grand old words their fathers said, and if the cross on the hillside is to be twisted into the pagan abomination of the swastika, then it would be better if the church was empty for ever, with no Englishman or woman alive to attend it.

Rice Swindle:
Old Lady Defrauded

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Will you kindly publish the following to let the public know what is commonly prevailing in this city.

One afternoon a man aged about 30, properly dressed, came to our passage to tout for the sale of rice. My neighbour, an old lady, was attracted by the sample of rice and satisfied with the price, about $7 or $8 cheaper than the usual, determined to purchase three piculs.

But the swindler pretentiously remarked in a cordial manner, that he could only allow her two piculs for the rice which he brought directly from his native place was not sufficient for his regular customers. Both agreed cash on delivery the next day.

Indeed, the swindler accompanied by a coolie fashioned after a rice shop assistant, who carried four bags of rice on a wheelbarrow, reached at the fixed time the said lady's home to execute the purchase. Then he pretended to gossip with the lady while the coolie under the watchful eye of the maidservant transported bag by bag to the upstairs room. As in the usual way, the cheat, taking advantage of the coolie's absence, suddenly asked the aged lady to pay the amount at once for he had no time to waste on account of an urgent affair to be settled somewhere. $12? was paid him and he swiftly went out. When transportation had been finished, the woman was astonished by the coolie's demand for the rice money. She explained it to him, but he answered that that fellow, who he believed to be her family member was not his shop master and he did not know anything about him. Both were defrauded.

CHIEN YONG-SHENG.

Shanghai, Aug. 8.

Sun Dials:
Information Wanted

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—A sun dial, as one knows consists of a flat surface, placed upright on a wall, or horizontally in a garden, on which are marked the hours and subdivisions. There is also a style or gnomon placed on the surface to throw a shadow.

I believe the latitude of the district has a determining effect on the amount of angle to the surface to ensure a correct or suitable shadow at any part of the sun's declination.

Would any reader, if possible, let me have the data I seek for upright and horizontal sundials?

ENERGETIC.

Shanghai, Aug. 7.

***ENERGETIC will find all the information he desires in the Encyclopedia Britannica.—ED.

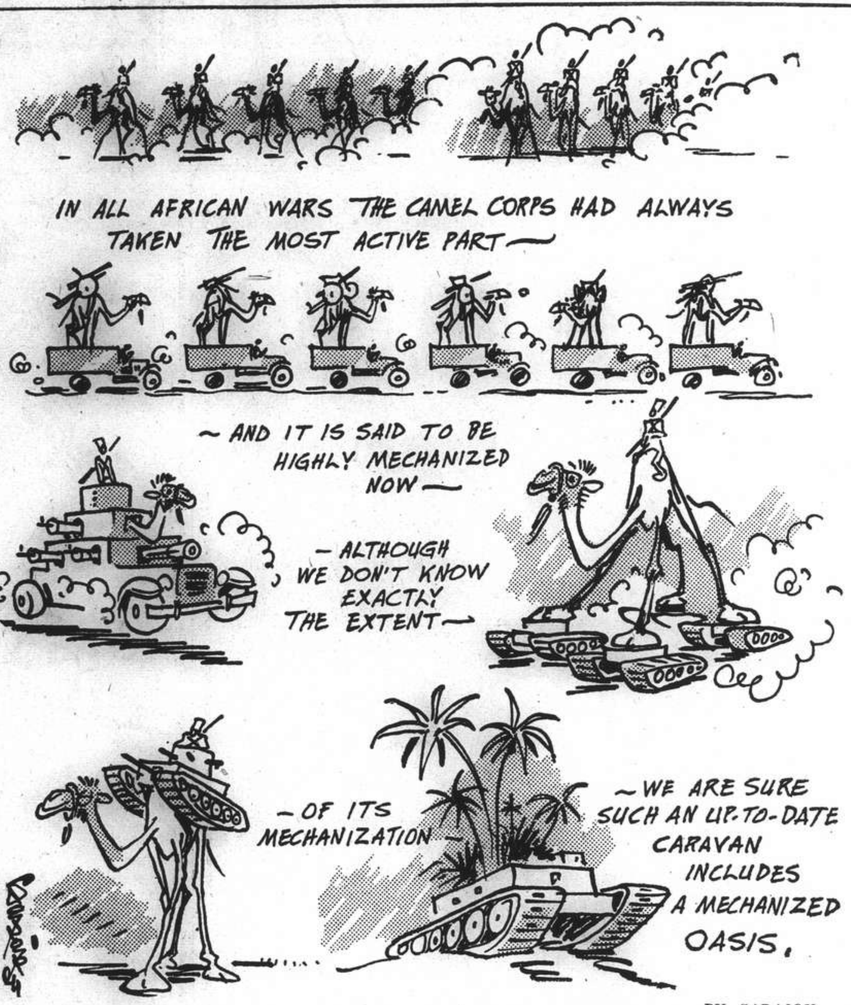
Rising H.C.L.:
And Payment of Employees

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Headlines of a recent article in your publication: "H.C.L. Continues to Soar". I dread to think how high the cost of living will rise this coming winter. Those of us who are receiving only an allowance to our salary will be hard hit because there is no curbing the profiteering instincts of landlords, coal merchants, etc. A reasonable solution would be for heads of firms to think seriously on the matter of according all their employees, whether British or otherwise, at least half their pay in foreign currency. After all expenses are expenses whatever one's nationality!

CHICKEN FEED

Shanghai, Aug. 7.


IN ALL AFRICAN WARS THE CAMEL CORPS HAD ALWAYS TAKEN THE MOST ACTIVE PART—
~AND IT IS SAID TO BE HIGHLY MECHANIZED NOW—
—ALTHOUGH WE DON'T KNOW EXACTLY THE EXTENT—
—OF ITS MECHANIZATION—
~WE ARE SURE SUCH AN UP-TO-DATE CARAVAN INCLUDES A MECHANIZED OASIS.
BY SAPAJOU

The Camel Corps

"Discussin' Cussin'":
A Reader's Reformation

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I feel we own PONTEFRACT our thanks for drawing attention to the growing habit of using what he rightly terms "meaningless profanity." I was reminded of his letter as I listened to the animadversions of my golfing partner yesterday on the subject of the greens and the Greens' Committee. His language was really quite unsuitable for the Sabbath.

I fear that myself am not blameless in this matter, as during the last war, I acquired the traditional British military habit of swearing in Flanders, a habit which, alas, has never quite left me. Yesterday, however, the recollection of PONTEFRACT'S letter made me endeavour to curb my tongue, so that, by the time we reached the 7th, the disappearance of a new Kroflite into the "la-li-lung" village on the left merely elicited the remark "Tut, I really shall have to use cheaper balls."

Tactful introduction of the subject of newspaper correspondence enabled quietly to draw my partner's attention to the matter, with the result that, during the afternoon round, the failure of a slightly somnolent fore-caddie to locate a virgin Dunlop 65 merely evoked from him the remark, "The poor little fellow can't find it, I expect he's tired."

If other 20 handicap players will absorb a little of the spirit of PONTEFRACT'S letter, I feel that the wide open spaces will soon have a cleaner and purer atmosphere.

B 20.

Shanghai, Aug. 5.

Local Etiquette:
Another Grave Breach?

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In your issue of August 6 you published a report of certain statements made by the Japanese spokesman at Monday's Press Conference, violently attacking, "On behalf of the Japanese Consul-General Mr. Miura," the explanation issued by the Acting Senior Consul of the resolution recently passed by the Consular Body.

This seems rather peculiar in view of Mr. Miura's original complaint that the publication of Mr. Keswick's letter before its receipt by the individual members of the Consular Body, constituted a grave breach of etiquette.

For Mr. Miura, or his representative, to burst into publicity with a serious charge against the honesty of the doyen of the Consular Body is surely a far more serious breach of etiquette. If Mr. Miura considers Mr. Scheel's explanation inaccurate, one would imagine that the correct procedure would be for him to take the matter up with his colleagues on the Consular Body and, in the event of his contentions being supported, to insist on an amended explanation being given out officially.

A violent public attack on his senior colleague is surely neither dignified nor consistent with the accepted rules of diplomatic procedure.

Apparently another case of the pot calling the kettle black.

LOGIC

Shanghai, Aug. 8.

***Several letters have been held over owing to pressure on space.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," OF AUGUST 9, 1870

We hear that a race has been arranged between Mr. Snowden of the Pilot schooner New York, and Mr. Kofod of the Pilot cutter Maggie—from the Harbour Master's hulk at Shanghai to Nagasaki and back, for Tls. 100 a side. Each man to be in charge of his own vessel, the race to come off August 20.

B.B.C.

Shanghai Summer Time	Wave length	Frequency	Call sign
1.55 to 5.15	19.60 m.	15.31 mc.	GSP
7.40 to 10.45	19.82 m.	15.14 mc.	GSF
11.00 to 1.30	19.82 m.	15.15 mc.	GSF

3.15 p.m. on GSP—Full News Bulletin
5.00 p.m. on GSP—News Summary
8.30 p.m. on GSF—Full News Bulletin
10.00 p.m. on GSF—News Summary
1.00 a.m. on GSF—Full News Bulletin

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Today at 12
Various music.
Overture: "Preciosa" (Weber).
Invitation to the dance (Weber).
Naila (Delibes).
Powdered Walz (Poppy).
Unrequited love (Lincke).
Siguard Josalfar (Grieg).
Polichinelle (Rachmaninoff).
Baigneuses au soleil (de Severac).
Rhapsody in blue (Gershwin).
St. Louis Blues.
Love for sale.
I wanna make rythm.
O boum.
The umbrella man.
They say.
Por qué.
Caminito.
The skaters.
Ever or never.
The letters to be burnt.
The barrel organ.
Our love lane.
Song on the sea.
The snow.
Swingalero.

Tonight at 9
Classic music concert.
Old style fresh love songs.
Madaud, Fontenailles, Béranger, Chaminade, Delmet, Fierre, Dupont, Flégier, Goublier, Tosti.

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12.45 News Bulletin in English
1.30 News in German
1.45-2.00 German Programme
2.00 Close down
5.00-6.00 Chinese Programme
6-6.30 Foreign Language Programme
6.30-7.00 English Programme
7.00-7.45 French Programme
7.30-7.45 News in French
7.45-10.30 English Programme
7.45-8.00 News Bulletin in English
9.30-10.00 Commentary in English on the Day's News
10-10.30 English Programme
10.30-11.15 Russian Programme
10.45 News in Russian
11.15-11.45 German Programme
11.30 News in German
11.45-12.00 English Programme
12.00 Close down

TODAY
6-6.30 Czech Programme.
8-9.00 The Week's Symphony Concert arranged by Anne Arkwright.
10-10.30 Dance Music.

TOMORROW
6-6.30 Spanish Programme.
8.30-9.00 The Art of Douglas Byng.
9-9.30 Dance Music.
10-10.30 Dance Music.

SUNDAY, AUG. 11
6-6.30 Hungarian Programme.
8.30-9.00 Programe of Organ Music arranged by Peter Gracey.
9-9.30 The Weekly Service.
10-10.30 "Mood and Rhythm"—Programme arranged by Carol Arkwright.

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IN CARGO SALESROOM
To-day, Friday, August 9, 1940, at 2.30 p.m.
General Merchandise and Sundries
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A large quantity of condemned clothing:—Tunics, Pants, Shorts, Capes, Greatcoats, Raincoats, Overalls, Sleevelets, Leggings, Boots, Futons, Blankets, Coverlets, Tyres, Fans, Leather Belts and Holsters,
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Will be sold for a/c of the concerned at 2.30 p.m. sharp
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1 Fine tone upright piano by Kirkman, 1 "R.C.A." 8-tube radio set 110/220v.
1 Pr. "The Century" binoculars 8 x 30. 1 "Corona" Portable typewriter

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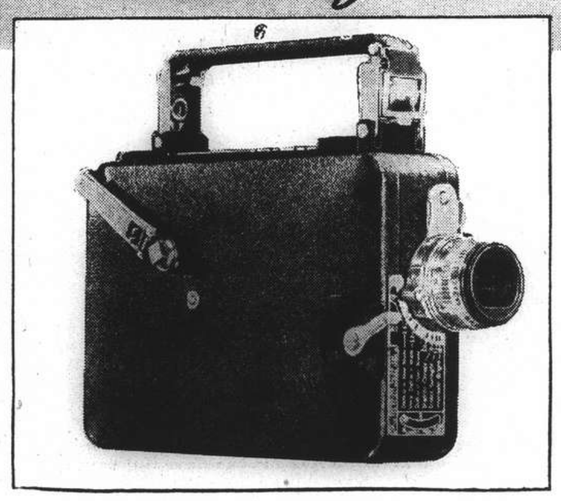

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

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IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

TEMPTING BAIT

Two of the most singular stories in connection with the war emanate from the United States, and while there may be some doubt as to their actual veracity, they are not by any means improbable. The first is that Germany, Italy, Japan and Russia have a working agreement providing for the division of the spoils in the event of Great Britain and China being defeated. It is apparent that the Axis Powers have been doing a great deal of wishful thinking, and indeed counting their chickens before they are hatched. Japan, according to these reports, would be assured a hegemony over the Far East; Russia would have Afghanistan and India; Germany would have the western continent including Scandinavia, Central Europe, and northern Spain; and Italy would inherit Turkey and north Africa; Southern Africa would be divided between Italy and Germany, Italy controlling the Mediterranean. Hitler the Atlantic, and Japan the Pacific. It is all apparently to be just as simple as that. But a great deal will have to happen before anything of the nature occurs, for Great Britain is certainly not defeated yet, and there is every reason to believe that she will not be. The only comment necessary seems to be that if the leaders of the Axis Powers really do think along such lines, there is no particular harm in their doing so, though they will be brought soon enough to a realization that there is a very wide gap between thinking and acting.

The second story is even more interesting. A writer to the "Washington Post" declares that the German Ambassador to Tokyo, General Eugen Ott twice called upon Prince Konoye, before he took office, and demanded the appointment of General Oshima, former Japanese Ambassador to Germany, as Foreign Minister, and the elimination of all liberal elements from the Japanese Cabinet, the *quid pro quo* being Axis help in securing control over the Netherlands East Indies. General Oshima did not receive the suggested appointment. While there is nothing available to confirm this story, it should be pointed out that it is by no means unlikely. The German influence in Japan has grown remarkably of late, and there is not the slightest doubt that Germany is making a strong bid to obtain the active intervention of Japan in this war. It may be asked why this should be the case, and the answer, very patently, is that Hitler fully realizes the defeat he is faced with, and is prepared to make all sorts of promises to those he may be able to persuade to assist him in his present predicament. The world fully realizes exactly what worth is to be attached to his promises and those nations likely to be induced to pull the chestnuts out of the fire for him should realize that there is not the slightest likelihood of those promises being fulfilled.

The notorious bad faith of Hitler renders it more than likely that those who stand by him would, in the event of his proving successful in this present struggle, find themselves completely betrayed when he considered himself strong enough to do so. The fact is that Germany is in no condition to give Japan any assistance in the Far East. Nor is Italy. They have both more than they can conveniently handle at the present time, and the Japanese would do well to remember that fact. If the report in the "Washington Post" is correct it should give the Japanese furiously to think, for a more direct intervention in the domestic affairs of a friendly nation it is difficult to conceive. The point is well made that should Germany emerge victorious from this war, which she will not, the Japanese could expect as little freedom as any other country in the new world order which Hitler is endeavouring to create. It must not be forgotten that a German hegemony over Europe is but the first step towards the fulfilment of the grandiose ambitions which Hitler seeks to gratify. He desires nothing less than the subjection of the whole world to Germany, and that includes Japan, just as much as it does the United States. The division of the world as suggested above, would be economically unsound, even from a German point of view for it would place sources of essential supplies completely under Japanese control, such as indiarubber, tin and the like. Nor, for the same reason would Germany long encourage Japanese expansion in the Far East, and the only conclusion is that Germany is indulging in a lot of fair promises for the purpose of catching gulls.

BRITISH ECONOMICS

The complete frankness with which the members of the British Cabinet deal with the various phases of the present situation in addressing the House of Commons has again been demonstrated by Mr. Arthur Greenwood, Minister without Portfolio, in initiating a discussion on economic organization. It is, for example, highly significant when a Minister says "War of this kind and complexity, invoiving the whole population, calls for economic organization on a scale unknown in the past, and, I am prepared to admit, not yet fully achieved in the present." Such an admission, confessing that further progress has to be made before the British economic situation has been fully developed to meet the exigences of war, must prove satisfactory to all Britons as evidence that they are being taken as fully as possible into the confidence of the Government, save where military necessity demands the fullest prudence. It must always be borne in mind that Germany has been on a war footing for five years past, and that when she embarked upon this war there was no need whatever to change over from a system of peace economics to those of war.

She had, therefore, an initial advantage in this respect, and it serves to place the responsibility for this struggle exactly where it belongs, for obviously Hitler was conditioning his people for the war which he contemplated all along. But despite all his endeavours he will be unable to escape the inevitable fate, which the pressure Britain is applying through the blockade ensures. The pinch will come sooner or later, possibly sooner than some people, especially the Germans, appear to believe, and it will be then for the world to see how well the German people will be able to stand up under it. Five years of war economy, and the prospect of a long war ahead cannot be particularly comforting to the Germans who realize how hollow their successes have been up to the present. These have brought them no more butter, but rather the need for more guns and the sacrifices necessitated by providing them. Great Britain on the other hand has not yet reached the peak of her war effort. It is not so closely set about as is Germany. The resources of the whole world are at her disposal for the purchasing and fetching. Of all that the bloated Reich is completely deprived, except what small assistance it may be able to secure from the Balkans and Russia. The latter has proved a dismal disappointment to Hitler, and the thin trickle of goods which Germany does obtain is in no way sufficient to repair the enormous wastage which the demands of totalitarian war necessarily create.

Nevertheless there is great wisdom in so adapting the resources of the country as to enable them to be devoted solely to the important task of winning this war. That involves a complete reconsideration of the normal peace-time policies with regard to the country's trade. Imports have to be reduced to a minimum, while exports have to be encouraged as much as possible in order to obtain the necessary exchange with which to continue financing the struggle. Hence the gradual change over in the employment of labour in Great Britain and the increased devotion of attention to the production of goods essential to the export trade. Early in the year the "Economist" declared that Britain was caught in a crisis of production, and to have got as far as it could under the existing system. Since then there has been a decided change and the mobilization of the nation's resources in men and material has proceeded at what is now considered a satisfactory pace. There is still much to be done. The will to do it is there, and, under the energetic leadership of the present Cabinet, it is expected that there will be no stint in the provision of those things which are necessary for the prosecution of the war. The manner in which the British have responded to the heavy taxation laid upon them, and the appeals of the Government for subscriptions to the various war loans clearly demonstrate that Britons are wholly behind their Government in the determination that the struggle shall continue until the enemy has been defeated, and justice again restored to the world.

Local Spy Scare

The "Tairiku Shimpo," a local Japanese daily which has been notable at times for the manner in which it reads unaccountable meanings into the news, has announced that the Special Branch of the S.M.P. is nothing more than an organ of the British Secret Service. It charges that the Branch gives the results of its investigations only to the British, and that when Japanese apply for information, they are invariably refused. The Branch, the daily goes on to assert, is an espionage service for the British, which is being run at the expense of the international community of Shanghai. "Although the S.M.C. is an international institution, the British subjects in its service are conducting themselves in an arbitrary manner and with much self-complacency.....It is a curious fact that this subject has never been taken up for discussion up to the present," the journal concludes. Of course, one reason for this "curious fact" may be that there is not an atom of truth in any of the charges, and the comment of the "Tairiku Shimpo" would have been dismissed with the contempt it deserves, were it not for the fact that it coincides with alleged spy-hunts elsewhere, and a remarkable series of charges against the Salvation Army, which is also regarded as a branch of the British Secret Service by some of the newspapers published in Tokyo, and by the "Sin Shun Pao," published in Shanghai. So far as the Salvation Army is concerned, this charge is, of course, only a repetition of the charge made by the Germans in the last war, and has been proved totally groundless. The fact that the Salvation Army has been so attacked, however, is pretty clear indication of the Nazi inspiration behind these spy charges —of which more may be said on another occasion. Reverting to the Special Branch, it is not possible to give details of their operations, since there are many gangsters and agitators in Shanghai who would dearly love to know all about them. It is sufficient to say that it is an important department of the Municipal Police which performs an essential duty in the preservation of law and order in Shanghai.

A Merciful Intent

Now that the U. S. House of Representatives has passed and sent to the Senate a Bill authorising United States' ships to enter belligerent waters to evacuate child refugees, it is possible that the Senate will concur and the proposed measure become law. It will be remembered that when the British Government first adopted the scheme of sending children abroad, it had to be dropped for the time being because the necessity of convoying the vessels threw an extra burden upon the British Navy. Should the United States legislature decide that American vessels may be engaged in this work of mercy it will mean that for this one specific purpose American ships will be allowed to enter belligerent areas. The attitude of Germany towards this development remains to be seen, but it is doubtful whether Hitler would do anything to ensure the safety of vessel engaged in such a humanitarian work. On the other hand it might prove exceptionally dangerous for him were any U-boat to seek to interfere with American shipping so employed, for nothing would be calculated to enrage the people of the United States than the knowledge that warlike action had been taken against ships performing so merciful a function. It is to be hoped that, if such action makes possible the evacuation of many children from the British Isles, the greatest care will be taken by the British authorities to see that there is no possibility of a repetition of the charge of discrimination which was made in Parliament in connection with the few hundreds of children it was possible to send overseas before the plan had to be discontinued. Be that as it may the fact that it may be possible to remove many children from the danger which threatens them will bring relief to many a parent, especially as the repeated raids on south-west England, where so many children were sent, suggests that they are already the unhappy recipients of the attentions of the German airman.

STRAY NOTES

Weihaiwei July 22.—The mushroom is the most provoking, perplexing, pernicketty plant ever created to break the heart of a gardener: every year I try to grow mushrooms from spawn, and every year they just turn round and laugh at me: this year a little of the spawn blew out of the bowl in which I carried it across the lawn; so a beautiful mushroom grew up in the middle of the grass where no mushroom ever grew before, while the only thing which came out of the carefully prepared mushroom-bed was a handful of toadstools: it's most provoking. I must also note that whereas I seldom find mushrooms growing here in the lowlands where cattle are grazed, I often find them up in the barren hillsides where they seem to grow just for spite: so I looked up some facts about mushrooms, and this is what I found. The mushroom is a *saphrophytic fungus*, which means that it is a plant which feeds upon decaying matter: it is first cousin to the green streaks in a Gorgonzola cheese and to all other forms of mould: the true plant grows beneath the surface like a mass of tiny veins and only the reproductive organs appear above the earth: the *spores* (which take the place of seeds) are produced on the gills beneath the well-known "umbrella" which we eat (Nature's anticipation of our familiar "brolly"): the spores are so tiny that a large mushroom can produce ten thousand million of them, and these are carried through the air to immense heights by the wind....hence the mushrooms in the hills: and hence this story once told me by the Bishop of Fulham. In Spain he was treated by a Spaniard to a delicious breakfast of mushrooms on toast and fresh milk: so next day he went back to the same restaurant to order the same meal: being unable to speak Spanish he drew a picture of two mushrooms and a cow (to represent the milk): after a long pause, and much waving of arms in the effort to interpret his wishes, the waiter brought him two umbrellas and a ticket for the Bull-fight. So that will be all about mushrooms which have brought me enough trouble already.—E.S.W.

DERBY-SIRED WINNERS

History of 20 Years Racing

At ordinary times, a racing journalist who successfully forecasts the result of the Derby feels that he has fulfilled one of his chief responsibilities. The Derby presents a fair test to his judgment; all the runners have been specially prepared for the race and their public form is thoroughly exposed to his view, says the "Field." It was these factors which prompted a man, who for many years was a remarkably successful professional backer, to say that if one had any confidence in one's knowledge and judgment of racing the Derby was beyond all races the occasion for a big bet. "You've got to make up your mind," he added, "which of the best class three-year-olds will stay the mile and a half. As a rule it is not difficult to eliminate most of them accurately on that score and there are not many left from which to choose."

However sound one's judgment and however well-informed one may be about probable runners and stable plans, much can happen before and after one's words appear in print to render them unsatisfactory both to the writer and his readers and one is not unmindful of the unique and additional uncertainty which besets a Derby forecast this year.

It is a notable fact, however, that the sires of nearly all modern Derby winners have been of the very highest class as race-horses, though only a small proportion gained the distinction of a Derby triumph. Since 1919 five of 21 winners of the great race were sired by stallions who themselves had won the Derby. They were Grand Parade (Orby), Spion Kop (Spearmint), Felstead (Spion Kop), Hyperion (Gainsborough) and Mahmoud (Blenheim). But consider the sires of the others. Hurry On, with three Derby winners, Captain Cuttle, Coronach and Call Boy to his credit was unbeaten and unquestionably the best three-year-old of 1916 when he won the substitute St. Leger.

Blandford Difficult to Train

Blandford, sire of Trigo, Blenheim, Windsor Lad and Bahram, did not run for any classic race, being difficult to train, but he was successful in both his races as a three-year-old and was undoubtedly one of the best of his age at the time he won the Princess of Wales's Stakes. The St. Leger of that year was won by a comparatively bad horse, Royal Lancer, and it is reasonable to assume that, in the absence of the Derby winner Captain Cuttle, Blandford would have been good enough, if he had stood training to take that classic prize. Silurian, who was second in the St. Leger, had been unplaced, in the Princess of Wales's Stakes to Blandford, when the latter was giving him 7lb.

Swynford, sire of a Derby winner in Sansovino—and incidentally sire of Blandford—has been described by George Lambton as "far and away the best I have ever trained." Swynford was running for the first time that year and was badly struck into in the Derby of 1910. He was unplaced, but it was not until he won the Hardwicke at Ascot that his rise to brilliance began and he was successful in the St. Leger. Tracery, sire of Papyrus, Solario, sire of Midday Son, and Fairway, sire of Blue Peter, were St. Leger winners. Solario proved to be the best horse of his day and Fairway, despite his astonishing failure in the Derby, was the best of his year.

Of the remaining Derby winners of the last 21 years, Humorist was by Polymelus, a very distinguished racehorse, but Phalaris, the sire of Manna, ran chiefly in handicaps during the last war. His son Pharos was second to Papyrus in the Derby and became the sire of a Derby winner in Cameronian. April the Fifth was by Craig an Eran, winner of the Two Thousand Guineas and second for the Derby, while the French sire Vatout, who was responsible for a Derby winner in Bois Roussel, won the Poule d'Essai des Poulains, the race corresponding to the Two Thousand Guineas. That completes the list between the two wars.

IN PARENTHESIS

On the Home Grounds

HEARD in London after the French capitulation: London bus driver: "What're yer grumbling at? We've reached the finals, ain't we? We're playing at 'ome, ain't we?"

* * *

Points of Enemy Planes

ENGINES three or engines four? There's Nazi at the door. If the fly's head comes in view, may be paratroopers too. If the wings as swallows lie, still a Nazi is the cry; And among the other things, Nazis like the square clipped wings. Britain's planes have underparts black as any Nazi hearts.—London "Daily Despatch."

* * *

Those Imps, Again

A of the 14 first-omers were aduts. The hospita's pediatri department wi be opened in a few days. Notwithstanding the preponderane of women among the pioneer 14, no maternity ases were admitted yesterday. That department wi go into operation this morning for the first time. —"Washington Post."

* * *

Diary of a Worm

WORM joins Parashots. Gets rifle, ammunition and uniform, and arrives home smirking in battledress. Wife takes one look at rifle, screams, seizes baby worm and locks herself in nursery.

Astonished worm at last persuades wife to come out. Wife says, "Oh, so this is what silly show-off worm has been waiting for is it? Instead of joining A.R.P. at beginning of war like self-sacrificing patriotic gas manager, fitting masks and giving confidence to public, worm is going to terrify neighbours with gun and shame wife by looking fool in common overalls and babyish cap. If worm wanted to join army why couldn't worm be officer in proper clothes instead of going about looking like garage hand."

In any case, even if worm does wear silly medal ribbons, wife quite sure nobody will believe worm capable of handling gun, specially as worm can't even handle tin opener without cutting useless hands.

And if worm thinks German parachute troops are going to be frightened of ridiculous middle-aged worm creeping about lanes at night playing at cowboys and Indians, worm is fooling himself. More likely German will blow worm's head off before worm can pull trigger, and then wife will be left widow to starve to death in gutter.

Wife, of course, can see how it all happened. Worm has been in low tavern with cadging worm friends boasting about last war, and then worm and low friends, in disgusting state of intoxication, and feeling very brave, joined up.

If worm works at office all day and walks about all night worm will have nervous breakdown through lack of sleep and then worm will lose job. And, in any case, what is use of soldier with nervous breakdown?

If worm were not selfish, egotistical show-off worm, he would have thought of wife first. Instead of spending nights staring at sky, or, what is more likely, drinking himself to death in house of witty worm friend, worm might have stayed at home to protect wife instead of leaving her to face invaders alone with baby worm.

Depressed worm picks up rifle and walks out into night on first patrol.

—Gubbins in the "Sunday Express."

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But with sensitive children there are ***dangers*** *that have to be watched during childhood*

WHEN a child is highly-strung and sensitive, it depends in many ways on you whether he'll develop into a fine human being or not.

You see, a highly-strung child has got all the qualities that are necessary to put him far and away ahead of other children. He's alert, quick on the up-take, keen in his reactions.

But it is in this very mental and physical make-up of the child that the danger lies. He lives more intensely, reacts more vividly to every little thing in his surroundings. That's why the bringing up of such children needs far more insight on the part of the parents than the bringing-up of ordinary children.

Many such brilliant children have failed in life. They've grown up weak, easily-led and over-sensitive, simply because their parents did not understand certain health warnings in childhood.

When you notice that your child is off his food, or that he looks pale, puffy under the eyes, that he's rather nervous and irritable or gets tired too easily, then you should act quickly.

All these are warning signs that the child is using up his nervous energy more quickly than he's replacing it. **And it is at night, during sleep,** that these stores of nervous energy should be replaced. If they are not replaced, the nervous strain on the child gets worse and worse. He is suffering from Night Starvation.

If you give your child Horlicks every night at bedtime, his tiredness, paleness and "nerviness" will disappear. Horlicks, by guarding against Night Starvation, replaces nervous energy during sleep, strengthens nerves, and builds appetite. Your child will grow up strong and healthy, able to make the most of his special qualities.

Start your child on Horlicks tonight. Horlicks is obtainable at all good stores.

LC-3

FROM DAY TO DAY

MR. and MRS. J. B. Sulingaerd sailed with their two daughters for Chinwangtao on Wednesday on board the S.S. Tonjer.

AN armed trio held up a lone Chinese on Columbia Road shortly after 7.15 p.m. on Wednesday and robbed him of his bicycle and wristwatch.

THE campaign to raise money to purchase a permanent site for the Shanghai Y.W.C.A. is progressing in spite of difficulties in the way of such an effort at the present time. The sum of $57,000 has been collected so far and the leaders of the campaign are determined to keep on until the final goal is reached.

THE torrential rain at noon on Wednesday flooded several streets in the Settlement and Concession, and caused some minor accidents, such as over-turned rickshas and car collisions. The Nanking-Chekiang Roads district was badly flooded and considerably restricted the activities of shoppers and pedestrians alike.

BOUNTIFUL crops, the result of sufficient rainfall, are expected to be harvested in Anhwei and Kiangsu provinces during the latter part of this year, it was revealed by local Chinese rice merchant circles yesterday, says the "Sin Wan Pao." It is anticipated by local rice merchants that the good yield in crops will cause a general downward trend in local market prices.

THE Municipal Brass Band will play the following programme in Public Garden on Friday, August 9, 1940 commencing at 6 p.m. (weather permitting):

Overture "Le Pianiste" ..... Kling
Two Hungarian Dances ..... Brahms
Romance "Ecoutez-moi" ..... Kappey
Liebeslied (Love Song) ..... Klay
Interval
Selection "Little Jack Sheppard" .. Lutz
Intermezzo "Hearts and Flowers" Tobani

MR. Tan Kah-kee, Chairman of the China Relief Association in Singapore and his party, following their arrival from Chungking, are making a round of inspection to study reconstruction progress in Kunning, capital of Yunnan, says a message to the "Sin Wan Pao." The party paid a call on General Lung Yun, Chairman of the Yunnan Provincial Government, yesterday morning.

A PARTY of 10 Chinese youths, representing the Hongkong Youth Corps, presented a sword to General Chiang Kai-shek at Chungking yesterday, as a token of profound respect, says a message from Chungking to the "Shun Pao." Following an impressive ceremony performed at the headquarters of the Kuomintang, Mr. Yeh Chu-tsang, Secretary-General of the Kuomintang, received the sword on behalf of the Generalissimo.

AMONG the passengers who arrived in Shanghai on board the President Cleveland yesterday were Lieutenant Commanders A. Ageton and L. Bibby. Through passengers included Mr. W. E. Worth, vice-president of the International Harvester Company, Mr. Eugene Barnett, executive secretary of the International Y.M.C.A., Lieutenant Commander C. B. McVay, Lieutenant K. T. Gould, U.S. Army Attaché to the American Embassy at Tokyo, Captain. A. E. O'Neil and Lieutenant Commaner C. L. Atkeson.

ALL goods exported from Hongkong are being temporarily prohibited from entering Kwangchowan by order of the French authorities, says a message from Hongkong to the "Ta Mei Wan Pao." Live-stock, hitherto shipped to Hongkong from Kwangchowan, has also decreased in volume, as a result of this new ruling. The French authorities have issued this order on the ground that present stocks of goods at Kwangchowan are sufficient to meet the requirements of the population.

PREPARATIONS are being jointly made by the Tao Kaiun Kaisha and the Nippon Yusan Kaisha to inaugurate regular shipping services between Amoy, Swatow, Canton, Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok, says a report to the "Sin Wan Pao." The service is expected to be started shortly. Meanwhile, the N.Y.K. is rushing plans to strengthen her shipping services between Japan, Hongkong, British Malaya, San Francisco and Manila in order to compete with American and European shipping services.

Under the auspices of the Ashkenazi Jewish Communal Association and the various Shanghai Zionist Associations a memorial service for the late Mr. Vladimir Jabotinsky, Jewish leader, writer and champion of Jewish renaissance, who died on August 3, at New York, will be held at the Ohel Rachel Synagogue, 500 Seymour Road, on Sunday 11th inst. at 5.30 p.m. During the service Cantor S. Antmann, assisted by the "Hazomir" choir, will render appropriate hymns. Coreligionists and friends are invited to attend.

THE news that the Cathay Mansions tea-room has now installed an air conditioning plant will be gratefully received by many in the city, for it is the ideal place to drop in for refreshment during shopping tours or visits to the theatres. Delicious cuisine is the keynote of the Cathay Mansions tea-room, being under capable foreign supervision and up to the well-known Cathay standards. Now, ideally air-conditioned, it is expected that shoppers and pleasure-seekers alike will make good use of this handy cafeteria, so conveniently located.

A NATIONAL military conference, in which all important Chinese military commanders will participate, has been summoned by the Chinese High Command to be held in Chungking sometime next week, for the purpose of discussing general counter-offensive preparations and measures, says a message from Chungking to the "Ta Wan Pao." Particular attention will be devoted to a discussion about the military situation in Central China areas. A military expert has been entrusted with the task of mapping out the necessary military preparations to enable the Chinese forces to achieve "a thorough cleaning up" of enemy troops on the North and South China war fronts, the report concludes.

Prospects for Winter Better, Says Council Official

Food, Fuel Prices Not Expected to Soar, as Last Winter; Commodity Prices Should Be Lower

A MORE optimistic outlook for the coming winter unencumbered by threats of last year's inordinately high prices of coal, fuel and foodstuffs was envisaged by an official of the price investigation office of the Shanghai Municipal Council yesterday.

There was a marked improvement in the coal situation and prices have showed a decline in the past two months, he revealed, with the price of anthracite coal showing a decrease of five per cent. and first quality household coal two per cent. Kitchen coal is down eleven per cent., firewood 14 per cent. and charcoal recently decreased two per cent. against former prices.

The official pointed out that coal was procurable in some places cheaper than the figures quoted. When a commodity like coal can be purchased below replacement cost, he emphasized, the indications were that the market showed a downward tendency. Speculators and hoarders of coal had not been prone in the past to dispose of their goods quickly when the market was riding the crest of higher prices, he explained. The coal situation, he opined, is better today than it has been for a long time.

Hoarding Discouraged

Accumulation of coal for the winter was discouraged by the official who characterized it as unprincipled, pointing out that it would result in the bolstering of prices. The practice of keeping a large coal reserve for the winter, he said, should only be indulged in when a commodity crisis is threatening, or a shortage might be occasioned by civil or other disturbance. To hoard coal, he said, would be to play into the hands of the profiteers. It would have the effect of creating an artificial demand and can only result in increased prices.

Barring a complete political or other upheaval, the coming winter would be a far happier one for Shanghailanders than last year regarding commodity prices, the official predicted. Stocks of coal at present were ample, he said, for the next five or six months. In a commodity like coal, he said, stocks were never too large, as coal merchants were disinclined to tie up a lot of capital in coal.

No Cause for Alarm

The Council, he went on to say, had conducted extensive investigations into the coal situation and communicated with numerous wholesalers. While they had not given the Council definite assurances that coal prices would not soar in the winter, the official said, the opinion could be formed on the general attitude towards the whole problem of coal dealers that the coal situation would give no cause for alarm.

Coal prices in actual figures had not gone down much compared to last year, he explained, but could be said to have decreased considerably owing to the high increase recently in freight and insurance rates.

After stating that full information regarding the coal, milk and other commodities will be issued soon by his department, the official went on to review the milk market. Taking as a criterion the investigations of his department in one of the big dairies, the official stressed the high price of imported cows which in normal times fetched $800 a head, while today the cost of one of the imported animals would be anything up to $3,600. High freight and insurance rates also affected the equipment used in the pasturization of milk, which was without exception imported from abroad.

Shortage of Fodder

A third factor affecting the price of milk was the difficulty which had been experienced in obtaining fodder for cows. This has resolved into a grave problem although little known, he said. Since the hostilities the problem had become almost a critical one he said. Straw at times has been unobtainable.

He went on to express surprise that the price of milk should remain at its present level despite all the handicaps mentioned.

Asked to explain the increase in the price of rice, another Council official explained that stocks were plentiful, but the price had reached rock-bottom and was bound to have a reaction. The flour situation, he said, was better with flour selling at $15 per bag of 49 pounds, factory price, with dealers charging a little more per bag.

Japanese Press and Foreign Agents

War Office Spokesman in Tokyo Warns Pressmen to "Watch Their Words"

Tokyo, Aug. 7.

Admonition to Japanese newspapers to think twice about "scoops" and to take greater care in their selection of news so as not to help foreign espionage services, was voiced by a spokesman of the War Ministry, according to the "Shimbun-no-Shimbun."

The spokesman charged newspapers with being "primarily responsible" for the supply of "substantial information" to foreign spies.

"Espionage for four sen," were the words used by the spokesman in dealing with the subject, for he pointed out that newspapers, priced at four sen a copy in Tokyo are particularly convenient channels of information for intelligence agents.

One foreign embassy, he stated in quoting an example, subscribes to no less than 60 Japanese newspapers, including several published in Formosa and Hokkaido.

Cooperation Asked

Going into details, the spokesman recalled that some time ago, a local newspaper reported the suspension of service on a Tokyo electric railway line because of an accident in a certain power plant.

Such an item, the War Ministry official said, may appear on the face of it to be unimportant. But, in fact, he stated, it informed foreign espionage that in case of war, bombardment of that "certain power plant" would be sufficient to render useless a whole railway line.

Moreover, collation of reports in two or three newspapers can often give a complete picture of a situation which, in a single report, may not be harmfully described.

"All Japanese newspapermen," the spokesman concluded, "should cooperate with the Government and lead the nation in actively preventing espionage" the "Shimbun-no-Shimbun" quoted.—Havas.

Widespread Floods in Shanghai Yesterday

Tram Service Suspended During Heavy Rain

Extensive flooding in all parts of Shanghai followed the torrential rain experienced yesterday. Large areas of Nanking Road, from Sincere's to Mohawk Road were up to two feet in water, streets behind being even more deeply flooded. The Yuen Ming Yuen Road district was also under water, besides Yu Yuen Road and the "badlands". The Racecourse became a lake, the race track being completely swamped, and the level of the ditch around the grounds rising by nearly two feet.

The floods had their consequences in the form of traffic difficulties, especially on Nanking Road. Many buses were taken off their routes due to fear of engine trouble, and last night all trams and trolleys were kept in their garages. Radio Station X.M.H.A. was forced to suspend transmission owing to fear of fusing the valves, but it is expected that broadcasting will be resumed today.

Foreigner Charged With Fraud

A Pole named A. Trachtenberg was brought before the First Special District Court yesterday on the suspicion that he had defrauded a number of persons by posing as the official cobbler of the Fourth U.S. Marines. Armed with well-printed cards he was alleged to have once visited a foreign curio store at 625 Broadway where he took two pairs of binoculars, a camera and other things promising to pay later.

He repeated the same trick in a second-hand store also in Broadway victimizing the foreign manageress to the extent of about $200 in goods which he pawned later, it was alleged. He was remanded for a week.

Three German Jews were each sentenced to six months' imprisonment by the same court for taking more than $2,000 from other German Jews on the pretense that they could sell them Japanese Naval Landing permits which would allow their relatives to come here from Germany.

The Winning Design

Tuberculosis Stamp Prize Awarded

Mrs. U.M. Tavella Winner Of Competition

Mrs. U. M. Tavella, local artist, has been awarded the First prize of the Stamp Design Contest of the Shanghai Anti-Tuberculosis Association, according to word obtained from the Association's headquarters at 41 Tzepang Road. The three honourable mentions are Mr. Paul Fischer, Mr. Lo Hsiao-hsin and Miss Yuen Tsung Sze, daughter of Dr. Sao-Ke Alfred Sze, former Chinese Ambassador to London and Washington.

Mrs. Tavella's design that has won the judges' acclaim is an attractive one. It depicts the map of the world with the double bar cross radiating from Shanghai as a link between the Shanghai Association and those in the other parts of the world, all engaged in the fight against the "white plague."

The subject matters of the other designs vary as much as the contestants themselves, who range from professionals to amateurs. But all have one common idea,—the sign of the double bar cross as a symbol of the will and desire to combat tuberculosis.

The contest was launched in May for the purpose of selecting a design for the Association's annual stamp. Altogether 47 entries have been submitted by 39 contestants.

The judges for the contest were: Mr. Brayton L. Meyer, of the Standard Vacuum Oil Company, an authority on philately; Mr. C. P. Ling, General Manager of the China Commercial Advertising Agency; and Mr. R. D. Chisolm.

Ichang Recovering After Severe Fighting

Ichang, Aug. 8.

Ichang, pivotal point on the Yangtze which was captured by Japanese forces on June 12, has recovered rapidly from the severe fighting which took place in and around the city. The Ichang Peace Preservation Association was established on June 19, and a police bureau was set up a few days later. One newspaper, the "Ichang Ji Pao," was put into circulation on July 24.—Domei.

Colony Closed to Two Japan Ships

Action Follows Holding Up of British Ship in Canton

Hongkong, Aug. 8.

The British authorities here have refused permission for the Japanese steamers Kaiju Maru and Shiragame Maru to enter the Colony.

This follows the dispute with the Japanese authorities in Canton regarding the Butterfield & Swire steamer Fatshan, which is on the Hongkong-Canton run but has been held up in Canton since last week.

The dispute is now the subject of conversations in Canton between of British Consul-General there, Mr. A. P. Blunt, and the Japanese authorities.—Reuter.

Spokesman's Comment

Tokyo, Aug. 8.

Referring to the refusal of British authorities to let the Japanese liners Kaiju Maru and Hakugin Maru call at Hongkong, a spokesman of the Navy office said it possibly had a connection with the case of the British steamer Fatshan. The Butterfield & Swire Fatshan is plying between Canton and Hongkong.

The spokesman understoood she failed to pay stipulated pilotage fees so that pilots at Canton finally denied the steamer their services, thus the Fatshan has been stranded in Canton. Pilotage fees in arrears were reported to amount to several thousand yen.

The spokesman said the affair was quite simple, though there were several distorted versions of it.—Reuter.

Britain to Buy Tanks, Artillery in U.S.

Purchases to Be Made for Future Needs

Washington, Aug. 8.

The British Purchasing Mission has informed the Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Henry Morgenthau, Jr., of its intention to place large orders in the United States for tanks, field artillery and many other supplies not previously purchased in America.

This was revealed by Mr. Purvis, head of the mission, in an interview yesterday. He said these orders, involving "hundreds of millions of dollars," would be for material to be delivered a considerable time in the future. He indicated that previous purchases had been made to a large extent on the basis of immediate needs, but that the new programme would be for anticipated future needs.—Reuter.

865 Japanese Registered In Britain

London, Aug. 8.

The number of Japanese registered with the police in this country is 865, of whom 762 are male, stated Capt. O. Peake, Under Secretary of State for Home Affairs, in a written reply to Lieut. Colonel Sir T. Moore, Conservative member for the Ayr District of Burghs, in the House of Commons yesterday.—Reuter.

Soviets Release Japanese Fishing Vessel

Tokyo, Aug. 8.

A Japanese fishing boat, and its three occupants, which was seized by Soviet authorities off Ambetsu, border town on the western coast of Southern Saghalien, on July 22, was released on August 4 and returned to Ambetsu the following day, according to a telephone message received at Toyahara, capital of Southern Saghalien.—Domei.

Jewish Refugees Use Siberian Route

Dairen, Aug. 7.

Trans-Siberian passenger railway traffic has greatly increased since spring, when violent warfare was launched in Europe. Most of the arrivals here are Jewish refugees, fleeing their homelands and bound for Shanghai, the United States or Canada.

Each trans-Siberian train reaching Manchoukuo used to carry only about 40 passengers bound for Dairen on through tickets. But now the average has risen to more than 60, with highs of 87 and 81.—Havas.

Look Your Best!

To look your best it is essential that your skin be free from pimples and other blemishes. When you are constipated, poisons escape into the bloodstream from the waste material accumulated in the food tract and cause skin blemishes. If your skin is marred by such troubles see what Pinkettes will do to set matters right.

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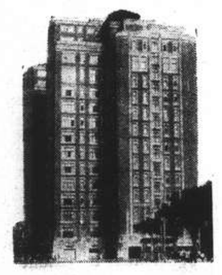

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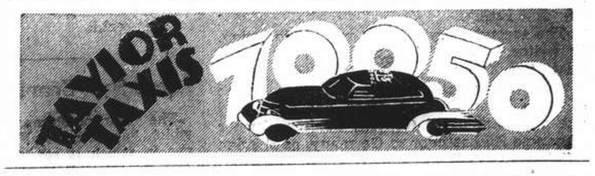

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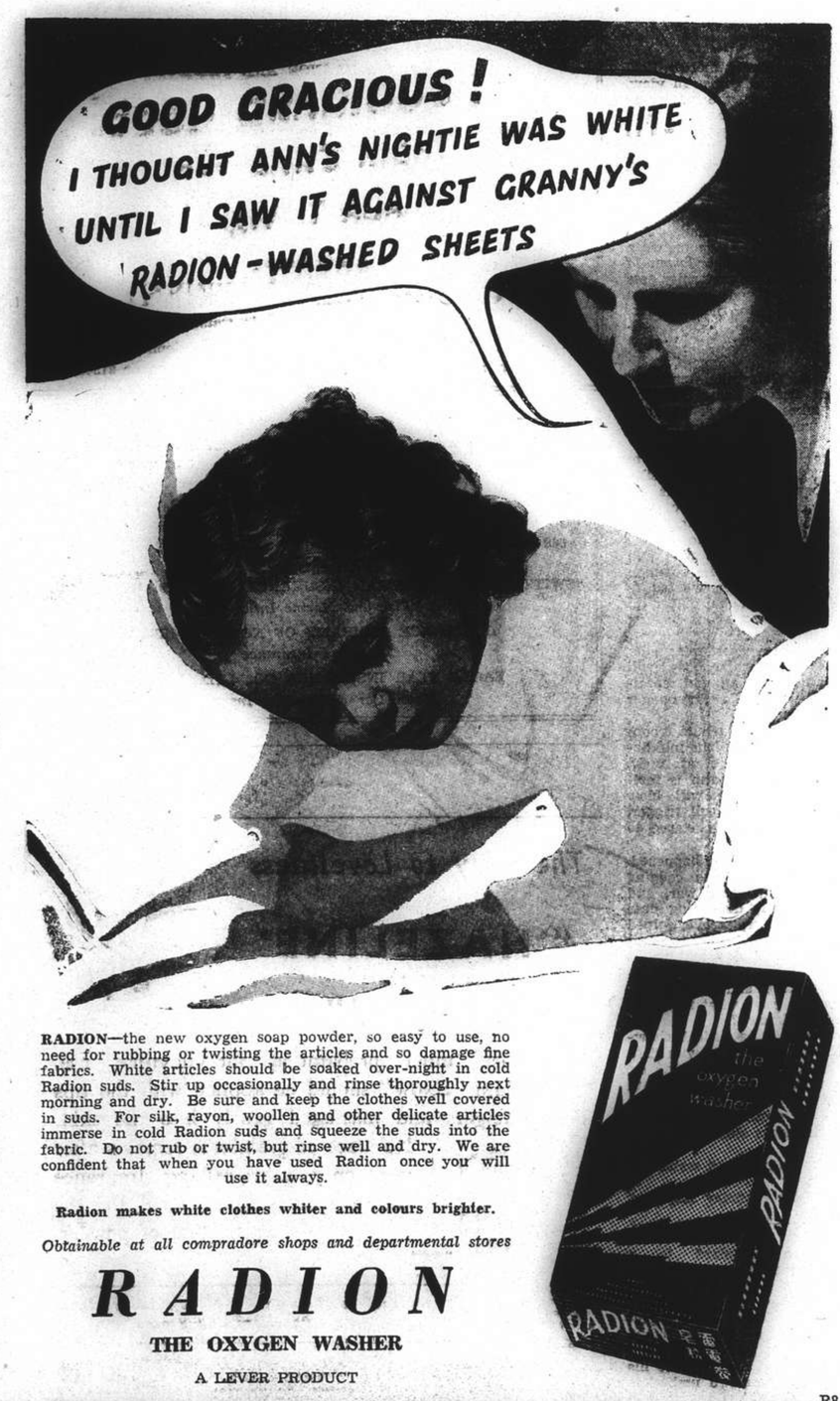

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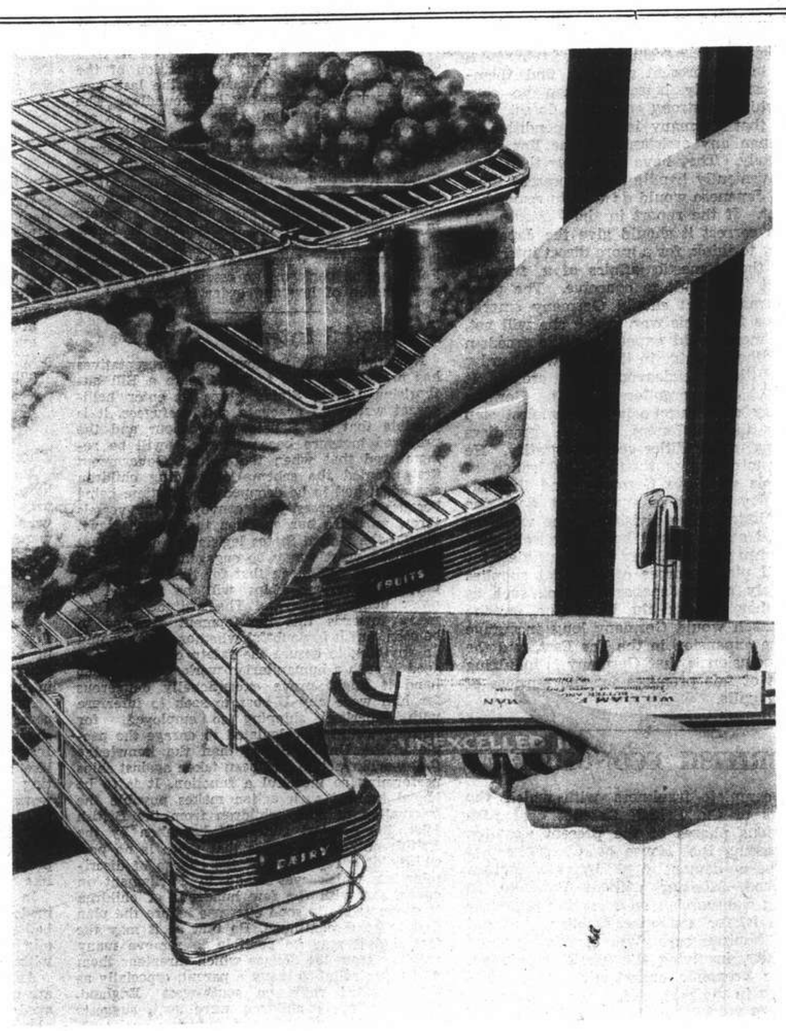

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British Vessel Torpedoed

Nineteen Missing; Crew, Passengers Display Great Courage in Ordeal

London, Aug. 8.

The Elder Dempster liner, Accra, 9,337 tons, has been sunk off the west coast of Eire.

Over 550 survivors have been landed at a north-west English port; 19 persons, namely 11 passengers and eight members of the crew are missing.

The Admiralty states there were no children aboard.

The vessel was sunk in a submarine attack on a convoy on July 26. She sank in about half an hour, going down stern first with her colours flying, one of the crew having hoisted the British ensign.

Rescue work by other ships was, by then, completed. Some lives were lost when a motorboat overturned in a choppy sea.

Eight of the 25 reported missing were passengers; some of the survivors were in lifeboats for hours.

Great Courage Shown

Capt. J. J. Smith told an interviewer that the officers and crew displayed great courage and coolness after the explosion, and in rescue operations, they might have been queueing up the passengers for a cinema show, so quietly and coolly did they go about the work of marshalling those aboard.

Capt. Smith added the passengers were lunching when the torpedo exploded, and filed out of the dining room in an orderly fashion. There was an abundance of room in the lifeboats and most loss of life was due to the overturning of the motorboat, and direct hits on the liner.

The men in the lifeboats sang: "There will always be England," when on their way to the rescuing ships.

A steward who had been torpedoed four times, including on the Lusitania and Yorkshire said the torpedo hit them amidships and shook the ship from stem to stern. There was no trace of panic among the passengers and the crew behaved marvellously. None of them saw the submarine, but they understood at least one was sunk a few hours later.—Reuter.

Australia to Use Own Timber for Planes

Experts Conferring on New Material for Warcraft

Sydney, Aug. 8.

The possibility of an Australian timber replacing rare and expensive imported spruce in aircraft construction is being discussed by officers of the Council for Scientific and Industrial Research.

"For existing aircraft designs likely to be made available to Australia, we require local timber as closely approaching imported spruce as possible," an official declared.

"We have found a wood which we think has the requirements. It is a little heavier than imported spruce, but it is mechanically better, having a better strength-weight ratio. Large supplies are available, and it can be obtained in logs up to 60 feet long. "It is one of the lowest priced timbers on the market, costing about 1/6d. a foot."

In Australia one of the chief difficulties confronting aircraft manufacturers was the lack of essential machines for handling metal, he added, but furniture factories throughout the Commonwealth were equipped with the finest machinery in the world for handling wood. Personnel could be more readily acquired than for the highly specialised processes associated with metal construction.—Reuter.

Japanese Ship Sails With German Pilots

Much Interest Aroused by Departure from Balboa

Panama, Aug. 8.

The Japanese steamer Yasukuni Maru sailed from Balboa yesterday with 30 Germans en route to Germany via Japan.

Twenty of the 30 Germans are pilots and mechanics formerly in the employ of the Scadta German aviation company in Colombia.

Observers here watched the sailing with the greatest of interest because they recalled that last January a British warship halted the Asama Maru off the Japanese coast and seized 21 Germans, nine of whom were returned to Japan after several protests and widespread anti-British sentiment in Japan.

In view of the present Anglo-Japanese tension, they stressed, it would be interesting to see whether the British would attempt to halt the Yasukuni Maru, thereby possibly adding further strain to Anglo-Japanese relations.

They also recalled that after the Asama Maru incident, which had serious repercussions in Japan, the Japanese Government issued instructions to Japanese shipping firms not to allow passage to nationals of belligerent powers on active service.—United Press.

French Railwaymen Now Return to Work

Train Schedules Rapidly Becoming Normal

Vichy, Aug. 7.

Paving the way to the planned repatriation of the straying war refugees and to the regular transport of commodities and foods, French railwaymen have returned to work and the French railway system is fast being restored to normal, according to an announcement today.

The Agriculture Ministry stated that fruits, wines and vegetables may now be sent, without any restrictions whatever, to any place in both the occupied and unoccupied zones.

Cargoes of other foodstuffs and agricultural produce are for the moment restricted to transport within the unoccupied region, however.

The Ministry added that, as in normal times, express freight trains are in everyday service now, assuring rapid transport of perishables toward the Paris area.—Havas.

SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive today are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From NAGASAKI: Nagasaki Maru, with mail, due 3 p.m., T.K.K. Wayside Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From Liverpool		From Liverpool	
H'kusan M	2/7 12/8	Haruna M	12/7 22/8

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From New York		From Honolulu	
Brageland	— 11/8	P Harrison	29/7 14/8
Dona A'ceta	— 19/8	K'kura M	8/8 26/8
Sagoland	— 23/9		
From Los Angeles		**From Yokohama**	
P Harrison	15/7 14/8	H'kusan M	22/8 31/8
K'kura M	31/7 26/8		
P Coolidge	5/8 27/8	**From Kobe**	
		Taiyo M	14/8 16/8
From Seattle		**From Nagasaki**	
Satartia	30/7 21/8	S'hai M	10/8 11/8

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen		From Hongkong	
Dairen M	9/8 11/8	Asama M	8/8 10/8

Vessels Sailing

NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to NORTH CHINA PORTS.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

SOUTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to SOUTH CHINA PORTS, INDO-CHINA, BORNEO, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS and INDIA.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

J.-C-J.L. 3 SAILINGS MONTHLY TO AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA AND NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES PORTS. For Freight and Passage please apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap, Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road, Telephone 16247.

AMERICA

GOYO MARU NEW YORK, BOSTON, Aug. 19. PHILADELPHIA & BALTIMORE via SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES. For freight please apply to Showa shipping Co., Ltd., 130 Hankow Road, Telephone Nos. 18650 and 16118. 19-8

The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

For Liverpool		For Manila	
Kasima M	22/9	Collingsworth	10/8
		P Harrison	15/8
For Bombay and Calcutta		Satartia	24/8
Atago M	6/9	P Coolidge	28/8
		For Hongkong	
For New York		P Harrison	15/8
Bardaland	12/8	Kamakura M	27/8
P Harrison	15/8	P Coolidge	28/8
Yamazuki M	16/8	**For Kobe**	
Goyo M	19/8	Taiyo M	9/8
Kyusyu M	20/8	Asama M	11/8
Dona Aniceta	20/8	Hakusan M	17/8
Tosan M	30/8	Taiyo M	21/8
		For Nagasaki	
For Los Angeles		Nagasaki M	10/8
Asama M	11/8	Shanghai M	12/8
Bardaland	14/8		
Brageland	10/9	**For Dairen**	
		Hoten M	10/8
For San Francisco		Dairen M	13/8
Kamakura M	2/9	Tsingtao M	16/8
		Hoten M	18/8
		Dairen M	21/8

Passenger Lists

ARRIVALS

Per Pres. Cleveland, Aug. 8, from Manila: Lt. Cmdr. A. Ageton, USN, Mrs. M. Auyang, Miss Y. Auyang, Mr. P. Bagomal, Mr. H. Bar, Lt. Cmdr. L. Bibby, USN, Mrs. K. Burgess, Mrs. I. Burke, Mstr. M. Burke, Mrs. J. Coleman, Mr. C. Cumming, Mr. F. Ellis, Mr. W. Goodhue, Mr. S. Inada, Mr. & Mrs. J. Jacobsen, Mrs. E. Jessen, Mr. H. Kawahara, Mr. W. Kelly, Mr. F. King, Mr. E. McBain, Mr. Y. Okafuti, Mr. W. Sackiewicz, Mr. P. Sizot Miss M. Velasco, Mr. C. Webb, Miss J. Weller, Mr. G. Wishard.

DEPARTURES

Aug. 8, for Chinwangtao: Captain W. Noon, Mr. G. H. Leeds, Mr. D. W. Edwards, Mr. A. C. Tilley, Misses G. & S. Campbell.

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
P. Cleveland	Hongkong	A.P.L.
Hukuken M.	Keelung	T.K.K.
Tsengyuan	Tsingtao	Showa S.
Foch	Saigon	Wallem
Hsingyang M.	River Ports	T.K.K.
Antai	Hsinkong	Dah Hsing
Sanko M.	River Ports.	T.K.K.
Kanre M.	T'lungkong	Hwa Chung
Hoten M.	Dairen	D.K.K.
Ramona	P. Courbet	Wallem
Seisin M.	Tsingtao	N.Y.K.
Nantung M.	Nantung	T.K.K.
Tawha	T'lungkong	Quen Kee
Gran	Hongkong	Wallem
Bonho	Hsinkong	Dong Shing
Lipari	T'lungkong	C.F.P.K.
Chekiang M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.
Santen M.	Tientsin	T.K.K.
Hsingchang M.	River Ports	T.K.K.
Sanwa M.	River Ports	T.K.K.
Taiko M. 18	Hsinkong	T.K.K.
Talien	Tsungming	Wan Woo

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Meiyi	Am.	S.V.O.C.
Tsingtao M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Chingning M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Britannia	—	Texas Co.
Ondo M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Naruto M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
U.S.S. Chaumont	Am.	—
Dahpu	Nor.	Wallem.
Tampa	Am.	A.P.L.
Yasima M.	Jap.	Y.K.K.
Capella	Pana.	Wallem

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
Oahu	Am.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B

THE annual report on the Falkland Islands states that no deaths, births or marriages occurred there during 1938. There are no children on these Dependencies, and therefore the problem of education does not arise. Except in South Georgia there is no permanent population—the figures fluctuate with the seasons of the whaling industry. During the summer the population approximates to 750, nearly all males.

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N. Y. K. LINE

Orient-San Francisco Line via Honolulu
ASAMA MARU Noon Aug. 11
KAMAKURA MARU .. Sept. 2
ASAMA MARU ..... Sept. 29
NITTA MARU ..... Oct. 14

Orient-Seattle Line via Vancouver
From Kobe
HEIAN MARU ..... Aug. 14
YAWATA MARU, Maiden voyage ..... Aug. 26
HIKAWA MARU .... Sept. 7

Orient-New York Line via Los Angeles and Panama
AZUMA MARU ..... Aug. 24
SAKURA MARU ..... Sept. 13
NOZIMA MARU ..... Sept. 15

Japan-Australia Line via Hongkong and Manila
From Nagasaki
KAMO MARU ..... Aug. 23

European Mail Line
For Liverpool via Straits, Colombo Durban, Cape Town, and Lisbon
KASIMA MARU ..... Sept. 22

Japan-Bombay Line
Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kundla and Karachi
ATAGO MARU ..... Sept. 6

Orient-South America Line
West coast ports via San Francisco from Kobe
NOTO MARU ..... Aug. 19

Shanghai—Kobe Yokohama Line
ASAMA MARU ..... Aug. 11
HAKUSAN MARU .. Aug. 17

Shanghai-Hongkong Line
KAMAKURA MARU .. Aug. 27

81 The Bund NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA Telephone 12843
General Passenger Agents. Cunard-White Star Line

TŌA K. K.

Nagasaki Express Service

	Arrival	Departure (summer time)
NAGASAKI MARU	Aug. 9 ..... (Wayside Wharf)	Aug. 10 at 9 a.m. (Wayside Wharf)
SHANGHAI MARU	Aug. 11	Aug. 12 at 9 a.m.
NAGASAKI MARU	Aug. 14	Aug. 15 at 9 a.m.
SHANGHAI MARU	Aug. 16	Aug. 17 at 9 a.m.

Kobe Express Service

TAIYO MARU	Aug. 6	Aug. 9 at 9 a.m.
TAIYO MARU	Aug. 17 ..... (Wayside Wharf)	Aug. 21 at 7 a.m. (Wayside Wharf)

(Passengers are cordially requested to go on board between 7 p.m. and 11 p.m. of the 20th.)

For passage apply to the ticket office of Toa Kaiun Kaisya at Astor House Hotel. Telephones 45297, 42350, 42359

TOA KAIUN KAISYA
5 THE BUND TELEPHONE 19600

D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival (Whangpoo Wharf)	Departure (Daylight Saving Time)
ss. HOTEN MARU	Aug. 8	Aug. 10 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Aug. 11	Aug. 13 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Aug. 14	Aug. 16 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Aug. 16	Aug. 18 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Aug. 19	Aug. 21 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Aug. 22	Aug. 24 at 9 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE (Freight only)

ss. HAKKA MARU ..... Aug. 10
ss. KOGA MARU ..... Aug. 13

For Passage and Freight apply to

DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646

GLEN & SHIRE LINES

Sailings to and from
UNITED KINGDOM

For details of freight and passage apply to:

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Agents
27 The Bund Telephone 15290

O. S. K.

Shanghai Sailing
For New York via Los Angeles
KYUSYU MARU ..... Aug. 20
TOSAN MARU ..... Aug. 30

Kobe Sailings
For South America via S. Africa
BRAZIL MARU ..... Sept. 15

For South America via Panama
BUENOS AIRES MARU Aug. 19

For E. and S. Africa and S. America
ARIZONA MARU ..... Aug. 27

For West Africa via S. Africa
TOA MARU ..... Aug. 28

Kobe Sailings
For Australia and New Zealand
SYDNEY MARU ..... Sept. 1

For Bombay and Karachi
SUMATRA MARU ..... Aug. 14

For Rangoon and Calcutta
ALASKA MARU ..... Aug. 12
HAGUE MARU ..... Aug. 24

For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
SAIGON MARU ..... Aug. 10

Nagasaki Sailings.
For Manila, Cebu and Davao
MEXICO MARU ..... Aug. 23

ŌSAKA SYŌSEN KAISYA
20 Canton Road Telephones 15323-15324

BARBER-WILHELMSEN

Express Service

Shanghai—34 DAYS—New York

To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal

Next Sailing about August 23rd

For Freights and Passage Rates apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
17 Canton Road Telephone 11369

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CANADIAN PRIVATE SCHOOLS

Private residential schools give a training similar to that of Public Schools in England with the necessary adaptations to western requirements.

The climate is most attractive and healthy

Due to the close proximity of Victoria and Vancouver parents and children can easily arrange to spend Summer holidays together without great expense

SAILINGS:

TO PACIFIC COAST—
2nd week in August and September;
1st week in October, November, December

TO HONGKONG and MANILA—
4th week in August
4th week in September.

For further inofrmation please apply to

Canadian Pacific
WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM
The Bund and Peking Road Telephone 19490

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Two conveniently-placed sailings each month to UNITED KINGDOM PORTS

A-O. LINE LTD.
(AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE LTD.)
Regular service to AUSTRALIA from HONGKONG

C. N. CO., LTD.
(CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.)
Frequent and regular sailings by modern and comfortable passenger and cargo liners serving:
NORTH and SOUTH CHINA PORTS—HONGKONG—MANILA SIAM—INDO CHINA—STRAITS SETTLEMENTS—TERRITORY OF NEW GUINEA—SOLOMON ISLANDS

Information relating to sailing, ports of call, freight and passage rates will be gladly given on request to intending passengers and shippers

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
21-23 French Bund *Agents* Telephone 82020

DE LA RAMA LINE

NEW YORK

VIA HONGKONG MANILA LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA CANAL

mv. DONA ANICETA sails Aug. 20

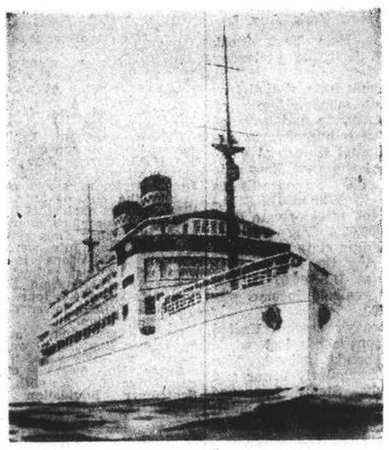
Next Sailing about August 28

ALL VESSELS HAVE DEEP TANKS FOR OIL IN BULK

For freight and passage apply to:

DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP AGENCIES
51 Canton Road *General Agents* Telephone 15044

BURNS PHILP LINE
mv. NEPTUNA



PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT SERVICE TO

AUSTRALIA

Next Sailing from Hongkong

EARLY OCTOBER

for Saigon, Madang, Salamaua, Rabaul, Sydney and Melbourne.

Passenger and Freight Agents:—

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100 Jinkee Road, Shanghai. Telephone 16940

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

PRESIDENT LINER Sailings

TRANS-PACIFIC: Fortnightly service via Japan and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

PRES. PIERCE	Sept. 1
PRES. COOLIDGE	Sept. 10
PRES. TAFT	Sept. 20

TO HONGKONG AND MANILA

PRES. HARRISON	Aug. 15
PRES. COOLIDGE	Aug. 28
PRES. POLK	Sept. 25

ROUND-THE-WORLD: New York and Boston via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Capetown and Trinidad.

PRES. HARRISON	Aug. 15
PRES. POLK	Sept. 25

Monthly sailings thereafter.

Agents For:—
Transcontinental and Western Airlines
United Air Lines American Pioneer Line
American Gulf Orient Line United States Lines

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES
Round World Services

31 CANTON ROAD Tel. 15309

P. & O.
B. I.
—and—
E. & A.

FOR SAILINGS TO JAPAN, HONGKONG, AUSTRALIA, CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, STRAITS AND UNITED KINGDOM.

All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route and the route and all sailings are subject to cancellation, change or deviation with or without notice.

For particulars apply to the Agents:

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
27 The Bund Telephone 11428

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JAVA-AUSTRALIA LINE

The well-known luxury vessels

"BOISSEVAIN," "RUYS" & "TEGELBERG"

now maintain a monthly service to

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

For passage fares and further particulars please apply to the agents:

Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V.
133 Szechuen Road Telephone 16247

YAMASHITA LINE

FAR EAST—NEW YORK—SOUTH AMERICA
Regular Service

ms. YAMAZUKI MARU
Sailing about August 16

New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore
via Philippine, Japan, San Francisco, Los Angeles and Panama Canal

For freight please apply to:

YAMASHITA KISEN KAISHA
30 Foochow Road Telephones 17003, 17138

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

THURSDAY, AUGUST 8, 1940

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 11/16d.	$ 65.64
U.S. $100 @ 5 7/8	$1,839.08
Yen	100
Guilders	100
Rupees	100
Pesos	100
Hongkong	$24 1/4

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 3/4d.	$ 64.00
U.S. $100 @ 5 5/8	$1,777.00
London—demand, $1=	3 5/8d.
4 months' sight credits	3 3/16d.
4 months' sight docts	3 7/16d.
6 months' sight credits	3 7/16d.
6 months' sight docts	3 5/16d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S.$5 5/8
4 months' sight credits	U.S.$5 5/8
4 months' sight docts	U.S.$5 11/16

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

£1=U.S. $3.93¾ U.S. $1=£0.255d.

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling 3 3/16d. U.S. $5 9/16

Hongkong/London 1/2 3/32

WEI WAH DISCOUNT

Wei Wah $1,048.00 C.N.$1,000.00

THE CHARTERED BANK

Our closing selling rates were:—

Can. $100 @ 6 1/16 Sh.$1,618.16

Hkg. $24¼ Sh.$100

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders Buying —

Java Guilders Selling 10¼

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,777.777 £1=$64.000

Selling U.S.$100=$1,839.081 £1=$65.641

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d per H.H.$ 1

„ Buying „ @ 6 1/16 „ H.H.$ 1

U.S.$ Selling „ @ 9 1/16 „ H.H.$100

„ Buying „ @ 9 5/16 „ H.H.$100

Local $ (Fapi) selling @ 162 per H.H.$100

buying @ 167 „ H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Tsing $2.864

Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar $4.783

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 3 11/16 sterling and 5½ U.S.$.

The Interbank market opened with sellers for near delivery at 3 11/16d. Sterling and 5 7/8 U.S. Dollars. Under the influence of considerable buying of U.S. Dollars on the cross for Hongkong account Sterling rates improved ⅛ whilst dollar quotations eased a similar amount, resulting in a decline of 5 points in the U.S.$/£ cross. Outport activity was supplemented by general local buying of U.S. Dollars during the morning session. The afternoon market was less active closing quiet at:

3 13/16	sterling	5 11/16 U.S.$	Cash/Aug.
3 11/16	„	5 13/16 „	Sept.

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£	Highest 3 13/16	Lowest	3 13/16
U.S. G.$	5 7/8		5½

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

SELLING Cash		BUYING August	
£ T.T.	3 11/16	4 m/s. l.c.	3 13/16
G.$ T.T	5½	4 m/s. l.c.	5⅝
Rs. T.T.	20½	15 d/s.	21⅛

BAR SILVER

	READY	FORD
London pence per std. oz.	23½	22 15/16
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	34¾	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	63.04	—
Bombay offtake 50 bars		

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

New York closing rate for Aug. 7	3.93¾
Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	3.56
Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	3.58

Foreign Exchanges

Closing Aug. 7.

Bombay Rupee T. T. on:			
Japan	82⅛	London	1/5 31/32
New York	333	2 mths	
Shanghai	22½	„ sellers	1/5 31/32
Hongkong	84¼	„ buyers	1/6 1/32
		Japan 2 mths	
		„ sellers	85⅛
		„ buyers	77⅛
London £ Sterling T. T. on:			
New York	402.50	Bombay	1/6 1/32
Madrid	37.70	Hongkong	1/3 3/32
Berne	17.70	Singapore	2/4 3/32
Belgian C'go	175½*	Yokohama	1/2 3/4
Shanghai	4d.	„ buying	1/2¼
New York U.S.$ T. T. on:			
Berlin	40.05	Shanghai	5.70
Spain	9.25 N.	Hungary	19.50†
Italy	5.05 N.	Rumania	0.50
S'zerland	22.73	Yugo Slavia	2.30
Sweden	23.81	Greece	0.68
Montreal	86.750	Finland	2.05
Brazil	5.10	Manila	49.81
Japan	23.48		
London			3.93¾
Buenos Aires, Paper			29.78
„ „ market rate			22.45
Montreal on London			4.54

*—Official †—Quoted. N—Nominal.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:	Aug. 7.
Fine Bank Bills, 3 months	1 1/16%
Bank Bills, 6 months	1 1/16%
Fine Trade Bills, 3 months	2 3/16%
Fine Trade Bills, 6 months	3 1/16%
Call Money	0 7/8%
New York:	
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0 1/16%B 0 1/16%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0 3/16%B 0 1/16%A
Call money	1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

Aug. 8.	Bid Prices a.m. Closing	p.m. Closing
Atoks	.135	.14
Baguio Gold	.155	.155
Batong Buhay	.0075 S	.0075 S
Benguet Consolidated	4.30 *	—
Big Wedge	.155	.155
Consolidated Mines	.0025 S	.0024 S
Demonstration	.0625 S	.055 S
East Mindanao	.0675	.0675
J. X. L.	.22	.22
Nogen	.155	.155
Masbate Consolidated	.0775 S	.0775 S
North Camarines	Unq.	.025
Paracale Gumaus	.14	.135
Surigao Consolidated	.155	.155
United Paracale	.155	.155 S
Mindanao Motherlode	.09	.09 S

Turnover for the Morning; 25,800 pesos.

Shares Index: (Morning Session) 49.32.

*—Over counter. S—Sales.

Silver Quotations

London, Aug. 8.

"Spot" silver remained unchanged today, while "forward" declined ⅛d. compared with yesterday's levels.

	Aug. 7	Aug. 8
London spot	23½d.	23½d.
„ forward	22 13/16d.	22 11/16d.
„ gold	168/-	168/-

—Reuter.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

Yesterday's market was extremely steady, with a fair volume of business passing but not much change in price. The fact that Wheelocks will pay on August 30 the $5 dividend previously announced, seemed to stimulate investors in that particular issue. This strength was naturally reflected in the Trust Companies, in all of which steadiness was evident. The rubber market was quiet, with the undertone firm.

Official Averages

High	Low		Today's Average	Change
456.55	105.32	General	235.24	+1.45
485.40	95.55	Rubbers	258.45	+1.68

Total 217,473 shares, 172 bonds.

Morning Session

I. I. Trust	500	14.90	2000	15.00
500	15.10	500	14.70	1000	14.90
2000	14.80	500	*14.80		
S'hai Loan (X.D.)				1000	17.40
1000	17.30				
Yangtsze Finance	1500	9.80		1000	9.75
S'hai Securities	500	3.80		1000	3.75
1000	3.72½	2000	3.70		
China Realty	500	9.05		500	*9.10
3000	9.05				
S'hai Land	500	10.00		500	9.95
1000	10.00	500	*10.00		
Central Prop.	200	15.20		1000	*15.20
300	15.10				
Dockyards	100	28.00		4500	27.75
3000	27.50	600	*27.25	400	*27.50
5200	27.75	500	*27.75	100	27.50
200	*27.50				
Wheelock (Old)	100	*58.00		500	58.00
1100	59.00	300	58.50	100	58.00
400	57.50	300	*57.00	300	*57.50
1000	58.00	700	58.50	200	*58.50
400	58.50	100	59.00	100	59.50
Wheelock (New)	200	53.00		1700	53.50
400	54.00	800	*53.50	200	53.00
100	*53.00	300	52.50	500	*52.50
300	52.00	200	52.50	1200	53.00
200	*52.50	600	*53.00	1300	53.50
1200	53.00	600	54.00	1200	*54.00
C. G. Omnibus	300	18.40		100	18.50
400	18.40				
S'hai Gas		100	15.60	100	15.50
100	15.60				
Telephone		100	*35.00	300	34.75
400	35.00	100	*34.50	300	34.75
Tram (Bearer)	£1			500	44.75
China Finance				3000	0.95
S. W. W. "A"	£20			15	800.00
Metal		3100	23.75	300	*24.00
2200	24.00	100	*23.75	2300	24.25
100	*24.00	400	*24.25	2800	24.25
Kaiping				200	41.25
Exploration		4500	15.80	2500	15.90
500	*15.80	1000	15.70	13500	15.70
500	15.60	500	*15.60		
Lumber		100	37.50	100	*37.50
300	37.25				
Ewo Mills (Ord)	300	*35.00		900	35.00
900	*35.25	400	35.25	300	*34.75
1000	34.75	200	35.00	4600	34.75
Anglo Dutch		100	*17.80	100	17.80
Anglo Java		200	34.50	100	34.75
700	34.00	400	34.25	400	*34.25
2800	34.25				
Cheng		1000	0.85	6000	*0.86
Dominion (D.X.D.)				1000	9.00
500	8.95	500	*9.00		
Kroewoek				1000	2.45
Langkat		100	24.50	1000	24.75
500	25.00	1900	24.50		
Kelantan				7000	0.90
Seremban				1000	2.20
Tebong		3000	1.56	2000	*1.54
2000	1.54				
Caldbeck Macg. (Ord)				1700	23.00
Tung Yih				100	80.00
Tebong				3000	1.56
Ziangbe		200	20.50	100	20.25
Power 5½% Debs.				12000	*88.25
F. M. C. 7% Tael	1924			1200	94.00

ODD LOTS

China Realty	50	9.00	374 *9.00
361	9.00		
Tram (Bearer)	£1		50 45.25
Langkat			20 25.00

Afternoon Session

I. I. Trust			1000 14.90
Yangtsze Finance			500 9.75
S'hai Securities			500 3.75
Int. Assurance			1000 *9.50
China Realty	500	*9.05	2000 9.00
1500	9.05	500	9.00
S'hai Land	2500	10.00	1000 *10.00
Dockyards	2500	27.75	400 28.00
400	*27.75	200	27.75 500 *28.00
1800	27.75		
Wheelock (Old)	300	59.50	100 *59.50
1000	59.00	100	*59.00 700 59.50
200	60.00		
Wheelock (New)	600	54.50	100 *55.00
100	55.00	200	*54.00 1700 54.00
800	54.50	100	*55.00 500 55.00
C. G. Omnibus	200	18.40	500 18.30
S'hai Gas	100	15.60	100 15.70
Telephone	400	34.75	400 35.00
Tram (Bearer)	£1		600 44.75
100	*44.75		
Metal	1000	24.25	100 *24.25
200	24.50	100	*24.50 4000 24.25
300	*24.25		
Exploration	1000	15.70	2000 *15.80
4500	15.80	2500	15.70
Lumber			500 37.25
Ewo Mills (Ord)	400	35.00	200 *34.75
300	34.75	500	*35.00 300 35.00
100	*34.75		
Anglo Dutch			500 17.50
Anglo Java	300	34.25	100 34.50
1500	34.25		
S'hai Malay (Ord)			300 50.00
Batu Anam	2000	1.42	1000 1.44
Chemor	3000	2.62½	3000 *2.62½
Cheng			3000 0.85
Langkat	4800	24.75	500 *24.75
Kelantan			2000 0.91
Sungala			500 7.00
Tanah Merah			1000 3.25
Tebong	2000	1.54	2000 1.56
Ziangbe			1500 20.50
Union Ins.		25	Hk.$350.00
American Club 4%	1930		1000 *50.00
Power 5½% Debs.			3000 *88.00

ODD LOTS

Tebong		428	1.58
Anglo Dutch		15	17.20
Exploration		200	15.60
I. I. Trust		300	*14.80
S'hai Securities		150	3.67½

*—Direct Business.

Manchukuo Inaugurating New Control Group

Hsinking, Aug. 7.

Due to take over control of all imports of canned foods, milk products, soap, enamelled ironware and miscellaneous foreign goods, the Manchuria Necessities Import Federation is to begin work on August 15.

It is to carry out its duties in close co-operation with the Necessities Supply Company, in accordance with the general scheme for control of both the Import and distribution of daily commodities in Manchoukuo.—Havas.

Japan Forms Aluminum Control Company

Tokyo, Aug. 7.

A long-disputed question has finally been solved by the establishment of the Imperial Aluminum Control Company which is to direct the distribution of the metal in Japan, the "Asahi" announces.

Participating in the new company are the 13 member firms of the Japan Aluminium Association and the Furukawa Electric Industry Company.—Havas.

Proposed Japan Cotton Yarn Exchange Abolished

The proposed Japanese Cotton and Yarn Exchange in Shanghai has been ordered by the Asia Development Board to be immediately dissolved, says a report to the "Ta Wan Pao."

The reason given for the dissolution of the proposed Exchange is that owing to the difficult economic conditions now prevailing in Japan, the Japanese Government authorities are unable to give support and assistance to the proposed Exchange.

Britain Seeking Trade Agreement with Soviet

Wish To Make Negotiations As Rapid As Possible

London, Aug. 8.

Britain is doing her utmost to reach a trade agreement with the Soviet Union, Mr. R. A. Butler, the Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, told the House of Commons yesterday.

Replying to questions regarding Anglo-Soviet relations, Mr. Butler said the Foreign Secretary, Lord Halifax, recently instructed the British Ambassador to Moscow, Sir Stafford Cripps, to interview the People's Commissar for Foreign Trade in Moscow regarding an Anglo-Soviet trade agreement.

"It has always been and still is our wish that negotiations make as rapid progress as possible," he said. Sir Stafford is being supported by a competent trade advisor, Mr. Butler disclosed.—United Press.

U. S. Commodities

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

New York, Aug. 7.

The cotton market early moderately eased on increased selling pressure, more favourable weather reports and Southern hedge selling. Later, prices further slipped on some speculative selling and liquidation. Finally, the market closed quiet on the steadiness of spots, with quotations ranging from 2 to 5 points down.

Prices in the rubber market today declined, despite higher London advices, on a lack of interest, poor support, liquidation and the absence of trade and outside inquiry. At the close, losses of 12 to 21 points were recorded.

Wheat futures in Chicago today moderately advanced on some mill buying shorts covering and a firm corn market. At the final bell, gains of ⅛ to ¼ cent were registered.

New York Cotton	New York Rubber
Oct. (N.C.) 9.32-32 —02	
Dec. (N.C.) 9.21-21 —04	Sept. 19.45-50 —21
Jan. (N.C.) 9.10 N. —04	Dec. 19.05-07 —21
Mar. (N.C.) 9.02-02 —03	Jan. 18.99 N. —16
May (N.C.) 8.82-82 —03	Mar. 18.86 N. —12
July (N.C.) 8.59-59 —05	

N. Y. Sugar No. 3	N. Y. Sugar No. 4
Sept. 1.73-74 unch. B/A	Sept. 0.76½-77½—4 B/A
Mar. 1.83-84 unch. B/A	Dec. 0.81½82 —3½ B/A

Chicago Wheat	Chicago Corn
Sept. 74½-74⅝ +¼	Sept. 61¾-61⅞ +1¾
Dec. 75⅜-75½ +⅛	Dec. 57-57 +1⅛

Winnipeg Wheat	N. Y. Silk No 1
Oct. 73⅝A unch.	Sept. $2.47½-49 +½ B/A

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

London, Aug. 7.

Steady conditions prevailed in the London Rubber market today.

London Rubber: Spot, buyers 13½ +1/16; sellers 13¼ +1/16; Sept. delivery, buyers 13 +1/16; sellers 13⅛ +1/16;

Liverpool Cotton: American Futures: Aug. 7.48 +7; Oct. 7.27 +7; Jan. 7.03 +06; Mar. 6.96 +6; Egyptian Futures (Giza, f.g.f. No. 7) No. 2 contract: Sept. 11.38 +31; Nov. 11.03 +31; Jan. 10.79 +31; Mar. 10.59 +31;

London Metals: Unreceived.

London Gold: Bar Gold, fine, per oz. 168/- unch.

London Silver: Bears covered. Offerings were very small. Business was small. The market ruled steady. After the official fixing the market was quietly steady.

Spot	23½d. +1/16d.
Forward	22 1/16d. +1/16d.

—Reuter.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Saigon rice per shih (176 lb.)	$58.00
Cotton yn. 20's, D.H. per bale	$1,012
Tungchow cotton .. per picul	172
Wheat .... per picul (50 kilos)	$21.00
Flour, local .. per bag (49lb.'	15.00
	picul
Raw silk, Steamfil, 13/15 83%	$5,550
„ „ 20/22 78%	4,750
	nom.

New York Market Irregular

New York, Aug. 8.

Prices on the New York Stock Exchange closed irregular yesterday after a dull session.

While Wall Street frets, statisticians are producing a compendium of figures to aid investors and speculators if and when a bull market develops. The National Industrial Conference board of the new Economic Almanac estimated United States national wealth in 1938 at U.S.$309,430,000,000 and the total private debt at U.S.$73,268,000,000. The Government debt, including state and municipal debts, during the same year was estimated at U.S.$60,071,000,000 while the total realized income was U.S.$62,450,000,000.

During yesterday's session United States Government bonds lost, while some foreign bonds gained. The market opened irregularly lower and moved narrowly. Steels Improved late in the session and showed small gains. Some sections made substantial rallies.

Dupont dropped two points and the rallied. Aircrafts and utilities registered little change. Westinghouse was off a point. War stocks firmed late in the session on reports that the British were stepping up purchases.—United Press.

East African Council

Nairobi, Aug. 7.

An East African Economic Council is being formed to represent Kenya, Uganda, Tanganyika, Zanzibar, Rhodesia and Nayasaland in order to coordinate economic and commercial policy for war purposes and to enable speedy and vigorous action to be taken in comprehensively planning production of war necessities and marketing of surplus produce.

The territories will be invited to attend the Imperial Economic Conference at Delhi in October.—Reuter.

New York Stocks

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

New York, Aug. 7.

Stock prices on Wall Street today again ruled dull and featureless, with the market finishing with fractional moves either way.

Operators continue to remain on the sidelines, despite the continuance of favourable business news.

Some buying, however, appeared near the close, which helped sentiment.

The market appears to be under the influence of war news.

The turnover today amounted to 240,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	125.47	124.61	125.12	—0.15
20 Rails	26.76	26.65	26.71	—0.04
15 Utilit.	22.70	22.53	22.56	—0.10
40 Bonds	——	——	88.09	—0.20
11 Commod.	——	——	50.56	+0.12

	Aug. 6	7		Aug. 6	7
Adams Exp	*5¼	5¼	Libbey O F	39¼	38¾
Alg Lud	*20⅜	21	Lockheed	25½	24⅞
Alis Chal	33	32	Loew's	25	24⅜
Alum Ltd	*65	66½	Loft Inc	21¼	21⅛
Amer Can	94¼	94	Mack Trks	21⅜	21¼
Am Cyan B	33	32⅜	Martin	30⅜	30
Am For Pr	*1¼	*1¼	McK & R	22	21⅜
„ $7 pfd	14¼	*14	Mont Ward	40⅜	40⅜
Am Loco	*13	13¼	Mountain	2⅜	2⅜
Am Metal	14⅜	14⅜	Nat Avian	9⅜	9⅜
Am Radtr	6¼	6¼	Nat City B	*24	*23¾
Am R Mill	10¾	10⅜	Nat Dairy	13⅜	13¼
Am Smitg	36	35⅜	Nat Dist	20⅞	20⅞
Am Sug	*13¼	*13¼	Nat Lead	*16⅛	16⅜
Am T & T	162	161⅜	Nat P & L	7¼	7¼
Am Tob B	77¼	77⅜	Nat Sup Co	5⅜	*5¼
Am Wtwrks	9	9	N Y Cent	11⅜	11⅜
Anaconda	20	19⅜	Niag Hud	4⅜	4⅜
Atchison	15	15¼	N A Avian	15⅞	15⅜
Avian Cpn	4¼	4⅜	N Am Co	19⅞	19⅜
Bald Loco	14¼	14⅜	N Pacific	6¼	6
Balt & O	3⅜	3⅜	O I Glass	54½	54
Barber	*9¼	*9¼	Pac G & E	29⅞	29⅜
Barnsdall	8	8	Packard	3⅜	3⅜
Bendix	29⅞	30⅜	Pan A Air	14	13⅜
Beth Steel	78¼	79⅜	Paramount	5⅜	5¼
Bliss	13¾	13⅜	Penn R R	19⅜	19⅜
Boeing	14¼	14¼	P & R Coal	0⅜	0⅜
Borg War	16¾	16⅜	Phil Pet	34	33⅜
Briggs	18¼	18⅜	P S of N J	36⅛	36
Budd Mfg	3⅜	3⅜	Pullman	19¼	19⅜
Can Pac	3¼	3	Pure Oil	7¼	7¼
Case J I	50	*49⅞	Radio	4¼	4⅜
Celanese	29⅜	29⅝	Reading	13	12⅞
Chase C B	*29⅜	*29⅛	Rem Arm	*4¼	*4⅜
Ches & O	38⅜	38⅛	Rep Avian	4¼	4¼
Chrysler	72⅜	73	Rep Steel	17	16⅝
Col G & E	5⅜	5⅜	Rev C B B	9	*9⅛
Col Credit	31¼	30⅜	Rey Tob B	35	34⅞
Com & Sth	1¼	1⅜	Safeway	43¼	42⅜
Cons Edis	28⅞	28⅜	Schenley	10¼	10
Cons Oil	6⅛	6	Sears Roeb	75¼	75⅜
Cont Can	39	38⅜	Shell U Oil	8⅜	8¼
Cont Oil	18¼	18⅜	Soc Vac	8¼	8⅜
Copld Steel	17⅜	18	Sthrn Pac	8⅜	8
Curtis Wr	6⅜	6⅜	Sthrn Rly	18	17⅞
„ A	23¼	23⅜	Spicer	26⅜	*26⅜
Deere	15¼	15⅛	Std Brands	6¼	6
Dist Cpn S	*16	16⅛	Std G & E	1⅜	*1⅛
Douglas	69¾	69⅛	Std Oil C	18	18⅛
Du Pont	164	163⅛	Std Oil N J	33⅛	33
E P Lead	8⅛	7⅞	Stone & W	7⅛	7⅛
Eaton Mfg.	31⅜	31⅛	Studebaker	7⅛	7⅛
Elec A Lite	34⅜	34⅛	Swift Int	18	17⅞
Elec B & S	5¼	5⅛	Technicor	9⅜	9⅜
„ $5 pfd	63⅛	62⅜	Tex Corp	35	35⅛
„ $6 pfd	72	71⅛	Tex Gulf	32⅛	32
Elec P & L	33	32⅛	Timken	23⅛	23
Flintkote	*13⅜	13⅛	Transamer	5	4⅞
Gen A Tr	48¼	47⅛	Tw Cent F	6⅛	5⅜
Gen Elec	33⅜	33⅜	Un B & P	12	12¼
Gen Motor	45⅞	46	Un Carbide	68⅛	68⅛
Gen Rly	11⅛	11	Un Pac	84⅛	*84⅜
Gen T & R	11⅛	*11	Un Air	35⅛	35⅜
Glidden	12¼	12	Un A Line	16⅛	13⅜
Goodrich	*11⅜	11⅛	Un Cpn	1⅞	1⅞
„ $5 pfd	*50¼	51	„ $3 pfd	36	35⅞
Goodyear	15	15	Un Gas	1⅛	1⅛
Gt N I Ore	*14	14⅛	Un Grp Imp	11⅞	12
Gt N Rly	22⅜	22⅜	U S Ind Al	*18	*17⅞
Gt W Sug	*20⅜	20⅛	U S Rub	19¼	19⅜
Grey Cpn	12	11⅞	„ pfd	83	*82⅜
Mer Pow	79⅜	*78	U S Steel	52¼	52⅜
Home Min	39⅜	40¼	Vanadium	30⅛	30
Int Nickel	23¼	23⅜	Vultee	*6¼	*6¼
Int Paper	14¼	14⅜	Walworth	3⅜	3⅜
Int T & T	*2¼	*2¼	War Br Pic	2⅛	2¼
Kennecott	26¼	26⅛	West Elec	100⅜	100
Kay F & M	3⅛	*3	Wood Iron	*25⅜	26

BONDS

Amer. & For. Power	46¼	45½
Baltimore & Ohio R.R.	30	28¾
Brazil (U.S. of) 8% 1941	14	*14
„ „ 6½% 1957	*11⅛	*11⅛
Cities Serv. Pwr. & Lt.	85⅝	85¾
Eric 5s 1967	11¾	11⅝
Int. Tel. & Tel.	30	30
New England Gas & Elec.	65⅜	65¼
Sthrn. Pacific Co.	39¼	39¾
Stand. Gas & Elec.	69½	69¼

*—Bid. †—Ex Div.

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Dull conditions prevailed on the Stock Exchange today. Prices, however, firmed near the close and some foreign bonds substantially gained. Contrasting with the market lethargy is the high rate of business of most major lines: automobile sales are better than expected whilst a rise is expected in carloadings. The Street favourably interpreted the report of the House of Representatives' Ways and Means Committee on the Excess Profits Tax. The single deterrent today was apparently war news.

Stocks:—White Motor is selling at half of its net working capital per share, which is favourable for the profit tax. The company earned $1.19 per share for the first six months. Large Army orders are being received.

STATISTICS

	Week Ended 3/8	Week Ended 27/7
Electricity Output (Edison Elec. Inst.'s) (Kilowatt hours—000's omitted)	2,605,000	2,601,000
Crude Oil Daily Average Production (Petroleum Institute of N.Y.'s) (barrels)	3,494,000	3,690,000

DIVIDENDS

Eagle Picher Lead	$0.10

EARNINGS

Stock	Period	1940	1939
Barber Asphalt	Qr. 30/6	$0.23	$0.26
Bendix Aviation	„	1.13	0.54
Pullman Inc.	„	0.20	0.09

Cotton:—The Government weekly weather report was favourable. The average of private estimates is 11,338,500 bales. The Government estimate will be issued tomorrow.

Wheat:—Market steady, featureless. Trading was small. It is estimated that 400,000,000 bushels of wheat are going into the loan.

Corn:—Ruled firm. Market features were unchanged.

Rubber:—Stagnant. Preliminary shipments of native and estate rubber from the N.E.I. during July totalled 61,496 tons compared with 45,517 tons during June. Exporters' stocks of native rubber at the end of July amounted to 12,028 tons as against 13,524 tons at the end of the previous month. Total imports of rubber from outside British Malaya during July were 27,625 tons, against 15,529 tons in June. An unofficial forecast estimates that shipments of rubber from Malaya during July totalled 49,400 tons.

Hides:—Drifted lower on small scattered liquidation.

Cocoa:—Increasing arrivals and September liquidation were depressing factors. No early relief is indicated.

Sugar No. 4:—The continued accumulation of stocks with no outlet and September liquidation caused the market to ease.

U.S. Ships to Be Used To Carry China's Exports

The United States are understood to have decided to dispatch a fleet of ocean-going steamers to Rangoon (Burma), Indo-China, and Kwangchowan for the purpose of transporting to the United States large quantities of Chinese tung oil, bristles, antimony ores and weaving fibres, says a report to the "Ta Mei Wan Pao."

Such an arrangement is bound to increase and revive Sino-American trade and minimise the effects of the blockade of French Indo-China.

During the first half of this year China imported more than CN$200,000,000 worth of American goods, but the closure of Hongkong, and the blockade of the Burma and French Indo-China trade routes recently dealt a heavy blow to Sino-American trade, the report concludes.

Britain to Purchase Egyptian Cotton Crop

Anxiety In Egypt As To Disposal Of Crop Relieved

London, Aug. 8.

The establishment of a commission, with powers to purchase Egyptian cotton crop, was announced yesterday in the House of Commons by Mr. R. A. Butler, Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

He declared that anxiety has been growing for some time in Egypt regarding the disposal of the 1940 cotton crop, the picking of which is about to begin.

Owing to a great reduction in the demand due to war conditions, and the difficulties of export, the danger was imminent that the bulk would be left unsold in the hands of the cultivators, which would be an economic disaster of the first magnitude.

Following representations by the Egyptian to the British Government, the latter accordingly decided to respond by setting up a commission to purchase the cotton, on which the Egyptian Government was being asked to nominate its representative.

This commission would be prepared to purchase, before April 30, 1941, all lint and cotton derived from the 1940 Egyptian crop, or as much as was offered to them, and all mercantile cotton seed, as distinct from sowing seed.

The British Government would bear the whole of any nett loss which might arise from the transaction as a whole, but they would share equally with the Egyptian Government any nett profits which might accrue on the understanding that such profits as may be returned to the Egyptian Government under this arrangement, be used by that Government for the relief of cultivators in a manner to be agreed on between the two Governments.

Asked if the Egyptian Government, as an ally, was co-operating to the fullest extent in this matter, Mr. Butler replied, amid cheers: "We take that for granted."—Reuter.

"Traditional Friendship"

Cairo, Aug. 8.

In making in the Chamber a statement similar to that made by Mr. R. A. Butler, British Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in the House of Commons, with regard to Britain's purchase of the Egyptian cotton crop, the Prime Minister said Egyptian producers would not be compelled to sell to Britain.

The agreement, he added, was possible "thanks to the traditional friendship of the two Allies and real appreciation by Great Britain of the position of Egyptian producers."—Reuter.

London Stocks

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

London, Aug. 7.

Conditions on the London Stock Exchange today ruled generally easier on a lack of support, though no selling pressure was noted.

There was some hesitance due to Eastern developments, but it was noteworthy that Egyptian bonds remained very firm throughout the session.

British gilt edged securities and most industrials ruled fractionally easier, while oils were inactive.—Reuter.

	Aug. 6	7
U.K. LOANS		
3½% War Loan, (Red.)	£100 1/16	99 5/8
2½% Defence Loan	100 5/8	100½
CHINESE LOANS		
4½% Gold Loan, 1898	30	30
4½% Anglo-French Loan	35	35
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	13	13
5% Recrg. Loan, 1913	18	18
5% Stg. Notes, 1925	8

Britain's Position Grows Stronger and Stronger

Mr. A. Greenwood Presents House of Commons With Facts of Ascendancy Over Nazis

London, Aug. 8.

THE Government has directed its energies since its formation to strengthening the sinews of war, declared Mr. Arthur Greenwood, Minister without Portfolio, in the House of Commons yesterday, initiating a discussion on economic organization.

He began: "It is clear in the very early days of the new Government that a tremendous and growing burden rested on Britain. I do not think, however, the outlook today should daunt us. To achieve victory as swiftly as may be, our fighting forces must be adequately provided with the sinews of war, and the people must be kept in good heart.

"The Government has directed its energies to strengthening the sinews of war. 'Planes, tanks, guns and munitions of war, each call for varied skill and a large variety of materials drawn from the four quarters of the earth. The area of the war has widened by the increased range of aircraft, and the war has become a total war, in which the term non-combatant ceases to have any meaning.

"War of this kind and complexity, involving the whole population, calls for economic organization on a scale unknown in the past and I am prepared to admit, not yet fully achieved in the present."

Hitler in Difficulties

Turning to the economic position of the enemy, Mr. Greenwood said: "Hitler, in his late speech, painted a rosy picture of his economic strength. He also said his total supplies for the army, and air force were considerably greater than before the attack in the west. That, no doubt, is true, as of course it is true of this country. But Hitler is beset by serious problems within his swollen boundaries, which will intensify as the days go by.

"Hitler boasts that his food supplies are guaranteed for as long as the war lasts. I wonder, I fancy as the war draws on, Hitler will not be so happy, as his aggression and conquest has condemned considerable areas of his newly-seized territory. A multitude of refugees have trampled growing corn. His tanks have devastated much of the countryside and his own crops cannot be very good this year. Next spring he will begin to feel the pinch of the food problem even more seriously than now.

"He will continue the making of war material, but some of his chief industrial areas and aerodromes have suffered very heavy punishment. Oil refineries, stores, railway junctions, marshalling yards, docks and ships have been, and will continue to be, targets for our deadly bombing planes, night by night, and week by week, and more heavily as our bombing strength increases. His output undoubtedly has been very seriously interfered with.

"It will be difficult, if not impossible, to repair the damage to productive enterprises, lines of communication, etc., for some considerable time to come. He will need to draw more and more on his reserves, and the more vigorously he prosecutes the war, the more rapidly his stores will disappear. He will find it increasingly difficult to replace losses.

Cut Off from Outside

"Measures have also been taken to ensure that Hitler will not draw sustenance from outside sources. Not merely Germany, but controlled territories will be unable to carry on trade on any scale with the outside world. The blockade operates over a wide area, which must become more and more impoverished as its trade arteries are cut. Hitler will continue to seize all food and materials he can from overrun territories, but once he has despoiled his victims, his supplies will either cease or become much less plentiful.

"Hitler boasts he possesses unlimited quantities of iron. Iron, he possesses in great quantities, and he has probably no need to fear a shortage of aluminium. But his colonial situation is different, and in supplies, will henceforth be seriously short. He may sit upon mountains of iron ore, but as he has not the coal whereby it can be smelted, it will not be of first-class military value. In a normal year, this country exports some 30,000,000 tons of coal to the continent of Europe. None of that will henceforth fall into the hands of Germany.

"As regards oil, of 20,000,000 tons normally consumed throughout Hitler's territories per annum, he can hope to produce or procure not more than one-half.

"These are mere pointers to the situation in which Hitler finds himself economically. When the pinch comes, as it will sooner or later in a hundred different directions, it is more than doubtful whether the subdued people in Germany and other lands will be prepared, or able, to stand the strain.

"Yet we must not for a single moment under-estimate the power arrayed against us. The German mind and strength has been devoted to one single purpose—the preparation of the strongest and most terrible fighting force the world has ever seen.

Process of Change-Over

The German economic system has been, for some years, on a war footing. We must remember we have not yet felt the brunt of Hitler's blow. We have proved we are capable of becoming as efficient for war purposes as a Dictator, but we are still in the process of a change-over from peace to war economy. We have got to make the best of our resources, which must be directed to a national life, and effort is necessary for a victorious conduct of the war and maintenance of national spirit.

"We intend to win this war. The Government does not intend to allow the limit of its prosecution to be anything else than the whole resources of the manpower, industrial capacity, and the finance and foreign assets at our disposal. To achieve the maximum effort, we must plan our economic strategy with a view to the best co-ordination and co-operation of all agencies concerned."

Mr. Greenwood then detailed the new arrangements to be made for consideration of a number of economic problems, and the co-ordination of their economic effort, saying that each of the main groups of problems was dealt with by a sub-committee composed of members of the War Cabinet and Ministers in charge of Departments concerned.

One very important factor in the effectiveness of their economic warfare was to deal with the serious problem of surplus overseas commodities, in such a way as to make them an advantage to Britain and a disadvantage to the enemy.

The collapse of France had greatly increased the difficulties of production and "we have given complete priority to those essential weapons of war which would provide maximum resistance to the enemy in the shortest space of time.

A Long War

"There is need to keep our minds on the possibility of a long war. Priority has not worked as well as it should, but having had to make this great spurt for immediate war purposes, we are now considering further measures to ensure, as far as possible, that materials, plant and labour are effectively used to carry out the production programme."

Mr. Greenwood dealt in detail with industrial capacity organization and said that provision had also been made against the destruction of factories from the air.

He recalled his statement of July 11 made in the House, regarding a new organization to deal with purchases in North America through Canadian and United States' channels, following the dissolution of the Anglo-French Organization. The new organization had been actively at work some weeks.

The United States was now engaged in a vast national rearmament and was mobilizing American industry for that purpose. While, therefore, but a few months ago Britain was placing orders with American industry to supplement deficiencies in the combined Allied production, they had now need to embark on a much more extensive programme which must be related to American national defence preparations. Therefore the House would readily understand the complexity of the question involved in the task of the British Purchasing Commission in New York. "At the same time, we need both in New York and London to co-ordinate our requirements with those of India, the Dominions and our Allies, who must look to us for supplies. The United States and Canada have been our two most important potential providers of war material."

Consumption Safeguarded

Continuing, Mr. Greenwood said it was necessary for the efficient conduct of the war that the consumption of the people should be safeguarded and unnecessary hardship avoided. "The rise in the cost of living is less than the rise of prices generally. Our object is that the prices of necessities shall be kept down, and we are spending considerable sums to do that. The policy of anchoring the prices of essential commodities will be continued. We believe by these means we shall ensure the unimpaired health of the nation. We have taken steps to increase exports and we will do everything we can properly do in that direction.

"But in present circumstances, it is clear that the possibilities of increased exports are not too rosy. It is important we should use our foreign exchange as far as we can for purchases of aeroplanes, munitions, etc., abroad. At the same time, we need to retain a proportion of skilled labour on the production of commodities for export, in order that our supplies of foreign exchange may be maintained. We must limit imports to things essential to consumption and the productive services.

"At the moment our shipping position is not too bad. Port capacity has not been very seriously impaired. but we are bound to recognize that our ports and shipping will be among the main objectives of enemy attacks. It is prudent, therefore, for the country to make as much as it can of those foodstuffs and materials as can be readily stored to build up our stocks against the day when our capacity to import may not be so great.

"If the enemy hopes he can starve us out, he is very much mistaken. The starvation of the people of this country is impossible. Nothing can be more emphatic than that."

Military Production Increased

Concluding, Mr. Greenwood said: "Looking ahead, it might be necessary to reduce the rate of intake of commodities which are not indispensable. We will use our ship-borne trade for the national cause and public good.

"The House will not expect me to give exact details of the great increases in military production in recent weeks, but I can assure members very great strides have been made in speeding up production of aircraft and army equipment. Great strides have been made and greater strides will be made. There is a shortage of certain materials, and we must reckon on difficulties arising from the bombing of factories, foundries, shipyards and mining of ports and sinking of ships. But in spite of all, there is no real cause for dismay.

The monstrously swollen German Reich is already largely beleaguered. It has only limited external supplies: while we can stretch across the seas where the treasures of the world lie and bring them to our shores, and we are assured of the active help of free peoples and supplies of the New World to reinforce our own efforts."

Training of Workers Urged

Mr. Emmanuel Shinwell, Labour member for the Seaham division of Durham, urged an exhaustive survey of the country's economic possibilities. He asked, assuming the war to last two or three years, had the Government estimated its needs in aircraft, guns, munitions, labour, raw materials, and exports? Was there a definite allocation as between actual war essentials and exports and civilian needs? Mr. Shinwell declared according to a reliable estimate, Germany had 780,000 men and women training for industry, while we had 28,000 trainees and envisaged 40,000 being trained this year.

Mr. Shinwell proceeded to talk of unemployment and underemployment in Britain and suggested instead of allowing miners to remain unemployed, the Government might finance the building up of huge stocks of coal, or divert miners into war industries.

He also suggested to meet the German attack on shipping, the docks and harbours on the west coast should be improved, and in order to develop a large export trade, manufacturers and export companies should be financed and individual effort and competition must be considerably modified or replaced by the full-blooded system of collective production.

"We cannot rely too much on the United States, who may be embroiled in war with Japan. It is better to assume we must rely on ourselves, and organize accordingly," he added.

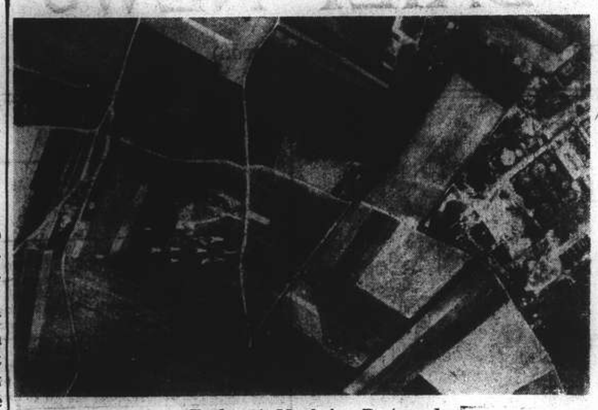
Sir George Schuster, Liberal National member for Walsall, said that Mr. Greenwood's account was not very convincing and urged the first step should be to establish a central directing authority and that we should aim with the American countries to build up a satisfactory economic régime for the war period, to give inhabitants of these countries a satisfactory basis of life, and deny to the enemies what they needed.—Reuter.

New Markets Needed

Colonel Josiah Clement Wedgwood, Labour member for Newcastle-under-Lyme, urged the need of finding new markets for British surplus produce, citing as examples cocoa from the Gold Coast and tin and rubber from the Straits Settlements.

Mr. Ernest Bevin, Minister of Labour, declared there was a plan for labour and the plan was working. He said 1,000 miners thrown out of work by the collapse of France had been transferred to defence works, while as a result of measures to increase the protective power of the Navy by speeding up gun-mountings and other things, Herr Hitler would get a far warmer welcome than he otherwise would have received. Mr. Bevin added while the Government were doing all they could to train men for industry, they were not getting all the help they might from industry itself. "While we may make mistakes in judgment, we are planning towards securing final victory."

Replying to debate, Lord MacMillan, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Supply, said the Government's task was even more complicated than turning over to war economy because war economy itself had to be adjusted to rapidly changing strategic and tactical considerations. He could not announce broad ambitions of a large-scale economic plan. The vast scale of events must be borne in mind, and the first definite plan was to give every sinew of British strength to preparation for the next few weeks and months. Then it might be possible for Ministers to give, in a more completely worked-out form, a general system which they were gradually bringing into being over a wide sphere of British national economy.—Reuter.



Tanks at Monheim Destroyed

The oil storage tanks at Monheim in Germany have been destroyed by the R.A.F. This picture was taken in one of the earlier raids and shows the oil tanks as seen from a British bomber. A salvo of ten bombs has been released and is on its way down to the tanks

British Tonnage Increased

Unforeseen Result of Nazi Victories Gives Britain Many Ships

London, Aug. 8.

As a result of the German invasion of Poland, Norway, Denmark and the Low Countries and the collapse of France, the shipping strength of Great Britain and the Dominions has been increased by more than 10,000,000 tons deadweight, it is disclosed by the Ministry of Shipping.

Not all these ships, it is pointed out, are being used in trade with Great Britain, but are distributed all over the globe, free to engage in every kind of trade, except contraband trade with the enemy.

About 5,500,000 tons are Norwegian, 3,000,000 Dutch, and 500,000 tons are under control of the Belgian and Polish Governments. All are ships of 500 gross tons or more.

In addition, there are now under the direct control of the Ministry of Shipping three important categories of foreign shipping.

Danish Ships Seized

Firstly, there is Danish shipping seized for British service, amounting to about 500,000 deadweight tons. Because of the circumstances in which the independence of Denmark was extinguished, there was no alternative to transferring these ships to the British flag.

Secondly, French shipping retained under British control amounts to about 500,000 deadweight tons. In order that they should be free to assist in the common war effort, these ships were requisitioned after France's signature of the armistice. They will sail under the British flag, but will also fly the French flag. Many French officers and seamen, the Ministry adds, have accepted Britain's offer to remain in employment in these ships on the same terms as British officers and seamen.

Thirdly, there is a great number of ships of various neutral countries on time charter to the Ministry of Shipping. They now amount to 1,250,000 deadweight tons.—Reuter.

Sig. Gayda Says Axis Not to Fight America

Rome, Aug. 8.

Sig. Virginio Gayda, reputed mouthpiece for Premier Benito Mussolini, writing in the "Giornale d'Italia," today said that the Rome-Berlin Axis had no intention of spreading the war to the American continent but would limit the conflict to Europe only.—United Press.

Portugal's Legation in Vatican Made Embassy

Lisbon, Aug. 7.

The Portuguese Legation in the Vatican City is promoted to the rank of an embassy in accordance with the Concordat recently signed, an official decree announced today.—Havas.

Canadian Parliament Adjourns

Ottawa, Aug. 7.

The Canadian Parliament, which has been in session since May 16, has been adjourned until November 5.—Reuter.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 264

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")

ACROSS

3 Here you have to entertain a deity (5)
8 Even the bravest man cannot face this without some reflections (6)
9 Put into words (6)
10 "Arches" (anag.) (6)
11 An old-fashioned sweet (8)
12 Put it in a den for the girl (3)
13 Indolence though agreement about the way to take (6)
14 Accessories well known by washerwomen (8)
17 A famous Moor (7)
19 The sort of trap that might catch miners (7)
23 It is apparently very cold in this sort of vehicle (8)
27 Many with a girl show no kind feeling (6)
29 Can one describe this bit of India as an enclave? (3)
30 Flower (8)
31 A sound alarm (6)
32 Pigment not altogether capital (6)
33 This snake is a poisonous one (6)
34 "On with the ——; let joy be unconfined" (Byron) (5)

DOWN

1 Chessman (6)
2 She is a worker in France (8)
3 Of course this ship was launched on the flood (two words—3, 5)
4 Vain obstruction to economise (7)
5 Masculine or feminine name (6)
6 With more craft (6)
7 Distinguish but not in a river (6)
13 A bit of a fight in a ring of course (5)
15 Just one mark doesn't seem much for the bride to have (3)
16 In the chemist's shop or on his mat perhaps (5)
18 This figure should be of importance to poultry farmers as well as to artists (3)
20 The claim to perfection is not yet developed (8)
21 Good fortune (8)
22 Bird that should be a mascot for the Spurs (7)
24 Common to poetry and music (6)
25 Where we may get our silk from (6)
26 The inquiry about the boy is not upright (6)
28 Mostly high and cold (6)

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—**ACROSS**: 1, Goldsmith; 9, Kernel; 10, Sizarship; 11, Cavern; 12, Aerodrome; 13, Follow; 17, Try; 19, Proviso; 20, Asunder; 21, Oak; 23, Rebuff; 27, Handiwork; 28, Tallow; 29, Qualities; 30, Vessel; 31, Leasehold. **DOWN**: 2, Oliver; 3, Dragon; 4, Misery; 5, Trimmer; 6, Pedagogue; 7, Interlude; 8, Blindworm; 14, Operative; 15, Doubtless; 16, Sixfooter; 17, Too; 18, Yak; 22, As a rule; 24, Idylls; 25, Switch; 26, Orwell.

U.S. War Department Now Building Factories

Site Selected Out of Range of Possible Bombing From Coast; Middle-west Towns Compete for Sites

Washington, Aug. 8.

THE War Department plans the construction of 60 munitions plants to assure the nation an adequate supply of war materials "in peace or war", the Assistant Secretary of War, Mr. Robert Patterson, announced here yesterday.

The projected plants, costing US$700,000,000, are intended to supply a potential army of 2,000,000 men, Mr. Patterson said.

The broad programme, he said, is to permit private industry to operate the plants, which will be built with Federal funds "on an indefinite basis until all our needs are met." The sites of the plants are now being selected and negotiations with private firms are being expedited, he declared.

The programme contemplates the establishment of the larger portion of the projected munitions plants from 200 to 250 miles within the borders of the United States between the Rocky Mountains and the Alleghanies in order to decentralize the crowded industry along the eastern seaboard, which is vulnerable to bombing attacks.

"The plants will be constructed on a permanent basis in order to last many years," Mr. Patterson said.

Apropos of Mr. Patterson's declaration, it was recalled that Congress has so far appropriated U.S. $200,000,000 for starting the construction of munitions plants, while the funds for the remainder are contained in the U.S. $4,963,000,000 second supplementary defence appropriation bill which has already been approved by the House of Representatives.

The War Department has already signed a contract with Dupont de Nemours for a first factory—a U.S. $25,000,000 smokeless powder plant, which will be established at Charlestown, Indiana.

Meanwhile, Kansas City is seeking, with all the resources at its command, to become the beneficiary of the Government's programme to decentralize national defence industries, aviation centres and training bases.

As "The Heart of America," Kansas City citizens feel that their city is as remote as geographically possible from the threat of invasion or aerial bombardment. They argue that their city is the logical site for the construction of new aeroplane factories, armament supply bases, ammunition manufacturies, and other industrial establishments vital to national defence.

Mayor John B. Gage and C. M. Woodward, Kansas City Chamber of Commerce trade commissioner, placed Kansas City's representation on Washington desks recently. It consisted principally of an elaborate brochure citing the area's advantages.

It laid particular stress on the patriotism of Middle Westerners. Eighty-one and five-tenths per cent. of local labour is native born and of the remainder only 6.1 per cent. was born overseas, the brochure said.

"Kansas City is located in the centre of the United States," it said, "surrounded by an immense area of fertile agricultural land peopled with a high percentage of native born Americans.

"Therefore we have a setting that supplies real American educated men and women ready and anxious to enter industry."

Particular emphasis was laid on the area's availability for aeroplane factories because War Department officials have said that it is the location on the vulnerable East and West coasts of the present factories that causes them the most concern.

The pamphlet stressed the availability of ten possible aeroplane factory sites with enough surrounding land for private airfields and the availability of 20,000 mechanics in the Kansas City area. Eighteen raw or finished materials used in plane construction are available in Kansas City.

It pointed out also that the area's weather would be no stumbling block to location of aeroplane plants here—that Kansas City has only nine days of dense fog a year, on the average.

Excellent transportation facilities to every section of the country and availability of all forms of power and utilities also were mentioned.

"Greater Kansas City (Kansas City, Mo., Kansas City, Kas. North Kansas City, Mo.) has in operation 27 manufacturing plants adaptable to aeronautic production," the brochure added.

Kansas City's representatives also told government authorities of the area's vocational training institutes and its trade schools for aircraft workers, pilots and radio technicians.—United Press.

Otto Kuusinen Given Office by Moscow

Made New Vice-President Of Praesidium

Moscow, Aug. 8.

The Supreme Soviet Council yesterday elected M. Otto Kuusinen Vice President of the Praesidium.

M. Kuusinen, the head of the newly-formed Karelian-Finnish Soviet Republics, was leader of the short-lived Finnish "Peoples Government" during the Russo-Finnish war.

Marshal Klementi Voroshilov, former Defence Commissar, was appointed Vice-Chairman of the Council of People's Commissars and Chairman of the Defence Committee of the Council, M. V. A. Malyssev, M. M. G. Pervukhin, and M. A. N. Kosygin, were appointed Vice-Chairmen of the Council of People's Commissars.

Marshal Itimoshenko was named People's Commissar for Defence. He was relieved of his duties as a member of the Praesidium because of the pressure of other work.—United Press.

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9
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Friday—my wife's fortieth birthday is in,
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Wakamoto's work—this jubilant feast,
Gone years of sorrow—thanks to "Wakamoto" Yeast.
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PROPERTY for sale. Residence situate Avenue Haig with garden, garage, servants' quarters, central heating and modern conveniences. Area about 5 fens covered by title-deed. Immediate occupation if required. Apply telephone 72675 between 6 to 7 p.m. -2045

"YOUR House Is Your Castle." Why not take this opportunity to be owners of modernistic residences (Concession), for 5 years? Chiming Development Co., telephone 93344. -2039

FOR SALE, modern house, 40 rooms with garden on Hungjao Road, good for apartments, club, hospital, US$30,000. Address Box 1062, NCDN. -1963

FOR SALE, foreign residence, No. 383 Yulin Road, eight main rooms, three baths, nearly one mow, occupancy October, for terms apply China Realty Company. 10529

WANTED to purchase four/five-roomed house with approximately one mow freehold land, good residential district. Box 1051, NCDN. -1956

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before August 12, after which date they will be destroyed.

Nos. 255, 472, 488, 607, 621, 622, 638, 650, 676, 690, 706, 708, 712, 720, 744, 784, 802, 803, 809, 810, 826, 830, 834, 897.

Animals

WILL give thoroughbred Old English sheep dog to good home preferably with large garden. Address Box 1102, NCDN. -2048

FOR SALE, thoroughbred cocker spaniels, male, six weeks old. $80. Telephone 38780. -2055

PEDIGREED Pekinese, seventeen months, well-trained, fond of children. Reasonable. Owner leaving. Telephone 36371. -2051

Garages

GARAGE available immediately on Route Kaufmann. Apply personally: Asia Realty Company, 110 Szechuen Road. 10674

Furnished Apartments

TO LET, two-roomed apartment, bath, kitchen, steamheating. Concession. Rent US$12. Furniture US$250. Apply General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -2052

IN the centre of French Concession to let: two-roomed apartment, kitchen, and bathroom. 24 Pere Robert. -2006

AMERICAN bachelor willing to share his four-roomed flat in Jubilee Court with other bachelor. Telephone 71617 from 12.30 to 2 p.m. 10651

2½-roomed, furnished flat, private bath, kitchen, hot/cold water, steamheat, all conveniences. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -1763

ONE-ROOMED apartment, bathroom, kitchen. Fully-furnished. Rue Ratard, first floor. Rent including heating, water, taxes, $135 monthly. Furniture $3,300. Address Box 1007, NCDN. -1967

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In applying for positions copies of references and not originals should be sent.

Rooms Without Board

TO LET, furnished rooms. Please apply between 5-7 p.m. 1315/8 Yu Yuen Road. -1933

TO LET: apartments, flats, rooms, houses, furnished/unfurnished. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -2062

NICE convenient rooms to let for short periods, Bubbling Well Road, telephone 36593 from 1-3 p.m. -1449

Rooms with Board

FOR bachelor, well-furnished room in apartment all modern conveniences, telephone. French Concession. Telephone 72161, between 12-2 p.m. 10692

COSGROVE House, 1220/50 Avenue Road. Well-furnished, double room, private bath, excellent food, large garden. Telephone 31018. -2033

THE Villas, 969 Avenue Foch, one large room available. Also September, one large room with small verandah. Full board. Good food. Telephone Manageress 75433. -1931

FOREIGN hotel, apartment with or without board. Separate nicely furnished rooms with private bathrooms; modern conveniences and good service. Available immediately. Telephone 34880. 394 Avenue Joffre. -1959

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable single room, double room, private bathrooms, garden. Telephone 35534, Mrs. Lupton. -1857

LARGE room, balcony, couple, $480; small, single, $200. Full board. 188 Route Dupleix, 4-6 p.m. 1945

Holiday Resorts

TSINGTAO, Villa Lucia, Pension, open for reservation, 4 Chih Chuan Road, Ilis Huk. -13347

Chinese Servants

COOK-BOY, honest, best recommendations, seeks position. Box 1086, NCDN. -2023

HOUSE coolie-boy, clean, honest, seeks position immediately, well-recommended. Address Box 255, NCDN. -2029

73148. Central Employment Agency (British). The last word in household servants. 833/17 Avenue Joffre. -2054

GOOD cook-boy and wife wash-amah, seeks position, speaks good English. Well-recommended. Address Box 1103, NCDN. -2050

HONEST cook-boy, good cook, also can iron, wash, moderate wages, available immediately. Address Box 1088 NCDN. -2028

WANTED private rickshaw puller, must be clean and reliable. $70 per month. Four trips. Puller supply license. Box 1097, NCDN. -2041

EXCELLENT cook-boy, hardworking and honest, recommended by English and American families. Address Box 1025, NCDN. -2053

WANTED house-coolie-boy, clean, honest, recommended. Apply 216 Hamilton House, office hours. 10674

YOUNG cook-boy, honest, clean, speaks English, seeks position. Reply Box 1043, NCDN. -2049

WANTED, well-recommended cook-boy and wife as amah, for English family. Wages $70. Address Box 1040, NCDN. 10639

GOOD No. 1 house-boy or cook-boy, speaks English well, recommended. Address Box 1023, NCDN. -1923

WANTED, recommended amah, to do plain cooking. Box 1058, NCDN. -1970

EXCELLENT cook-boy seeks position, highly recommended, speaking good English; clean and honest. Address Box 1069, NCDN. -1995

72782, 46048. General Employment Agency. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, office boys, clerks. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -1793

WANTED house-boy. Clean and well-recommended. Will pay good wages to boy experienced and willing to work. Box 1039, NCDN. 10638

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

MRS. Mac gives massage. General-medical and special face massage, at client's home. Latest method. Telephone 76219. -2012

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30, Second Floor. 10546

Offices, Shops, Godowns

WANTED to rent, half shop, suitable for cigar store, best location Bubbling Well or Joffre. Box 1074, NCDN. -2509

SHOP wanted, Avenue Joffre district, from October 1 or earlier, suitable for fur or sundry shops. Box 1004, NCDN. -1990

WANTED office whole or share, with telephone, central district. State full particulars/terms. Box 1091, NCDN. -2032

SHOP premises, whole/share, wanted. Best location Concession/Settlement. Box 1099, NCDN. -2043

NICELY-furnished shop in French Concession, to let. Low rent. Furniture to be taken over. Address Box 1035, NCDN. -1936

WANTED, by import firm, modern office of about 500 sq. ft. with telephone, central district, earliest occupancy. Box 1042, NCDN. -1945

Unfurnished Apartments

WILL exchange two-roomed steam-heated flat, central district, for small house. Box 1098, NCDN. 10669

152 Route Destelan. Two, three, four-roomed apartments with bathroom and kitchen, for immediate occupation. Rental $300, $350, $400 per month, including hot and cold water and taxes. For further particulars apply Palmer & Turner Property Office, 17 Canton Road, Telephone 15160. 10540

THREE-ROOMED flat, cool, comfortable and convenient. Private bathroom. Inspection 5 to 7 p.m. Lane 668, House 127 Yu Yuen Road. -1942

More Classified Ads. Overleaf

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Cloudy, fine and hot weather with fog and variable winds around Shantung: with unsteady winds and local thunder in our Valley and to the South of the Saddles.

	At Cathedral		At Siccawei	
Temperature yesterday	min. 76.0	max. 91.0	min. 75.2	max. 93.0
„ same date last year	min. 76.0	max. 92.0	min. 75.6	max. 92.5

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, AUGUST 9, 1940 (6th day of 7th moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on Aug. 9, at 8 p.m. for registered and on Aug. 10, at 8 a.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on Aug. 20. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

Imperial Airways (H'kong, Bangkok, S. Africa, Australia) per steamer on Aug. 9, 8 p.m. registered and on Aug. 10, 8 a.m. ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mails close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: Aug. 11 and 22, 1940.

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Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Announcements of Births, etc., in this column, $10 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

BIRTH

FINDLAY.—On Wednesday, August 7, 1940, at Kobe, to Joan (née Massey), wife of J. G. FINDLAY, a daughter. 10672

MARRIAGE

WHEELER—MEATHREL.—On Aug. 3, 1940, at Holy Trinity Cathedral, Shanghai, DOROTHY, daughter of the late Captain J. W. Meathrel and of Mrs. A. W. Meathrel, of Shanghai, to IVAN LIVINGSTON GORDON, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Wheeler, of Belfast. 10669

Change of Telephone Number

L. S. WEINSTEIN
THE
CHINA FUR TRADING CO., LTD.
FRANCO-AMERICAN TEXTILE CO.
"FRAMTEX"
458 Szechuen Road
Previous telephone 18942
PRESENT TELEPHONES 12985-4 -1975

G. R.

BRITISH CONSULAR NOTIFICATION No. 10 of 1940

The Palestinian Citizenship Order, 1925, has been amended by an Order-in-Council, entering into force on July 25, 1939, so as to extend facilities to persons who, for reason of insufficient time in which to exercise the option contemplated in Article 2 of the Principal Order, failed to qualify for Palestinian citizenship. The option thereby conferred must be exercised before July 25, 1941. Further particulars can be obtained by enquiry at the Passport Office of His Majesty's Consulate-General.

A. H. GEORGE,
Consul-General.

British Consulate-General,
Shanghai, August 7, 1940. 10666

In the Estate of
VICTOR C.C. BLOCKHUYS,
Deceased

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the estate of the above who died at Shanghai, on the 26th day of July 1940, are hereby requested to send particulars to the Belgian Consulate General, 1300 Rue Lafayette, Shanghai, on or before September 15th 1940 and Notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby required to make immediate payment to this same Consulate General. 10649

FRED BOULTON
Deceased

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that persons having claims against the estate of the above-mentioned deceased are requested to file particulars with the undersigned within two months and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

R. J. E. PRICE,
Solicitor.
175 Soochow Road, Shanghai. 10669

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

M. S. "TAMPA" Voy. 1-77

Damaged cargo ex the above vessel will be examined by Messrs. Eisler, Reeves and Murphy on Monday, August 12th, at 9 a.m. at Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co's Old Ningpo Wharf.

AMERICAN PIONEER LINE,
AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES, LTD.
Agents
31 Canton Road Telephone 15309 10671

SS. "STEEL TRADER" FROM U.S.A. VIA PORTS

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Examination of ship damaged and broken cargo only ex the above vessel will be held at the Jardine's Pootung Wharf on August 12, 1940 Monday at 9 a.m. by Messrs Paulsen ond Bayes-Davy, Marine and Cargo Surveyors.

ISTHMIAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY -10618

THE LOGICAL CAR FOR SHANGHAI.

The Ford 60 H.P.
"Thrifty—Sixty"
full sized sedan.

TOPPING EVERY CAR IN ITS CLASS IN THE GILMORE—YOSEMITE ECONOMY RUN THAT DID NOT RESORT TO AN OVERDRIVE ATTACHMENT.

BILLS MOTORS
Federal Inc. U.S.A.
615 Ave. Foch. Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

To-day's Event

AUGUST

9 NCDN broadcast 12.45 and 9 p.m. over XMHD 760kc. 395m.

Coming Events

AUGUST

15 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
22 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
22 Cradle Bridge/mahjongg, S.I.B. 3
29 Rotary Club, Metropol Hotel, 12.15

Charge for items, $3 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

HUNGJAO properties, for sale: Hungjao Road, 17 mow; Fraser Road, 7 mow; Lincoln Avenue, 2.3 mow. Price reasonable. Address Box 977, NCDN. -1826

PRISONERS OF WAR

The Red Cross & St. John's War Organization, London, have announced that large funds are required to meet the cost of their greatly increased responsibilities for the care of British prisoners of war in enemy hands.

The Central British War Fund remits regularly to the Red Cross. Send your subscription to the Hon. Treasurer, Mr. G. H. Stacey, c/o Hongkong & Shanghai Bank.

S. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Forty-first Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the office of the Secretaries, 17 Canton Road, at 12.15 p.m. on Friday, August 9, 1940.

The Transfer Books and Share Register will be closed from August 2 to August 9, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
ILBERT & CO. (1931) LTD.,
Secretaries.

Shanghai, July 25, 1940. 10468

NOTICE

For Charter to responsible party
ONE STEAM LAUNCH
ONE MOTOR LAUNCH
Under American flag and ownership. For full particulars communicate with office 44 Quai de France or Telephone 82406 and 82550 10653

HERE'S A TIP

For a Distinctive car and one designed for Safety, Comfort and Convenience.

Buy CHEVROLET

AUTO PALACE
100 Route Cardinal Mercier
Telephone 70180 10544

MARINE ENGINEERS GUILD OF CHINA

A General Meeting of the Guild will be held in the office, 24 The Bund, Shanghai, TO-DAY, at 5 p.m. 10665

EWO GIN
Distilled in England
Obtainable at all Compradore Stores 10563

THE
King's Head Hotel
Five Lanes, Altarnun
CORNWALL
MAY WE REMIND YOU?
Free House Ten Bedrooms
First Class Accommodation
Electric Light Throughout
Free Garage Moderate Terms

A splendid centre for your Summer Holiday.

Telephone: Pipers Pool 241
J. W. BARBER, *Proprietor*

STATISTICS

prove that every eighty-ninth birth produces twins. People who don't want twins would be well-advised, therefore, to limit the size of their families to eighty-eight. More rational advice to the prudent paterfamilias is to keep the home adequately protected by FIRE and BURGLARY insurance.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHOENIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Established 1732 Assets £30,000,000
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

NORGE
for refrigeration

COLUMBIA RADIO
British and Best

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36868 10535

Bigger and Better

The 1940 Plymouth has a longer wheelbase, and 12 cubic feet more interior space than its predecessor. This spells C-O-M-F-O-R-T.

MARK L. MOODY
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
80 Avenue Edward VII
Telephone 13083
After We Sell—WE SERVE

2,000 TEETH
to bite the road
Buy
DUNLOP TYRES
Made in England

Office:
117 Hongkong Road, Telephone 13413 10568

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED
(Established 1880)

CAPITAL (fully paid-up) Y100,000,000
RESERVE FUND Y140,900,000

Head Offices: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
Shanghai Branch: 24 THE BUND
Branches

Alexandria	Karachi	Rio de Janeiro
Bangkok	Kobe	Samarang
Batavia	London	San Francisco
Berlin	Los Angeles	Seattle
Bombay	Manila	Shanghai
Calcutta	Moji	Singapore
Canton	Mukden	Sourabaya
Changchaikow	Nagasaki	Sydney
Dairen	Nagoya	Tientsin
Hamburg	New York	Tokyo
Hankow	Osaka	Tokyo
Harbin	Otaru	(Marunouchi)
Hongkong	Paris	Tsingtao
Honolulu	Peking	Yingkow
Hsinking	Rangoon	

G. KISHINAMI *Manager*

華儀銀行有限公司
OVERSEA-CHINESE BANKING CORPORATION, LTD.
(Incorporated in the Straits Settlements)
120 Kiukiang Road

CAPITAL:
AUTHORIZED Sts. Currency $40,000,000
PAID-UP Sts. Currency $10,000,000

Successors to
The Ho Hong Bank, Ltd,
The Chinese Commercial Bank, Ltd.
The Oversea-Chinese Bank, Ltd.
Head Office—SINGAPORE
Branches and Correspondents in the Principal Cities of the World

Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business transacted.

C. L. TAN, *Manager*

Positions Wanted

How better can one inform the world that one's services are available? A clear statement of one's abilities often results in securing a position. A specially low rate is made for advertisements of this nature on our Classified page.

Some Suffer in Silence
The Sensible Seek Safety in
SANUS

The ideal Saline Water from
The Aquarius Company

44 FOOCHOW ROAD TELEPHONE 17589

THE YANGTSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
transacts
MARINE, FIRE, MOTOR CAR, ACCIDENT INSURANCE
Telephone 12981 26 The Bund

SHANGHAI DIRECTORY

July 1940

No office can function properly without the aid of the Shanghai Directory, for its pages contain easy and immediate reference to Firms, Residences, Agencies, Telephone Numbers, Events and Who's Who.

Per copy $15 *(with Map of Shanghai $18)*

Publishers:
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD.
17 The Bund Telephone 11055

COMMERCIAL PRINTING
UNDERTAKEN BY
The Printing Department of the "North-China Daily News"

Articles of Association	Book Binding
Dividend Warrants	Catalogues
Share Certificates	Stationery
Account Books	Loose Leaf Ledgers
Reports and Accounts	Freight Tariffs
Minutes of Annual Meetings	Trade Circulars
Three Colour Reproductions	Private Codes. etc.

THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai, China. Telephone 11055, Extension 5

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Meteorological Reports	Aug. 7 16.00	Aug. 7 21.00	Aug. 8 4.00	Aug. 8 9.00
Barometer inches	29.83	29.87	29.87	29.87
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.08	+0.07	+0.07	+0.02
at 32 F. („ 12 hrs.)	+0.03	+0.02	+0.04	0.00
Wind (direction)	NNE	NNE	NE	SE
„ (miles per hour)	10.6	6.8	3.7	4.3
Temperature (Fahr.)	80.°6	77.°0	77.°0	81.°3
Humidity %	88	97	94	87
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	10	9	10
Rainfall inches	0.79	0.00	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report Aug. 7	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.84	+0.06	29.67
Temp. Min. 76.°8 Max. 86.°5	81.°7	—4.°0	81.°5
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	21.06	0.79	29.00

Time and Tide	9/8	10/8	11/8	12/8	13/8	14/8	15/8
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.15	5.16	5.16	5.16	5.17	5.18	5.19
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.43	18.42	18.41	18.40	18.39	18.38	18.37
Moon rises at Shanghai	20.56	11.59	13.01	14.00	14.57	15.48	16.35
Moon sets at Shanghai	12.28	23.15	—	0.01	0.52	1.45	2.40
Flood makes Shai, 6 to 18	14.00	14.12	15.30	16.25	17.44	7.05	8.18
Ebb, makes Shai, 6 to 18	6.45	7.21	8.05	9.00	10.20	12.34	13.25
H. W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	15.48	16.50	17.48	6.07	7.53	9.21	10.20
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	10.48	9.65	8.50	7.08	6.40	7.20	8.13

THE WEATHER
(See top left)

State on the morning of the 7th:—High and steady pressure over Japan and China. Variable winds along the China Coast. Cloudy and hot weather with showers.

State on the morning of the 8th:—Cloudy and very damp weather. South-easterly breezes. High and steady pressure.

POST OFFICE NOTICES
(See top right)

The following times apply to the Head Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

FRIDAY, August 9.	Reg.	Ord.
Nantung	14.30	15.00
Tsingtao Weihaiwei Chefoo and Tientsin	18.30	19.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
Swatow	19.30	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00
SATURDAY, August 10.		
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	7.15
Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin	*20.00	7.15
Aust. N.Z. Manila and Java Ports	Ax*20.00	8.00
Amoy Hongkong Canton.	x*20.00	8.00
Formosa via Keelung	*20.00	8.30
Swatow and Canton	x 8.30	9.00
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00
Amoy	19.30	20.00
SUNDAY, August 11.		
Japan via Kobe and Honolulu	*20.00	9.30
Amoy and Swatow	x*20.00	9.30
Hongkong and Canton	x 9.30	10.00
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki, Canada U.S.A. and Europe via Pacific	B 16.00	16.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.00	19.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 16.00 on 9th.
B Parcel mail for U.S.A., Canada and Europe, closes at 16.00 on 10th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Z Parcel mail only.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 1 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office daily at 12.30 p.m. and 10 p.m.
Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.
Canton per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 8.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.
Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.
Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kaigan, Shanhaikwan, Tungshan, Shikiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hwa Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.
Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Via S.H.N.R. 1.30 p.m.; for Sungkiang and Hangchow 1.30 p.m. and 10.30 p.m.
North Pinghan and Lunghai Line (Chenghsien and east thereof) 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Wuhu, Tatung, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia despatched per steamer via Nanking and T'sin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains. (For time of closing, see above).

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

The European Refugee Maternity Ward.

IN MEMORY OF MR. A. J. RICHARDSON
B. S. Barbash 10

I. C. Milk Fund

Figdor Julius 9
Memory of Leo Karpen 11.75
Ritter Dr. Ernst 15
Instead of doctor's fees Donath Kurt 8

S.S.P.C.A.

Miss Elaine Conant 50

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED by British firm a stenographer of British nationality. Please state age, qualifications, experience and salary required. Applications to Box 1109, NCDN. 10673

WANTED immediately, foreigner / Chinese accountant. State previous experience, salary expected. Reply to Box 1094, NCDN. -2037

STENOGRAPHER — beginner, small salary to start. Also Chinese salesgirl, or Eurasian salesgirl to work in store. Box 1093 NCDN. -2036

WANTED, clerk able to take shorthand, typewriting, general office work. Apply 2 Peking Road, Room 417. -2030

WANTED, English-speaking Japanese for sales work. Salary and commission. Apply giving all details, age, education, telephone number. Box 1111, NCDN. 10676

WANTED, three ambitious, neat-appearing young ladies for sales work. Must speak English. Salary and commission. Write all details, age, education, experience, telephone or address. Box 1112, NCDN. 10676

WANTED three ambitious, neat-appearing young men for sales work. Must speak English. Salary and commission.. Write all details, age, education, experience, telephone or address. Box 1113, NCDN. 10676

WANTED immediately, lady-secretary, must be efficient. Good salary. Apply Suite 1111 Park Hotel, between 5 and 7 p.m. -1969

REQUIRED, stenographer, with some experience, for British firm. Apply giving full particulars and salary expected to Box 1072, NCDN. 10659

WANTED, Chinese clerk for British manufacturing concern. Must be quick and accurate at figures and have good references. Address Box 1066, NCDN. 10657

WANTED, young Chinese salesman or a lady with good knowledge of English. Post Office Box 809. -1939

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of nine dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $1.25.

FEMALE stenographer (beginner) typist, general office assistant, open for engagement. Box 1078, NCDN. -2016

FOREIGN lady, 26, with experience seeks position as nurse in good foreign family. References and testimonials available. Address Box 1082, NCDN. -2019

YOUNG British lady (23) seeks immediate position in commercial field. Holds Matriculation Certificate, has fair knowledge typing (Gregg certificate) slight knowledge shorthand, writes and speaks perfect French. Address Box 1077, NCDN. -2014

ENGLISH-German stenographer, French typist, experienced, wants part-time employment. Telephone 45460, Room 204. -2027

LADY secretary-stenographer with four years' experience, seeks employment for half or full day. Box 1059, NCDN -1979

YOUNG lady stenotypist, seeks position. Salary no object. Box 1061, NCDN. -1976

LADY steno-typist wants position as secretary or office assistant. Address Box 1053, NCDN. -1964

MASTER mariner, 36, excellent references, wants position. Box 1054, NCDN. -1966

FIGUEIREDO'S School can recommend steno-typists: beginners, experienced, 54 Garden Apartments. 1173/11 Babbling Well Road. 10564

YOUNG girl seeks position as governess for English or American family. Salary no consideration. Address Box 1034, NCDN. -1935

TRAINED nurses, also male nurses available. Apply to the I.C., Sassoon Arcade. 10646

Business Opportunities

AMERICAN importer desires connections with well-established wholesale exporting firms of sundry art and novelty merchandise. Reply Importer, Box 1104 NCDN.

BREAD and cake bakery with good turnover, for sale. Address Box 1036, NCDN. -1936

Radios

RECORD Super models 1940: Six American tubes, American loudspeaker, US$12.50. Flawless reception of Europe guaranteed. Demonstration without obligation. Repairs by European expert. Radio Record, 8 Chusan Road. Telephone 51262; 1916 Avenue Joffre. Telephone 73109. -1958

HIRE, sale and reliable repairs, every kind of radio. Universal Radio Co., 232 Nanking Road, Telephone 19225-74646. 10585

TELEPHONE 71276 for radio sales, service, European workmanship. Brunswick Show Room, 1222 Avenue Joffre. -1574

Cameras

CONTAFLEX F2 Sonnar lens, new, catalogue US$340, immediate sale $2,700. Box 1107, NCDN. -2063

CAMERA for sale: Certo Dollina, F2.9 for $650; Reflecta, F4.5 for $150. Apply to telephone 84389 or Room 601, 147 Avenue Edward VII. -2058

BARGAIN: Private owner's following Leica accessories: Elmar Telelens 9 cm. (50 per cent less) US$25 only; flash light equipment, $85 only. Box 1070 NCDN. -2000

FOR SALE, Leica F2 model 3A, perfect condition with Sixtus exposure meter. Price US$105. No offers. Box 1041, NCDN. -1944

Dancing

PROFESSOR Waldemar, famous teacher in ballroom, ballet, tap dances, gives private /class lessons. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -1990

For Sale—Miscellaneous

OIL tanks, diameter 8 feet, height 12 feet, capacity about 4,500 gallons. Address Box 1081, NCDN. -2018

FOR SALE, portable Columbia gramophone, as new, with 19 records. Telephone 38780. -2085

GAS RANGE cooker and roaster, several electrical implements, hair-dryer, vacuum-cleaner, cooking rings, ice-box, low-priced. Loeff, 146 Kinchow Road. -2025

ELECTRIC range, three rings, one baking and roasting attachment, practically new, at bargain price. Loeff, 146 Kinchow Road. -2024

SECONDHAND furniture, carpets, etc. bargain sale/highest prices paid by Feiner's, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. 10561

FOR SALE, Singer machine and lady's fur-coat (American cat), 129/20 Avenue Haig, telephone 74256, between 6-7 p.m. or Box 1045, NCDN. -1949

7½ cub. ft. Westinghouse refrigerator, $2,000. Condition as new. Telephone 74634 (1 to 4 p.m.) 10644

G.E. refrigerator, about 6 cu. ft., transformer included, perfect working order and condition. Apply 400/4 Route Ferguson, telephone 77051. -1985

BABY grand-piano, Challen, London, perfect condition. Apply, 181 Avenue Dubail, Apartment 307, between 9-12 a.m., 4-6 p.m. -1931

NICK'S secondhand furniture shop. Buying selling: furniture, carpets, refrigerators, etc. Telephone 73937, 146 Route des Soeurs. House 3. -897

SINGER sewing machines, new and slightly used, reasonable prices. Room 138 Hamilton House. -1740

ONE second-hand 10 h.p. Fairbanks-Morse semi-Diesel engine, horizontal type, single cylinder, 450 r.p.m. with belt-driven 7½ KW dynamo, 110 v., d.c. In good working condition. Offers to Box 1037, NCDN. 10637

TISSON, gold watch with gold chain, modern fashion, moderate price. Private. Box 1030, NCDN. -1925

WOODEN statuettes by best-known European artists. Bargain prices. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Arts. -1755

Motor Cars and Cycles

FOR SALE, 1939 Studebaker Champion. US$925 or nearest offer, used three months. Inquire Mr. Wong, telephone 34499. -2009

USUAL bargain, Packard 1933 club sedan, 127 wheelbase, in perfect condition, run actually only 10,600 miles (car has been in storage). Price US$450. No brokers. Reply Box 1083, NCDN. 10664

LINCOLN Zephyr 1936 model 4-door sedan, in excellent condition, good paint, tyres, upholstery, motor. Price including radio US$800. Please reply Box 1084, NCDN. 10664

1932 Morris Minor small sedan, all in A1 condition, US$160. No dealers, telephone 18297 office hours. -2049

WANTED, late model American car from private owner. Address Box 1101, NCDN. -2047

FOR SALE, 1939, Ford V8, 60 h.p., saloon, in excellent condition, owner driven. Price US$1,000. Box 1105 NCDN. -2057

FOR SALE, 1940 Nash with radio and extras, not over 3,000 miles at US$1,320. Telephone 12871, Mr. Wong, 12 to 2.30 p.m. -2040

IMMEDIATE sale: Ford, snappy coupe, four-seater, four-cylinder, economical, perfect condition. $10,300 cash. No dealers. Telephone 62897. 10667

FORD coupe four-cylinder, good mechanical condition, economical. Owner leaving, 802 Rue Ratard, entrance King Terrace. Mealtimes. -2015

1940 Austin-8 saloon offer; 1936/5 Balilla saloon US$450; 1933 Plymouth sedan US$275. Full guarantee. Auto Exchange, 333 Avenue du Roi Albert, Telephone 79021. -2007

1939 Fiat 6-cylinder sedan, low gas consumption, A1 condition, new battery, still has guarantee. US$800. Address Box 1096, NCDN. -2039

FOR SALE, Lincoln Zephyr, convertible coupe, 5-seater, 1939, unique in Shanghai (no similar stock at present) Special body with radio, heater, defroster, sportlight. Used 3834 miles only. Spares unused. Condition as new. Price US$1,950 or nearest offer. (Costs new US$2,800). Address Box 1089, NCDN. -2029

FOR SALE, Ford roadster, 1934 Baby Ford coach, 1934 Chevrolet sedan, 1932 Nash coupe, Austin touring. Pacific Motors, 863 Avenue Foch, telephone 74500. -2060

FOR SALE, 1934 Chevrolet coupe in excellent condition. 20,000 miles, US $450. Address Box 1063, NCDN. -1993

FOR SALE, four-ton truck, 1938 Chevrolet, in perfect mechanical condition, US$600. Telephone 16437 from 9½—10 and 2-3. -1997

BRAND-NEW, 1940 Buick Super 51. Never used. Heater. Seat covers Sacrifice: US$1,550. No offers. No dealers. Telephone 78883 p.m. -2052

FOR SALE, Morris Major 1933, excellent condition, leather upholstery, US$220 or nearest offer. Address Box 1071, NCDN. 10658

Office Cars

LIFT offered for three persons, in closed car, office hours. Avenue Petain/Bund. Box 1032, NCDN. -1953

Educational

GERMAN lessons wanted by Chinese gentleman. Please state terms to Box 1085, NCDN. -2022

SHANGHAI dialect given by well-educated Chinese lady. Box 1048, NCDN. -2059

SPANISH lessons wanted, two/three times weekly, in Hongkew district. Address Post Office Box 1703. -2042

COMPLETE commercial course, shorthand (Gregg/Pitman), typewriting, English, commercial correspondence, bookkeeping, coding, filing. Students prepared for Pitman, Gregg and London Chamber of Commerce examinations. Class or individual tuition. Moderate fees. Apply Mrs. Sweeney, Steno-Typist Academy, 173/301 Seymour Road. 10453

Lost

LOST, Customs identification cards Nos. 2091, 2099, Hell Divers Feature Trailer. Declared null, void, -1753

AMERICAN dollars Savings Account Passbook No. 6847, issued by The Chase Bank in the name of Mr. C. A. Dekkers, was stolen and hereby declared as null and void. -1927

LOST, demand draft No. 7752 of Oversea-Chinese Banking Corp. on Batavia for Fls. 182.88 in favour Java-China-Japan Lijn. The public is hereby warned against negotiating same, which is declared null and void. -1938

STOLEN, on August 5, one endorsed delivery order (No. 2), marked Y.T.T.C. Ltd. in diamond, underneath Shanghai, China, chopped by Customs, issued by K.K.K., covering 1286 cases leaf tobacco ex Kinka Maru and consigned to Yee Tsoong Tobacco Co., Ltd. Such document is hereby declared null and void. 10634

Fabrics and Clothing

TOWELS, Ship and Machine brands. Face towels, bath towels, bath mats and towelling, etc. First-grade quality at moderate prices. Manufactured by The Tuck Chong Weaving Factory, Office 10 Wongkashaw Gardens (Ave. Road, Carter Road east). Telephone 37024. -466

LATEST lace turbans $1.60; crochet gloves $1.80; guest towels 75 cents; filet gloves 50 cents; Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 10655

SHIRTS made to measure. English cellular, ½ sleeve, $18.50. Snowdrift, $22. Supertwill, $28. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 10541

RED-SHEETS, best imported qualities, 2 x 2½ yd. $12.30, 2 x 3 yd. $14.40 each. Box 928, NCDN. -1750

LIQUIDATING at cost: English suitings, 100 per cent. wool, suitable for suits and ladies' costumes. Razon's, Central Road. 10543

Wanted to Purchase

ELECTRIC motor a.c., three-phase, slipring type, 15 h.p. Address Box 1080, NCDN. -2018

WANTED buy, secondhand suits shoes, clothing, dresses, etc. Telephone 34663, Mr. Engel. -2030

BABY'S secondhand high chair, also pen. Box 1095, NCDN. -2038

ADVERTISER buys men's, ladies', children's used garments, shoes, underwear, wallets, trunks, bedding, napery, household implements of every description, carpets, everything of any use, even in damaged condition. Box 418, NCDN. -1972

Wanted to Rent

WANTED to rent, unfurnished or furnished house, western district preferably Hungjao area. Address Box 1076, NCDN. -2011

ENGLISH couple require apartment/flat, end September, two/three rooms within rickshaw distance of Bund. Furnished/unfurnished. No key-money. Kindly write Box 1079, NCDN, or telephone 75892 between 1-3 p.m. -2017

WANTED, detached house (English family) inside perimeter, garden/garage. Willing buy fittings/furniture if necessary. Address Box 1090, NCDN. -2031

REQUIRED three/five-roomed apartment/house by responsible party. Pay best price for furniture or key-money. Telephone 14336, 10-3. -2062

WANTED, two-roomed flat (preferably attic floor), Seymour Road. Willing pay key-money. Write particulars re rent and key-money wanted to Box 1106, NCDN. -2061

SEPTEMBER 1. Bachelor wants board, lodging private bath, in quiet house. Box 1108, NCDN. -2064

WANTED, small house with garden, Hungjao district, from October/November. Address Box 1092, NCDN. -2034

WANTED by responsible party, 1½-2 roomed apartment, furnished/unfurnished, reasonable terms. Apply Box 1087, NCDN. -2026

APARTMENT wanted. Before October 1, unfurnished, with two bedrooms, within a mile of American School. Yearly lease if desired. U.S. dollar basis. Reply Box 1110, NCDN. 10675

RESPONSIBLE Netherlands couple with child, seek good board, lodging, garden, in private house. Box 1055, NCDN. -1966

WANTED, one or two rooms with a garage, from September 1, or earlier. French Concession preferred. Telephone 75672, from 12-2 p.m. 10649

THREE/four-roomed apartment, furnished/unfurnished, all modern conveniences, preferably with garden, wanted by responsible party. Address Box 923, NCDN. -1723

REQUIRED, two/four-roomed apartment, or small house by responsible party. Willing pay key-money. Telephone 72782. -1763

UNFURNISHED apartment with two bedrooms, wanted by reliable American resident of Shanghai, October first or sooner. Post Office Box 1537, Shanghai. 10490

TWO-ROOMED, self-contained modern apartment, unfurnished. By responsible Shanghai resident, willing to accept reasonable terms. Box 1050, NCDN. -1956

URGENTLY required, small two/three-roomed flat. Willing to pay reasonable sum for fixtures, furniture, Box 1029, NCDN. -1924

Personal

CHINESE lady wishes meet foreigner, view friendship and teaching Shanghai dialect. Apply 234 Kungping Road. -2052

FOREIGN bachelor wishes to meet good-looking educated Chinese lady of good family, for companionship. Box 1100, NCDN. -2046

CHINESE lady, well-educated, good family, wishes to meet reliable gentleman (bachelor only), aged 28-40, highly-educated, sound health, good position; for friendship. Box 1073, NCDN. -2004

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